

Open Peer Review on Qeios

The association of smoking status with SARS-CoV-2 infection, hospitalisation and mortality from COVID-19: A living rapid evidence review with Bayesian meta-analyses (version 7)

David Simons¹, Lion Shahab², Jamie Brown², Olga Perski²

- 1 Royal Veterinary College, RVC
- 2 University College London, University of London

Funding: The author(s) received no specific funding for this work.

Potential competing interests: The author(s) declared that no potential competing interests exist.

Abstract

Aims: To estimate the association of smoking status with rates of i) infection, ii) hospitalisation, iii) disease severity, and iv) mortality from SARS-CoV-2/COVID-19 disease.

Design: Living rapid review of observational and experimental studies with random-effects hierarchical Bayesian metaanalyses. Published articles and pre-prints were identified via MEDLINE and medRxiv.

Setting: Community or hospital. No restrictions on location.

Participants: Adults who received a SARS-CoV-2 test or a COVID-19 diagnosis.

Measurements: Outcomes were SARS-CoV-2 infection, hospitalisation, disease severity and mortality stratified by smoking status. Study quality was assessed (i.e. 'good', 'fair' and 'poor').

Findings: Version 7 (searches up to 25 August 2020) included 233 studies with 32 'good' and 'fair' quality studies included in meta-analyses. Fifty-seven studies (24.5%) reported current, former and never smoking status. Recorded smoking prevalence among people with COVID-19 was generally lower than national prevalence. Current compared with never smokers were at reduced risk of SARS-CoV-2 infection (RR=0.74, 95% Credible Interval (CrI) = 0.58-0.93, τ = 0.41). Data for former smokers were inconclusive (RR=1.05, 95% CrI = 0.95-1.17, τ = 0.17) but favoured there being no important association (21% probability of RR \geq 1.1). Former compared with never smokers were at somewhat increased risk of hospitalisation (RR=1.20, CrI = 1.03-1.44, τ = 0.17), greater disease severity (RR=1.52, CrI = 1.13-2.07, τ = 0.29), and mortality (RR=1.39, 95% CrI = 1.09-1.87, τ = 0.27). Data for current smokers were inconclusive (RR=1.06, CrI = 0.82-1.35, τ = 0.27; RR=1.25, CrI = 0.85-1.93, τ = 0.34; RR=1.22, 95% CrI = 0.78-1.94, τ = 0.49



respectively) but favoured there being no important associations with hospitalisation and mortality (35% and 70% probability of RR \geq 1.1, respectively) and a small but important association with disease severity (79% probability of RR \geq 1.1).

Conclusions: Due to incomplete recording of smoking status, there is uncertainty about the associations of smoking with COVID-19 outcomes. Current smokers were at reduced risk of SARS-CoV-2 infection. Former smokers were at increased risk of hospitalisation, disease severity and mortality from COVID-19, while data for current smokers inconclusively favoured no large associations with these outcomes.

Introduction

COVID-19 is a respiratory disease caused by the SARS-CoV-2 virus. Large age and gender differences in case severity and mortality have been observed in the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic¹; however, these differences are currently unexplained. SARS-CoV-2 enters epithelial cells through the angiotensin-converting enzyme 2 (ACE-2) receptor². Some evidence suggests that gene expression and subsequent receptor levels are elevated in the airway and oral epithelium of current smokers^{3,4}, thus putting smokers at higher risk of contracting SARS-CoV-2. Other studies, however, suggest that nicotine downregulates the ACE-2 receptor⁵. These uncertainties notwithstanding, both former and current smoking is known to increase the risk of respiratory viral^{6,7} and bacterial^{8,9} infections and is associated with worse outcomes once infected. Cigarette smoke reduces the respiratory immune defence through peri-bronchiolar inflammation and fibrosis, impaired mucociliary clearance and disruption of the respiratory epithelium¹⁰. There is also reason to believe that behavioural factors (e.g. regular hand-to-mouth movements) involved in smoking may increase SARS-CoV-2 infection and transmission in current smokers. However, early data from the COVID-19 pandemic have not provided clear evidence for a negative impact of current or former smoking on SARS-CoV-2 infection or COVID-19 disease outcomes, such as hospitalisation or mortality¹¹. It has also been hypothesised that nicotine might protect against a hyper-inflammatory response to SARS-CoV-2 infection, which may lead to adverse outcomes in patients with COVID-19 disease¹².

There are several reviews that fall within the scope of smoking and COVID-19^{11,13–18}. We aimed to produce a rapid synthesis of available evidence pertaining to the rates of infection, hospitalisation, disease severity and mortality from SARS-CoV-2/COVID-19 stratified by smoking status. Given the increasing availability of data on this topic, this is a living review with regular updates. As evidence accumulates, the review will be expanded to include studies reporting COVID-19 outcomes by alternative nicotine use (e.g., nicotine replacement therapy or e-cigarettes).

Methods

Study design

This is a living evidence review which is updated as new evidence becomes available 19. We adopted recommended best



practice for rapid evidence reviews, which involved limiting the search to main databases and having one reviewer extract the data and another verify²⁰. This study was not pre-registered but evolved from a report written for a UK medical society²¹. The most recent (and all future) version(s) of this living review is available here (https://www.qeios.com/read/latest-UJR2AW). A completed Preferred Reporting Items for Systematic Reviews and Meta-Analyses (PRISMA) checklist is included in Supplementary file 1.

Eligibility criteria

Studies were included if they:

- 1) Were primary research studies using experimental (e.g. randomised controlled trial), quasi-experimental (e.g. preand post-test) or observational (e.g. case-control, retrospective cohort, prospective cohort) study designs;
- 2) Included adults aged 16+ years;
- 3) Recorded as outcome i) results of a SARS-CoV-2 diagnostic test (including antibody assays), ii) clinical diagnosis of COVID-19, iii) hospitalisation with COVID-19, iv) severity of COVID-19 disease in those hospitalised or v) mortality from COVID-19:
- 4) Reported any of the outcomes of interest by self-reported or biochemically verified smoking status (e.g. current smoker, former smoker, never smoker) or current vaping and nicotine replacement therapy (NRT) use;
- 5) Were available in English;
- 6) Were published in a peer-reviewed journal, as a pre-print or a public health report by reputable agents (e.g. governments, scientific societies).

Search strategy

The following terms were searched for in Ovid MEDLINE (2019-search date) as free text or Medical Subject Headings:

- 1. Tobacco Smoking/ or Smoking Cessation/ or Water Pipe Smoking/ or Smoking Pipes/ or Cigar Smoking/ or Smoking Prevention/ or Cigarette Smoking/ or smoking.mp. or Pipe Smoking/ or Smoking, Non-Tobacco Products/ or Smoking Water Pipes/
- 2. Nicotine/ or nicotine.mp. or Electronic Nicotine Delivery Systems/ or Nicotine Chewing Gum/
- 3. vaping.mp. or Vaping/
- 4. 1 or 2 or 3
- 5. Coronavirus/ or Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome/ or Coronavirus Infections/ or covid.mp.
- 6. 4 and 5

The following terms were searched for in titles, abstracts and full texts in medRxiv (no time limitations):

covid (this term captures both covid and SARS-CoV-2) AND smoking



covid AND nicotine covid AND vaping

Additional articles/reports of interest were identified through mailing lists, Twitter, the International Severe Acute Respiratory and Emerging Infection Consortium (ISARIC) and the US Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). Where updated versions of pre-prints or public health reports were available, old versions were superseded.

Selection of studies

One reviewer screened titles, abstracts and full texts against the inclusion criteria.

Data extraction

Data were extracted by one reviewer and verified (i.e. independently checked against pre-prints and published reports) by another on i) author (year); ii) date published; iii) country; iv) study design; v) study setting; vi) sample size; vii) sex; viii) age; ix) smoking status (e.g. current, former, never, not stated, missing); x) use of alternative nicotine products; xi) SARS-CoV-2 testing; xii) SARS-CoV-2 infection; xiii) diagnosis of COVID-19; xiv) hospitalisation with COVID-19; xv) disease severity in those hospitalised with COVID-19; and xvi) mortality.

Quality appraisal

The quality of included studies was assessed to determine suitability for inclusion in meta-analyses. Studies were judged as 'good' quality if they: i) had <20% missing data on smoking status and used a reliable self-report measure that distinguished between current, former and never smoking status; AND ii) used biochemical verification of smoking status and reported results from adjusted analyses; OR reported data from a representative/random sample. Studies were rated as 'fair' if they fulfilled only criterion i) and were otherwise rated as 'poor'. The quality appraisal was conducted by one reviewer and verified by a second.

Evidence synthesis

A narrative synthesis was conducted. Data from 'good' and 'fair' quality studies were pooled in R v.3.6.3²². In a living review where new data are regularly added to the analyses, it may be more appropriate to use a Bayesian (as opposed to frequentist) approach where prior knowledge is used in combination with new data to estimate a posterior risk distribution. A Bayesian approach mitigates against the issue of performing multiple statistical tests, which can inflate family-wise error. A series of random-effects hierarchical Bayesian meta-analyses were performed with the $brms^{23}$ package to estimate the relative risk for each comparison with accompanying 95% credible intervals (Crls). We first defined prior distributions for the true pooled effect size (μ) and the between-study heterogeneity (τ), with μ specified as a normal distribution with a



mean equal to the derived point estimate from each comparison of interest in the immediately preceding version of this living review²⁴, and τ specified as a half-Cauchy distribution with a mean of 0 and standard deviation of 1. The half-Cauchy distribution was selected to reflect prior knowledge that high levels of between-study heterogeneity are more likely than lower levels. Markov Chain Monte Carlo methods (20,000 burn-ins followed by 80,000 iterations) were then used to generate a risk distribution for each study, in addition to a pooled effect for the posterior risk distribution. We report forest plots with the pooled effect for the posterior risk distribution displayed as the median relative risk with an accompanying 95% Crls. We used the empirical cumulative distribution function (ECDF) to estimate the probability of there being a 10% reduction or 10% increase in relative risk (RR) (i.e. RR \geq 1.1 or RR \leq 0.9). Due to a lack of indication as to what constitutes a clinically or epidemiologically meaningful effect (e.g. with regards to onward disease transmission or requirements for intensive care beds), we deemed a 10% change in risk as small but important. Where data were inconclusive (as indicated by Crls crossing RR = 1.0), to disambiguate whether data favoured no effect or there being a small but important association, we estimated whether there was \geq 75% probability of RR \geq 1.1 or RR \leq 0.9.

Two sensitivity analyses were performed. First, a minimally informative prior for μ was specified as a normal distribution with a mean of 0 and standard deviation of 1 and τ as described above. Second, an informative prior as described above for μ was used with τ specified as a half-Cauchy distribution with a mean of 0.3 and standard deviation of 1 to reflect greater between-study heterogeneity.

To aid in the visualisation of smoking prevalence in the included studies, 95% bootstrap percentile confidence intervals were calculated for each study. We performed 1,000 bootstrap replications, with the 2.5th and 97.5th percentiles of the empirical distribution forming the 95% bootstrap percentile confidence intervals²⁵ (CIs). It should be noted that prevalence estimates in the included studies were not adjusted for age, sex, socioeconomic position, or region within countries.

Results

In the current review version (v7) with searches up to 25 August 2020, a total of 347 new records were identified, with 233 studies included in a narrative synthesis and 32 studies included in meta-analyses (see Figure 1).



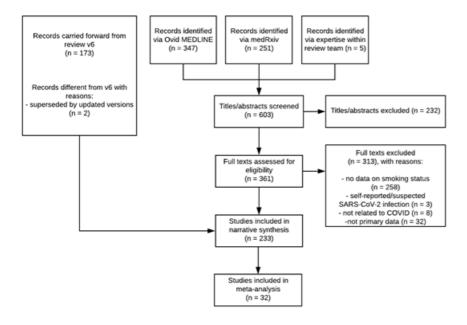


Figure 1. PRISMA flow diagram of included studies.

Study characteristics

Characteristics of included studies are presented in Table 1. Studies were conducted across 33 countries. Sixty-two studies were conducted in the US, 53 in China, 26 in the UK, 13 in Spain, 12 in Mexico, 11 in France, seven in Italy, six across multiple international sites, four in Brazil and Iran, three in Israel and Turkey, two in Bangladesh, Chile, Denmark, Finland, India, Japan and Qatar and one from 15 further countries (see Supplementary figure S1). The majority of studies used observational designs (see Supplementary table S1). One-hundred-and-fifty-five studies were conducted in hospital settings, 62 studies included a community component in addition to hospitalised patients and 14 studies were conducted exclusively in the community, one in a quarantine centre and one did not state the study setting. Studies had a median of 404 (interquartile range = 115-1,631) participants. The majority of studies (93.5%) used reverse transcriptase polymerase chain reaction (RT-PCR) for confirmation of SARS-CoV-2 infection, 2.6% used an antibody test to confirm prior infection, and 3.9% further studies relied on a combination of RT-PCR and clinical diagnosis (see Supplementary table S1).

Smoking status

Categorisation of smoking status was heterogeneous (see Table 1). One-hundred-and-forty-five studies collected data on smoking status through routine electronic health records (EHRs), 59 studies used a bespoke case report form for COVID-19 and 29 studies did not state the source for information on smoking status. None of the studies verified smoking status biochemically. Notably, only 57 (24.4%) studies reported current, former and never smoking status (see Supplementary table S2a), with a further 17 studies reporting ever and never smoking status (see Supplementary table S2b). The remaining 159 studies reported current, current/former or current and former smoking status but did not explicitly state



whether remaining participants were never smokers or if data were missing on smoking status (see Supplementary table S2c). Seventy-eight studies explicitly reported the proportion with missing data on smoking status, which ranged from 0.08% to 96.4%.

Use of alternative nicotine products

Five studies recorded the use of alternative nicotine products in current and/or former smokers but did not report COVID-19 outcomes stratified by nicotine use^{26–30}.

Quality appraisal

One study was performed in a random, representative population sample and was rated as 'good' quality. Forty-six studies were rated as 'fair' quality. The remaining 186 studies were rated as 'poor' quality (see Table 1).

Table 1: Characteristics of included studies

Ref.	Lead author	Date published	Country	Sample size	Study setting	Median (IQR)	Female %	Current smoker %	Former smokers %	Current/former smokers %	Never smokers %	Never/unknown smokers %	Missing %	Study quality
1	Guan, Ni	2020-02- 28	China	1,099	Hospital	47 (35-58)	41.9	12.5	1.9	-	84.3	-	1.27	fair
50	Guan, Liang	2020-03- 26	China	1,590	Hospital	49 (33-64)	42.7	-	-	7.0	93.0	-	0.00	poor
51	Lian	2020-03- 25	China	788	Hospital	NA	38.5	6.9	-	-	-	-	93.15	poor
52	Jin	2020-03- 24	China	651	Hospital	46 (32-60)	49.2	6.3	-	-	-	-	93.70	poor
53	Chen	2020-03- 26	China	548	Hospital	62 (44-70)	37.6	4.4	2.6	-	-	-	93.07	poor
54	Zhou, Yu	2020-03- 11	China	191	Hospital	56 (46-67)	38.0	5.8	-	-	-	-	94.24	poor
55	Мо	2020-03- 16	China	155	Hospital	54 (53-66)	44.5	3.9	-	-	-	-	96.13	poor
56	Zhang, Dong	2020-02- 19	China	140	Hospital	57^ (25-87)	46.3	1.4	5.0	-	-	-	93.57	poor
57	Wan	2020-03- 21	China	135	Hospital	47 (36-55)	46.7	6.7	-	-	-	-	93.33	poor
58	Liu, Tao	2020-02- 28	China	78	Hospital	38 (33-57)	50.0	-	-	6.4	-	-	93.59	poor
59	Huang, Wang	2020-01- 24	China	41	Hospital	49 (41-58)	27.0	7.3	-	-	-	-	92.68	poor
60	Zhang, Cai	2020-03- 20	China	645	Hospital	NA	49.1	6.4	-	-	-	-	93.64	poor
61	Guo	2020-03- 27	China	187	Hospital	59 (45-73)	51.3	9.6	-	-	-	-	90.37	poor
62	Liu, Ming	2020-03- 12	China	41	Hospital	39 (30-48)	58.5	9.8	-	-	-	-	90.24	poor
63	Huang, Yang	2020-03- 05	China	36	Hospital	69 (60-78)	30.6	-	-	11.1	-	-	88.89	poor
64	Xu	2020-03- 08	China	53	Hospital	NA	47.2	11.3	-	-	-	-	88.68	poor
65	Li	2020-02- 12	China	17	Hospital	45 (33-57)	47.1	17.6	-	-	-	-	82.35	poor



31	Rentsch	2020-04-	ISA	3,528	Community	66	4.6	27.2	30.6	_	36.9	- 5.30	fair			
66	Hu	2020-03-	hina		Hasnital	(60-70) 61^	48.6	27.2	30.0	11.8	30.5	- 88.24	poor			
67	Wang, Pan	2020-03-	hina		Harnital	(23-91) 41	43.2		_	12.8		- 87.20	poor			
	Chow (US CDC)	2020-03-	ISA	7,162	Community	(26-66)	-	1.3	2.3		-	- 96.36	poor			
60	Dong, Cao	2020-03-	hina		Hornital	NA 44	66.7	11.1	_	_	-	- 88.89	poor			
70		2020-04-	outh Korea		Mornital	(30-46) 43 (30-56)	46.4	17.9	-	_	-	- 82.14	poor			
71	Shi, Yu	2020-02-	hina	487	Harnital	46 (27-65)	46.8	-	-	8.2		- 91.79	poor			
72	Yang, Yu	2020-02-	hina	52	Harnital	60 (47-73)	37.0	3.8	-			- 96.15	poor			
73	Argenziano	2020-05-	ISA	1,000	Hospital	63 (50-75)	40.4	4.9	17.9		77.2	- 0.00	fair			
74	Solis	2020-04-	Mexico	650	Managani	46 (NA)	42.1	9.4	-	-	-	- 90.62	poor			
75	Richardson	2020-04- 22 U	ISA	5,700	Managani	63 (52-75)	39.7	-	-	9.8	52.8	- 37.42	poor			
76	Fontanet	2020-04- 23 Fr	rance	661	Community and Hospital	37 (16-47)	62.0	10.4	-	-	-	89.6 0.00	poor			
77	Zheng, Gao	2020-04- 19	hina	66	Hospital	47^ (NA)	25.8	12.1	-	-	-	- 87.88	poor			
78	Liao, Feng	2020-04- 24 C	hina	1,848	Hospital	55 (48-61)	54.7		-	0.4	-	- 99.57	poor			
79	Gil-Agudo	2020-04- 24 Sp	pain	7	Hospital	68 (34-75)	28.6	-	-	42.9	57.1	- 0.00	poor			
80	Shi, Ren	2020-04- 23 C	hina	134	Hospital	46 (34-58)	51.5	-	-	10.4	-	- 89.55	poor			
81	Hadjadj	25	rance	50	Hospital	55 (50-63)	22.0	2.0	18.0	-	80.0	- 0.00	fair			
82	Gold (US CDC)	2020-04- 20 U	ISA	305	Hospital	NA.	50.5	5.2	-	-	-	- 94.75	poor			
		2020	0-04-													
83	Yu, Cai	2020		China	95	Hospi	i+nl							-	91.58	poor
			27	a iii i a			itai	NA.	44.2	8.4	-				32.30	poor
84	Zheng, Xiong		0-04- 30 C	China	73			43^ (NA)	44.2 45.2	-	-	11.0	89.0	-	0.00	poor
84 85	Zheng, Xiong de la Rica		27 0-04- 30 C 0-05-			Hospi	ital	43^			-	11.0		-		
		2020 2020	0-04- 30 C 0-05- 11 S 0-05- 10 C	China	73	Hospi	ital	43^ (NA) 66^ (33-88) 73 (61-85)	45.2		-		-	-	0.00	poor
85	de la Rica	2020 2020	27 30 C 0-05- 11 S 0-05- 10 C	China Spain	73 48	Hospi Hospi Hospi	ital ital	43^ (NA) 66^ (33-88) 73	45.2 33.0	8.4 - - -		20.8	-	-	0.00 79.17	poor
85 86	de la Rica Yin, Yang	2020 2020 2020 2020	27 0-04- 30 C 0-05- 11 S 0-05- 10 C 0-05- 17 U	China pain China	73 48 106	Hospi Hospi Hospi Hospi Comr	ital ital	43^ (NA) 66^ (33-88) 73 (61-85) 63^ (44-82)	45.2 33.0 39.6	8.4 - - - 14.2		20.8 17.0	-	-	0.00 79.17 83.02	poor poor poor
85 86 87	de la Rica Yin, Yang Shi, Zuo	2020 2020 2020 2020	27 0-04 30 0-05- 11 0-05- 10 0-05- 17 0-05- 11	China Spain China USA	73 48 106 172	Hospi Hospi Hospi Comr	ital ital ital munity Hospital	43^ (NA) 66^ (33-88) 73 (61-85) 63^ (44-82)	45.2 33.0 39.6 44.0	-		20.8 17.0	- - 64.4	-	0.00 79.17 83.02 73.84	poor poor poor
85 86 87 88	de la Rica Yin, Yang Shi, Zuo Cho	2020 2020 2020 2020 2020	27 0-04- 30 0-05- 11 0-05- 17 0-05- 17 0-05- 11 0-05- 08 F	China Spain China USA	73 48 106 172 322,341	Hospi Hospi Hospi Comr and H	ital ital ital ital munity Hospital	43^ (NA) 66^ (33-88) 73 (61-85) 63^ (44-82) NA	45.2 33.0 39.6 44.0 49.2	14.2	21.4	20.8 17.0 26.2	- - 64.4		0.00 79.17 83.02 73.84 0.00	poor poor poor poor
85 86 87 88	de la Rica Yin, Yang Shi, Zuo Cho Allenbach	2020 2020 2020 2020 2020 2020	27 30 0-05- 11 0-05- 10 0-05- 17 0-05- 11 0-05- 0-05- 11 0-05- 0-05- 11 0-05- 0-05- 11 0-05- 11 0-05- 11 0-05- 11 0-05- 11 0-05- 11 0-05- 11 0-05- 11 0-05- 11 0-05- 11 0-05- 11 0-05- 11 0-05- 11 0-05- 11 0-05- 11 0-05- 11 0-05- 11 0-05- 11 0-05- 11 0-05-	China Ipain China JSA JK	73 48 106 172 322,341 152	Hospi Hospi Hospi Comr and Hospi Hospi Hospi Comr	ital ital ital ital munity Hospital	43^ (NA) 66^ (33-88) 73 (61-85) 63^ (44-82) NA 77 (60-83)	45.2 33.0 39.6 44.0 49.2 31.1	- 14.2	21.4	20.8 17.0 26.2 -	- - 64.4	-	0.00 79.17 83.02 73.84 0.00 93.42	poor poor poor fair poor
85 86 87 88 89	de la Rica Yin, Yang Shi, Zuo Cho Allenbach Robilotti The Opensafely	2020 2020 2020 2020 2020 2020	27 30 0-05- 11 0-05- 17 0-05- 11 0-05- 11 0-05- 11 0-05- 08 0-05- 11 0-05- 17 0-05- 11 0-05- 17 0-05- 11 0-05- 11 0-05- 17 0-05- 10 0-05- 11 0-05- 10 0-05- 10 0-05- 10 0-05- 10 0-05- 10 0-05- 10 0-05- 10 0-05- 10 0-05- 10 0-05- 10 0-05- 10 0-05- 10 0-05- 10 0-05- 10 0-05- 0-05	ipain DSA JK France	73 48 106 172 322,341 152 423	Hospi Hospi Hospi Comr and H	ital ital ital munity Hospital ital munity	43 [^] (NA) 66 [^] (33-88) 73 (61-85) 63 [^] (44-82) NA 77 (60-83)	45.2 33.0 39.6 44.0 49.2 31.1 50.0	14.2	21.4	20.8 17.0 26.2 -	- - 64.4 - 58.6 45.9		0.00 79.17 83.02 73.84 0.00 93.42 1.65	poor poor poor poor fair poor
85 86 87 88 89 90 91	de la Rica Yin, Yang Shi, Zuo Cho Allenbach Robilotti The Opensafely Collaborative	2020 2020 2020 2020 2020 2020 2020	27 30 0-04 30 0-05- 11 0-05- 10 0-05- 11 0-05- 08 0-05- 08 0-05- 08 0-05- 08 0-05- 08 0-05- 08 0-05- 0-05- 08 0-05- 08 0-05- 08 0-05- 08 0-05- 08 0-05- 08 08 08 08 08 08 08 08 08 08	china Ipain China JSA JK Irance	73 48 106 172 322,341 152 423 17,278,392	Hospi Hospi Hospi Hospi Hospi Comr and H Hospi Hospi Hospi Hospi Hospi	ital ital ital munity Hospital ital munity dospital	43^ (NA) 66^ (33-88) 73 (61-85) 63^ (44-82) NA 77 (60-83) NA	45.2 33.0 39.6 44.0 49.2 31.1 50.0	14.2	21.4 - 37.6 32.9	20.8 17.0 26.2 - 6.6	- 64.4 - 58.6 45.9		0.00 79.17 83.02 73.84 0.00 93.42 1.65 4.17	poor poor poor fair poor fair
85 86 87 88 89 90 91	de la Rica Yin, Yang Shi, Zuo Cho Allenbach Robilotti The Opensafely Collaborative Borobia Giacomelli	2020 2020 2020 2020 2020 2020 2020 202	27 0-04- 30 0-05- 11 S 0-05- 17 U 0-05- 11 U 0-05- 08 P 0-07- 01 U 0-05- 08 S 0-07- 01 U 0-05- 08 S 0-05- 08 S 0-05- 06 S 06 S 06 S 06 S 06 S 06 S 06 S 06 S 07 S 08 S 08 S 09 S 09 S 09 S 09 S 09 S 09 S 09 S 00 S	China Ipain China JSA JK Irance JSA JK	73 48 106 172 322,341 152 423 17,278,392 2,226	Hospi Hospi Hospi Hospi Hospi Comr and H Hospi Hospi Hospi Hospi Hospi Hospi	ital ital ital munity Hospital ital munity ital munity Hospital	43^ (NA) 66^ (33-88) 73 (61-85) 63^ (44-82) NA 77 (60-83) NA NA NA 61 (46-78) 61	45.2 33.0 39.6 44.0 49.2 31.1 50.0 50.1	14.2 - 2.1 17.0 7.1	21.4 - 37.6 32.9	20.8 17.0 26.2 - 6.6	58.6 45.9		0.00 79.17 83.02 73.84 0.00 93.42 1.65 4.17	poor poor poor fair poor fair poor
85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93	de la Rica Yin, Yang Shi, Zuo Cho Allenbach Robilotti The Opensafely Collaborative Borobia Giacomelli Shah	2020 2020 2020 2020 2020 2020 2020 202	27 0-04- 30 0-05- 11 S 0-05- 17 U 0-05- 08 F 0-05- 08 U 0-05- 06 S 0-05- 06 S 0-05- 06 S 0-05- 06 S 0-05- 06 S 0-05- 06 S 0-05- 07 U 0-05- 08 U 0-05- 08 S 0-05- 08 S 0-05- 06 S 06 S 06 S 06 S 06 S 06 S 06 S 07 S 07 S 08 S 08 S 08 S 08 S 09 S 09 S 09 S 09 S 00	china ipain China JSA JK France JSA JK pain	73 48 106 172 322,341 152 423 17,278,392 2,226	Hospi Command Hospi Hospi Hospi Hospi Hospi Commond Hospi Hospi	ital ital ital munity Hospital ital munity ital munity Hospital	43 ^A (NA) 66 ^A (33-88) 73 (61-85) 63 ^A (44-82) NA 77 (60-83) NA NA 61 (46-78) 61 (50-72) 63	45.2 33.0 39.6 44.0 49.2 31.1 50.0 50.1 52.0 31.9	14.2 - 2.1 17.0 7.1	21.4 - 37.6 32.9 -	20.8 17.0 26.2 - 6.6 - -	58.6 45.9		0.00 79.17 83.02 73.84 0.00 93.42 1.65 4.17 92.95	poor poor poor fair poor fair poor
85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93	de la Rica Yin, Yang Shi, Zuo Cho Allenbach Robilotti The Opensafely Collaborative Borobia Giacomelli Shah	2020 2020 2020 2020 2020 2020 2020 202	27 0-04 30 0-05- 11 0-05- 17 0-05- 08 0-05- 08 0-05- 06 0-05- 06 0-05- 06 0-05- 06 0-05- 06 0-05- 06 0-05- 06 0-05- 06 0-05- 06 0-05- 06 0-05- 06 0-05- 06 0-05- 06 0-05- 06 0-05- 06 0-05- 06 0-05- 06 0-05- 06 06 06 06 06 06 06 06 06 06	china Ipain Ibina ISA IK Irance ISA IK Ipain Italy ISA	73 48 106 172 322,341 152 423 17,278,392 2,226 233 316	Hospi	ital ital ital munity Hospital ital munity ital ital ital ital ital ital ital ital	43^ (NA) 66^ (33-88) 73 (61-85) 63^ (44-82) NA 77 (60-83) NA NA 61 (46-78) 61 (50-72) 63 (43-72) 56.5	45.2 33.0 39.6 44.0 49.2 31.1 50.0 50.1 52.0 31.9 48.1	14.2 - 2.1 17.0 7.1 -	21.4 - 37.6 32.9 - -	20.8 17.0 26.2 - 6.6 - -	58.6 45.9 70.0 42.1		0.00 79.17 83.02 73.84 0.00 93.42 1.65 4.17 92.95 0.00	poor poor poor fair poor fair poor poor
85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94	de la Rica Yin, Yang Shi, Zuo Cho Allenbach Robilotti The Opensafely Collaborative Borobia Giacomelli Shah Kolin Lubetzky	2020 2020 2020 2020 2020 2020 2020 202	27 0-04- 30 0-05- 11 S 0-05- 17 0-05- 17 0-05- 08 F 0-05- 06 S 0-05- 06 S 0-05- 06 S 0-05- 06 S 0-05- 06 S 0-05- 06 S 0-05- 07- 06 S 07- 07- 06 S 07- 07- 07- 07- 07- 08 S 08 S 08 S 08 S 08 S 08 S 08 S 08 S 08 S 09 S	china Ipain Ihina ISA IK Irance ISA IK Ipain Italy ISA IK	73 48 106 172 322,341 152 423 17,278,392 2,226 233 316 502,536	Hospi	ital ital ital munity Hospital ital munity Hospital ital ital ital munity Hospital ital	43^ (NA) 66^ (33-88) 73 (61-85) 63^ (44-82) NA 77 (60-83) NA NA 61 (46-78) 61 (50-72) 63 (43-72) 56.5 (48-64) 57	45.2 33.0 39.6 44.0 49.2 31.1 50.0 50.1 52.0 31.9 48.1 54.4	14.2 - 2.1 17.0 7.1 - 16.5	21.4 - 37.6 32.9 - 17.7 34.4	20.8 17.0 26.2 - 6.6 - - 30.0	58.6 45.9 70.0 42.1		0.00 79.17 83.02 73.84 0.00 93.42 1.65 4.17 92.95 0.00 23.73 0.59 77.78	poor poor poor fair poor fair poor poor poor fair
85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95	de la Rica Yin, Yang Shi, Zuo Cho Allenbach Robilotti The Opensafely Collaborative Borobia Giacomelli Shah Kolin Lubetzky	2020 2020 2020 2020 2020 2020 2020 202	27 0-04- 30 0-05- 11 S 0-05- 17 U 0-05- 08 U 0-05- 08 U 0-05- 06 It U 0-05- 06 It U 0-05- 06 It U 0-05- 06 It U 0-05- 06 It U	china ipain China JSA JK France JSA JK pain Ltaly JSA JK JSA JSA	73 48 106 172 322,341 152 423 17,278,392 2,226 233 316 502,536	Hospi	ital ital ital munity Hospital ital munity Hospital ital ital ital ital munity Hospital ital	43^ (NA) 66^ (33-88) 73 (61-85) 63^ (44-82) NA 77 (60-83) NA NA 61 (46-78) 61 (50-72) 63 (43-72) 56.5 (48-64) 57 (29-83) 62.2	45.2 33.0 39.6 44.0 49.2 31.1 50.0 50.1 52.0 31.9 48.1 54.4 62.0	14.2 - 2.1 17.0 7.1 - 16.5	21.4 - 37.6 32.9 - 17.7 34.4	20.8 17.0 26.2 - 6.6 - - 30.0	58.6 45.9 70.0 42.1		0.00 79.17 83.02 73.84 0.00 93.42 1.65 4.17 92.95 0.00 23.73 0.59 77.78 94.91	poor poor poor fair poor fair poor poor poor poor
85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 95	de la Rica Yin, Yang Shi, Zuo Cho Allenbach Robilotti The Opensafely Collaborative Borobia Giacomelli Shah Kolin Lubetzky Goyal Feng	2020 2020 2020 2020 2020 2020 2020 202	27 0-04- 30 0-05- 11 S 0-05- 10 0-05- 17 U 0-05- 08 F 0-05- 08 D 0-05- 06 S 0-05- 06 S 0-05- 06 U 0-05- 06 U 0-05- 07 U 0-05- 08 U 0-05- 06 U 0-05- 06 U 0-05- 06 U 0-05- 07 U 0-05- 08 U 0-05- 06 U 0-05- 06 U 0-05- 07 U 0-05- 08 U 0-05- 08 U 0-05- 06 U 0-05- 07 U 0-05- 08 U	china ipain USA USA USA USA USA USA USA	73 48 106 172 322,341 152 423 17,278,392 2,226 233 316 502,536 54 393	Hospi	ital ital ital munity Hospital ital munity ital ital ital ital ital munity Hospital ital ital	43^ (NA) 66^ (33-88) 73 (61-85) 63^ (44-82) NA 77 (60-83) NA NA 61 (46-78) 63 (43-72) 56.5 (48-64) 57 (29-83) 62.2 (49-74) 53	45.2 33.0 39.6 44.0 49.2 31.1 50.0 50.1 52.0 31.9 48.1 54.4 62.0 39.3	14.2 - 17.0 7.1 - 16.5 10.5	21.4 - 37.6 32.9 - 17.7 34.4	20.8 17.0 26.2 - 6.6 - - 30.0	58.6 45.9 70.0 42.1		0.00 79.17 83.02 73.84 0.00 93.42 1.65 4.17 92.95 0.00 23.73 0.59 77.78 94.91	poor poor poor fair poor fair poor poor poor poor poor poor



		2020.05				41									
101	Almazeedi	2020-05- 15	Kuwait	1,096	Hospital	(25-57)	19.0	4.0	-	-	-	96.0	0.00	poor	
102	Carillo-Vega	2020-05- 14	Mexico	10,544	Community and Hospital	46.5^ (30-62)	42.3	8.9	-	-	-	-	91.12	poor	
103	Yanover	2020-05- 13	Israel	4,353	Community and Hospital	35 (22-54)	44.5	11.8	3.0	-	85.2	-	0.00	fair	
104	Hamer	2020-05- 13	UK	387,109	Hospital	56.2 (48-64)	55.1	9.7	34.8	-	55.5	-	0.00	fair	
105	Regina	2020-05- 14	Switzerland	200	Hospital	70 (55-81)	40.0	4.5	-	-	-	-	95.50	poor	
105	de Lusignan	2020-05- 15	UK	3,802	Community and Hospital	58 (34-73)	57.6	10.9	46.1	-	29.6	-	13.44	fair	
107	Targher	2020-05- 13	China	339	Hospital	48.4^ (NA)	52.8	8.3	-	-	-	-	91.74	poor	
108	Valenti	2020-05-	Italy	789	Community	40.7^ (NA)	35.0	25.9	-		-		74.14	poor	
109	Feuth	2020-05-	Finland	28	Hospital	56 (47-72)	46.0	10.7	28.6	-	60.7	-	0.00	fair	
110	Ge	2020-05-	China	51	Hospital	70 (58-79)	27.5	13.7	-	-	-	-	86.27	poor	
111	Parrotta	2020-05-	USA	76	Community and Hospital	44.9 (13-71)	61.8	2.6	26.3		68.4		2.63	fair	
112	Shekhar	2020-05-	USA	50	Hospital	55.5	54.0	48.0	-	_	_		52.00	poor	
113	Mejia-Vilet	18 2020-05-	Mexico	329	Hospital	(20-85) 49	36.0	_	_	7.0	_	_	93.01	poor	
114	Chen, Jiang	16 2020-05-	China	135	Hospital	(41-60)	42.2			9.6		_	90.37	poor	
115	Li, Chen	16 2020-05-	China	1,008	Hospital	NA 55	43.6	5.7				_	94.35	poor	
27	Rimland	16 2020-05-	USA	1,000		(44-65) 59	18.2	9.1				_	81.82		
116		19 2020-05-			Hospital	(48-65) 64			-	-				poor	
	Palaiodimos	15 2020-05-	USA	200	Hospital	(50-73.5) 64	51.0	-	-	32.5	67.5	-	0.00	poor	
117	lp	25	USA	2,512	Hospital	(52-76)	37.6	3.1	17.8	-	64.5	-	14.61	fair	
		2020-05-				62									
118	Heili-Frades	25 2020-05-	Spain	4,712	Hospital	(47-77) 66^	50.5	4.9	17.4	-	-	66.5	11.16	poor	
119	Vaquero-Roncero	24	Spain	146	Hospital	(59-72)	32.2	-	-	6.8	-	-	93.15	poor	
120	Kim, Garg	2020-05- 22	USA	2,491	Hospital	62 (50-75)	46.8	6.0	25.8	-	-	68.1	0.08	poor	
121	Wu	2020-05- 21	Italy	174	Hospital	61.2^ (50-71)	30.5	-	-	33.3	-	-	66.67	poor	
122	Shi, Zhao	2020-05- 20	China	101	Hospital	71 (59-80)	40.6	-	-	5.0	-	-	95.05	poor	
123	Al-Hindawi	2020-05- 20	UK	31	Hospital	61 (NA)	12.9	3.2	71.0	-	25.8	-	0.00	fair	
124	Basse	2020-05- 19	France	141	Hospital	62 (52-72)	72.0	17.7	-	-	-	-	82.27	poor	
125	Freites	2020-05- 19	Spain	123	Hospital	59.88^ (44-74)	69.9	3.3	-	-	-	-	96.75	poor	
126	Alshami	2020-05- 19	Saudi Arabia	128	Quarantine Centre	39.6^ (24-55)	53.9	15.6	2.3	-	-	-	82.03	poor	
127	Berumen	2020-05- 26	Mexico	102,875	Hospital	NA	49.1	-	-	9.6	-	90.4	0.00	poor	
128	Gianfrancesco	2020-05- 29	Multiple	600	Community and Hospital	56 (45-67)	71.0	-		21.5	64.8	-	13.67	poor	
129	Li, Long	2020-05- 28	China	145	Not Stated	49^ (13-80)	61.0			5.5	-	-	94.48	poor	
130	Batty	2020-06- 17	UK	908	Hospital	57.27^ (48-66)	44.3	11.2	-	-	-	-	88.77	poor	
131	Israel	2020-06-	Israel	24,906	Community and Hospital	40 (27-59)	48.7	16.8	12.7	-	70.5	-	0.00	fair	
132	del Valle	2020-05-	USA	1,484	Hospital	62 (52-72)	40.6	5.5	23.3	-	-	-	71.16	poor	
133	Chaudhry	2020-05-	USA	40	Community and Hospital	52 (45.5-61)	60.0	-	-	15.0	-	-	85.00	poor	
134	Louis	2020-05-	USA	22	Hospital	66.5^ (55-77)	36.4	-	-	45.5	-	-	54.55	poor	
		2020-06-	Marrian	400	Hospital		30.0	_	-	12.0	_		88.00	poor	
135	Soto-Mota	05	Mexico	400	riospital	NA.								p	



136	Garibaldi	2020-05- 26	USA	832	Hospital	63 (49-75)	47.0	5.5	22.6	-	-	-	71.88	poor
137	Docherty	2020-05- 22	Multiple	20,133	Hospital	72.9 (58-82)	40.0	4.2	21.7	-	44.5	-	29.55	poor
138	Boulware	2020-06- 03	Multiple	821	Community	40 (33-50)	51.6	3.3	-	-	-	-	96.71	poor
139	Kuderer	2020-05- 28	Multiple	928	Community and Hospital	66 (57-76)	50.0	4.6	35.1	-	50.5	-	9.70	fair
140	Romao	2020-06- 08	Portugal	34	Community	41^ (26-66)	67.7	-	-	26.5	-	-	73.53	poor
141	Giannouchos	2020-06- 07	Mexico	236,439	Community and Hospital	42.5^ (25-59)	49.1	9.1	-	-	-	90.9	0.00	poor
142	Ramiali	2020-06- 06	USA	11,116	Community and Hospital	52 (34.7- 69.5)	55.2	-	-	26.8	73.2	-	0.00	poor
143	Wang, Oekelen	2020-06- 05	USA	58	Community and Hospital	67 (NA)	48.0	-	-	36.2	-	-	63.79	poor
144	Perrone	2020-06- 05	Italy	1,189	Hospital	NA	21.2	-	-	21.9	-	-	78.13	poor
145	Sharma	2020-06- 05	India	501	Hospital	35.1^ (18-51)	36.0	-	-	4.2	-	-	95.81	poor
146	Eugen-Olsen	2020-06- 02	Denmark	407	Hospital	64 (47-77)	57.7	20.6	36.9	-	39.6	-	2.95	fair
147	Martinez-Portilla	2020-06- 02	Mexico	224	Community and Hospital	29 (26-33)	100.0	-	-	3.1	-	-	96.88	poor
148	Raisi-Estabragh	2020-06- 02	UK	4,510	Hospital	NA	48.8	-	-	51.8	-	-	48.20	poor
149	Luo	2020-06- 02	China	625	Hospital	46 (NA)	47.7	3.0	-	-	-	-	96.96	poor
150	Houlihan	2020-06- 09	UK	200	Community	34 (29-44)	61.0	11.0	16.5	-	66.5	-	6.00	fair
151	Cen	2020-06- 08	China	1,007	Hospital	61 (49-68)	51.0	-	-	8.7	-	-	91.26	poor
152	Klang	2020-05- 23	USA	3,406	Hospital	NA	61.8	-	-	23.3	-	-	76.72	poor
153	Maraschini	2020-06- 12	Italy	146	Hospital	32.5^ (27-38)	100.0	-	9.6	-	80.8	-	9.59	poor



154	Wang, Zhong	2020-06- 12	USA	7,592	Community and Hospital	NA	45.1	3.6	17.1	-	51.9	-	27.42	poor
155	McQueenie	2020-06- 12	UK	428,199	Community and Hospital	NA	54.9	-	-	44.4	55.0	-	0.59	poor
26	Miyara	2020-06- 12	France	479	Community and Hospital	NA	44.7	6.7	31.6	-	59.5	-	1.87	fair
156	Apea	2020-06- 12	UK	1,737	Hospital	63.4^ (NA)	30.4	-	-	10.0	-	-	90.04	poor
157	Woolford	2020-06- 11	UK	4,510	Community and Hospital	70.5 (NA)	51.2	13.0	38.1	-	48.1	-	0.80	fair
158	Hultcrantz	2020-06- 11	USA	127	Community and Hospital	68 (41-91)	46.0	-	-	26.8	72.4	-	0.79	poor
159	Rajter	2020-06- 10	USA	280	Hospital	59.6^ (41-77)	45.5	5.7	10.7	-	74.6	-	8.93	fair
160	Lan	2020-06- 09	USA	104	Community	49^ (34-63)	47.1	-	-	24.0	-	-	75.96	poor
161	Zeng	2020-06- 16	China	1,031	Hospital	60.3^ (46-74)	47.8	-	-	10.2	-	-	89.82	poor
162	Suleyman	2020-06- 16	USA	463	Hospital	57.5^ (40-74)	55.9	-	-	34.6	-	-	65.44	poor
163	Chen, Yu	2020-06- 16	China	1,859	Hospital	59 (45-68)	50.0	2.4	3.6	-	94.0	-	0.00	fair
164	Garassino	2020-06- 12	Multiple	200	Community and Hospital	68 (61.8-75)	30.0	24.0	55.5	-	18.5	-	2.00	fair
165	Hernandez- Garduno	2020-06- 11	Mexico	32,583	Community and Hospital	45 (34-56)	48.7	-	-	11.0	-	88.8	0.15	poor
165	Govind	2020-06- 20	UK	6,309	Community and Hospital	46.5^ (31-61)	38.3	66.3	26.8	-	5.5	-	1.49	fair
167	Siso-Almirall	2020-06- 20	Spain	322	Community and Hospital	56.7^ (38-74)	50.0	-	-	25.2	-	-	74.84	poor
168	Gu	2020-06- 18	USA	5,698	Community and Hospital	47^ (26-67)	62.0	7.0	24.7	-	50.8	-	17.53	fair
169	Kibler	2020-06- 16	France	702	Community and Hospital	82^ (75-88)	56.0	3.7	-	-	-	-	96.30	poor
170	lkitimur	2020-06- 03	Turkey	81	Hospital	55^ (38-72)	44.0	-	-	28.4	-	-	71.60	poor
171	Sierpinski	2020-06-												
			Poland	1,942	Community	50 (NA)	60.0	6.3	-	-	-	49.7	44.03	poor
172	Zhou, He	03 2020-06-	Poland	1,942 238	Community	(NA) 55.5	60.0 57.0	6.3 2.9		-	-	49.7	44.03 97.06	poor
172		03 2020-06- 10 2020-06-			Hospital Community	(NA) 55.5 (35-67) 33.7^			-	-			97.06	
	Zhou, He	03 2020-06- 10 2020-06- 19 2020-06-	China	238	Hospital	(NA) 55.5 (35-67) 33.7^ (28-38) 58.9^	57.0	2.9		- - - 25.0	-	-	97.06	poor
173	Zhou, He Crovetto	03 2020-06- 10 2020-06- 19 2020-06- 09 2020-06-	China Spain	238 874	Hospital Community and Hospital	(NA) 55.5 (35-67) 33.7^ (28-38) 58.9^ (40-77)	57.0 100.0	2.9	- - - 38.5	- - 25.0	- - - 57.8	-	97.06 85.70	poor
173 174	Zhou, He Crovetto Veras	03 2020-06- 10 2020-06- 19 2020-06- 09 2020-06- 11 2020-06-	China Spain Brazil	238 874 32	Hospital Community and Hospital Hospital	(NA) 55.5 (35-67) 33.7^ (28-38) 58.9^ (40-77) 61 (50-72) 68^	57.0 100.0 47.0	2.9	- - - - 38.5		- - - 57.8	13.2	97.06 85.70 75.00	poor poor
173 174 175	Zhou, He Crovetto Veras Sterlin	03 2020-06- 10 2020-06- 19 2020-06- 09 2020-06- 11	China Spain Brazil France	238 874 32 135	Hospital Community and Hospital Hospital	(NA) 55.5 (35-67) 33.7^ (28-38) 58.9^ (40-77) 61 (50-72) 68^ (53-83) 64	57.0 100.0 47.0 41.0	2.9	- - - - 38.5	-	- - - 57.8	13.2	97.06 85.70 75.00 0.00 74.80	poor poor poor fair
173 174 175	Zhou, He Crovetto Veras Sterlin Rossi	03 2020-06- 10 2020-06- 19 2020-06- 11 2020-06- 09 2020-06-	China Spain Brazil France France	238 874 32 135 246	Hospital Community and Hospital Hospital Hospital	(NA) 55.5 (35-67) 33.7^ (28-38) 58.9^ (40-77) 61 (50-72) 68^ (53-83)	57.0 100.0 47.0 41.0 39.0	2.9 1.1 - 3.7	- - - 38.5 - -	25.2	57.8 -	13.2	97.06 85.70 75.00 0.00 74.80	poor poor poor fair poor
173 174 175 176	Zhou, He Crovetto Veras Sterlin Rossi Duan	03 2020-06- 10 2020-06- 19 2020-06- 11 2020-06- 20 2020-06- 22 2020-06- 09	China Spain Brazil France France China	238 874 32 135 246 616	Hospital Community and Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital	(NA) 55.5 (35-67) 33.7^ (28-38) 58.9^ (40-77) 61 (50-72) 68^ (53-83) 64 (53-70) 81.6	57.0 100.0 47.0 41.0 39.0 57.5	2.9 1.1 - 3.7	- - 38.5 - -	25.2	57.8	13.2	97.06 85.70 75.00 0.00 74.80 96.27	poor poor fair poor
173 174 175 176 177 178	Zhou, He Crovetto Veras Sterlin Rossi Duan Martin-Jimenez Elezkurtaj	03 2020-06- 10 2020-06- 19 2020-06- 11 2020-06- 22 2020-06- 22 2020-06- 17 2020-06- 17	China Spain Brazil France France China Spain Germany	238 874 32 135 246 616 339	Hospital Community and Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital	(NA) 55.5 (35-67) 33.7^ (28-38) 58.9^ (40-77) 61 (50-72) 68^ (53-83) 64 (53-70) 81.6 (72-87) 70 (61.8-78.3) 62.2^	57.0 100.0 47.0 41.0 39.0 57.5 39.5	2.9 1.1 - 3.7	-	25.2 - 30.7 19.2		13.2	97.06 85.70 75.00 0.00 74.80 96.27 69.32	poor poor fair poor poor poor
173 174 175 176 177 178 179	Zhou, He Crovetto Veras Sterlin Rossi Duan Martin-Jimenez Elezkurtaj Lenka	03 2020-06- 10 2020-06- 19 2020-06- 11 2020-06- 09 2020-06- 22 2020-06- 17 2020-06- 22 2020-06- 22 2020-06- 22	China Spain Brazil France France China Spain Germany USA	238 874 32 135 246 616 339 26	Hospital Community and Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital	(NA) 55.5 (35-67) 33.7^ (28-38) 58.9^ (40-77) 61 (50-72) 68^ (53-83) 64 (53-70) 81.6 (72-87) 70 (61.8- 78.3) 62.2^ (51-73) 61^	57.0 100.0 47.0 41.0 39.0 57.5 39.5 34.6	2.9 1.1 - 3.7	-	25.2 - 30.7 19.2		13.2	97.06 85.70 75.00 0.00 74.80 96.27 69.32 80.77	poor poor fair poor poor poor poor
173 174 175 176 177 178	Zhou, He Crovetto Veras Sterlin Rossi Duan Martin-Jimenez Elezkurtaj Lenka Olivares	03 2020-06- 10 2020-06- 19 2020-06- 11 2020-06- 22 2020-06- 17 2020-06- 17 2020-06- 16 2020-06- 16	China Spain Brazil France France China Spain Germany USA Chile	238 874 32 135 246 616 339 26 32	Hospital Community and Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital	(NA) 55.5 (35-67) 33.7^ (28-38) 58.9^ (40-77) 61 (50-72) 68^ (53-83) 64 (53-70) 81.6 (72-87) 70 (61.8- 78.3) 62.2^ (51-73) 61^ (26-85) 64.4^	57.0 100.0 47.0 41.0 39.0 57.5 39.5 34.6 37.5	2.9 1.1 - 3.7	-	25.2 - 30.7 19.2 50.0 9.5		13.2	97.06 85.70 75.00 0.00 74.80 96.27 69.32 80.77 50.00	poor poor fair poor poor poor poor poor
173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180	Zhou, He Crovetto Veras Sterlin Rossi Duan Martin-Jimenez Elezkurtaj Lenka Olivares Salton	03 2020-06- 10 2020-06- 19 2020-06- 11 2020-06- 22 2020-06- 17 2020-06- 22 2020-06- 16 2020-06- 20 2020-06- 20 2020-06-	China Spain Brazil France France China Spain Germany USA Chile Italy	238 874 32 135 246 616 339 26 32 21	Hospital Community and Hospital	(NA) 55.5 (35-67) 33.7^ (28-38) 58.9^ (40-77) 61 (50-72) 68^ (53-83) 64 (53-70) 81.6 (72-87) 70 (61.8- 78.3) 62.2^ (51-73) 61^ (26-85) 64.4^ (NA)	57.0 100.0 47.0 41.0 39.0 57.5 39.5 34.6 37.5 76.2	2.9 1.1 3.7 - 3.7	-	25.2 - 30.7 19.2		13.2	97.06 85.70 75.00 0.00 74.80 96.27 69.32 80.77 50.00 90.48 70.52	poor poor poor poor poor poor poor poor
173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180 181 182	Zhou, He Crovetto Veras Sterlin Rossi Duan Martin-Jimenez Elezkurtaj Lenka Olivares Salton Wei	03 2020-06- 10 2020-06- 19 2020-06- 09 2020-06- 22 2020-06- 17 2020-06- 22 2020-06- 16 2020-06- 20	China Spain Brazil France France China Spain Germany USA Chile Italy USA	238 874 32 135 246 616 339 26 32 21 173	Hospital Community and Hospital	(NA) 55.5 (35-67) 33.7^ (28-38) 58.9^ (40-77) 61 (50-72) 68^ (53-83) 64 (53-70) 81.6 (72-87) 70 (61.8- 78.3) 62.2^ (51-73) 61^ (26-85) 64.4^ (NA)	57.0 100.0 47.0 41.0 39.0 57.5 39.5 34.6 37.5 76.2 34.9	2.9 1.1 - 3.7 - 3.7 - 1.1 - 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1		25.2 - 30.7 19.2 50.0 9.5 29.5		13.2	97.06 85.70 75.00 0.00 74.80 96.27 69.32 80.77 50.00 90.48 70.52 85.71	poor poor poor poor poor poor poor poor
173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180 181 182 183	Zhou, He Crovetto Veras Sterlin Rossi Duan Martin-Jimenez Elezkurtaj Lenka Olivares Salton Wei Zuo, Estes	03 2020-06- 10 2020-06- 17 2020-06- 09 2020-06- 2020-06- 17 2020-06- 20 2020-06- 16 2020-06- 20 2020-06- 16 2020-06- 17 2020-06- 17 2020-06- 17 2020-06- 17 2020-06- 18 2020-06- 17 2020-06-	China Spain Brazil France France China Spain Germany USA Chile Italy USA China	238 874 32 135 246 616 339 26 32 21 173 147	Hospital Community and Hospital Community	(NA) 55.5 (35-67) 33.7^ (28-38) 58.9^ (40-77) 61 (50-72) 68^ (53-83) 64 (53-70) 81.6 (72-87) 70 (61.8-78.3) 62.2^ (51-73) 61^ (26-85) 64.4^ (NA) 52^ (34-70)	57.0 100.0 47.0 41.0 39.0 57.5 39.5 34.6 37.5 76.2 34.9 41.0	2.9 1.1 - 3.7 - 3.7 - 1.1 - 1.		25.2 - 30.7 19.2 50.0 9.5 29.5 -		13.2	97.06 85.70 75.00 0.00 74.80 96.27 69.32 80.77 50.00 90.48 70.52 85.71 73.84	poor poor poor poor poor poor poor poor
173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180 181 182 183 184	Zhou, He Crovetto Veras Sterlin Rossi Duan Martin-Jimenez Elezkurtaj Lenka Olivares Salton Wei Zuo, Estes Killerby	03 2020-06- 10 2020-06- 19 2020-06- 11 2020-06- 22 2020-06- 17 2020-06- 16 2020-06- 16 2020-06- 16 2020-06- 16 2020-06- 18 2020-06- 18	China Spain Brazil France France China Spain Germany USA Chile Italy USA China USA	238 874 32 135 246 616 339 26 32 21 173 147 172 531	Hospital Community and Hospital	(NA) 55.5 (35-67) 33.7^ (28-38) 58.9^ (40-77) 61 (50-72) 68^ (53-83) 64 (53-70) 81.6 (72-87) 70 (61.8- 78.3) 62.2^ (51-73) 61^ (26-85) 64.4^ (NA) 52^ (34-70) 61^ (25-95)	57.0 100.0 47.0 41.0 39.0 57.5 39.5 34.6 37.5 76.2 34.9 41.0 44.0	2.9 1.1 3.7 - 3.7 - 14.3		25.2 - 30.7 19.2 50.0 9.5 29.5 - 26.2		13.2	97.06 85.70 75.00 0.00 74.80 96.27 69.32 80.77 50.00 90.48 70.52 85.71 73.84 11.49	poor poor poor poor poor poor poor poor
173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180 181 182 183	Zhou, He Crovetto Veras Sterlin Rossi Duan Martin-Jimenez Elezkurtaj Lenka Olivares Salton Wei Zuo, Estes Killerby Petrilli	03 2020-06- 10 2020-06- 11 2020-06- 09 2020-06- 17 2020-06- 17 2020-06- 20 2020-06- 16 2020-06- 20 2020-06- 16 2020-06- 17 2020-06- 17 2020-06- 17 2020-06- 17 2020-06- 17	China Spain Brazil France France China Spain Germany USA Chile Italy USA China USA USA	238 874 32 135 246 616 339 26 32 21 173 147 172 531 5,279	Hospital Community and Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital Community and Hospital Community and Hospital	(NA) 55.5 (35-67) 33.7^ (28-38) 58.9^ (40-77) 61 (50-72) 68^ (53-83) 64 (53-70) 81.6 (72-87) 70 (61.8- 78.3) 62.2^ (51-73) 61^ (26-85) 64.4^ (NA) 52^ (34-70) 61^ (25-95) 51.6 (38-62)	57.0 100.0 47.0 41.0 39.0 57.5 39.5 34.6 37.5 76.2 34.9 41.0 44.0 57.1 51.5	2.9 1.1 - 3.7 - 3.7 - 14.3 - 5.5		25.2 - 30.7 19.2 50.0 9.5 29.5 - 26.2 17.1	71.4	13.2	97.06 85.70 75.00 0.00 74.80 96.27 69.32 80.77 50.00 90.48 70.52 85.71 73.84 11.49	poor poor poor poor poor poor poor poor
173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180 181 182 183 184 185 186	Zhou, He Crovetto Veras Sterlin Rossi Duan Martin-Jimenez Elezkurtaj Lenka Olivares Salton Wei Zuo, Estes Killerby	03 2020-06- 10 2020-06- 19 2020-06- 11 2020-06- 22 2020-06- 17 2020-06- 22 2020-06- 16 2020-06- 18 2020-06- 18 2020-06- 17 2020-06- 17 2020-06- 17 2020-06- 17 2020-06- 20 200-06- 20 200-06- 20 200-06- 20 200-06- 20 200-06- 20 200-06- 20 200-06- 200-06- 200-06- 200-06- 200-06- 200-06- 200-06- 200-06- 200-06- 200-06- 200-06- 200-06- 200-06- 200-06- 200-06- 200-06- 2	China Spain Brazil France France China Spain Germany USA Chile Italy USA China USA	238 874 32 135 246 616 339 26 32 21 173 147 172 531	Hospital Community and Hospital Community and Hospital Community	(NA) 55.5 (35-67) 33.7^ (28-38) 58.9^ (40-77) 61 (50-72) 68^ (53-83) 64 (53-70) 81.6 (72-87) 70 (61.8- 78.3) 62.2^ (51-73) 61^ (26-85) 64.4^ (NA) 52^ (34-70) 61^ (25-95) 51.6 (38-62) 54 (38-66)	57.0 100.0 47.0 41.0 39.0 57.5 39.5 34.6 37.5 76.2 34.9 41.0 44.0	2.9 1.1 3.7 - 3.7 - 14.3		25.2 - 30.7 19.2 50.0 9.5 29.5 - 26.2		13.2	97.06 85.70 75.00 0.00 74.80 96.27 69.32 80.77 50.00 90.48 70.52 85.71 73.84 11.49	poor poor poor poor poor poor poor poor



188	Bello-Chavolla	2020-05- 31	Mexico 17	7,133	Community and Hospital	42.6 (26-59)	48.9	-	-	9.3	-	-	90.72	poor
189	Zuo, Yalavarthi	2020-04- 24	USA	50	Hospital	61 (46-76)	34.0	-	-	36.0	-	-	64.00	poor
190	Sigel	2020-06- 28	USA	493	Hospital	60 (55-67)	24.1	-		28.6	-	-	71.40	poor
191	Nguyen	2020-06- 29	USA	689	Community and Hospital	55 (40-68)	57.0	-	-	24.8	-	-	75.18	poor
192	de Melo	2020-06- 29	Brazil	181	Hospital	55.3^ (34-76)	60.8	9.9	12.2	-	38.1	-	39.78	poor
193	Auvinen	2020-06- 29	Finland	61	Hospital	53 (41-67)	36.0	18.0	27.9	-	54.1	-	0.00	fair
194	Souza	2020-06- 28	Brazil	8,443	Hospital	NA	53.0	-	-	1.7	-	96.3	2.01	poor
195	Mendy	2020-06- 27	USA	689	Community and Hospital	49.5 (35.2- 67.5)	47.0	-	-	24.7	-	-	75.33	poor
195	Pongpirul	2020-06- 26	Thailand	193	Hospital	37 (29-53)	41.5	-	-	15.0	66.3	-	18.65	poor
197	Jin, Gu	2020-06- 25	China	6	Hospital	60.5^ (51-75)	33.3	33.3	-	-	-	-	66.67	poor
198	Favara	2020-05- 23	UK	70	Community and Hospital	41 (23-64)	87.1	10.0	-	-	-	-	90.00	poor
199	Fisman	2020-06- 23	Canada 2	1,922	Community and Hospital	NA	57.0	-	-	2.3	-	-	97.65	poor
200	Madariaga	2020-06- 23	USA	103	Community and Hospital	41.8^ (27-55)	48.5	-	-	25.2	74.8	-	0.00	poor
201	Senkal	2020-07- 07	Turkey	611	Hospital	57^ (18-98)	40.6	11.3	-	-	-	-	88.71	poor
202	Mohamud	2020-07- 02	USA	6	Hospital	65.8^ (55-78)	16.7	-	-	16.7	-	-	83.33	poor
203	Magleby	2020-06- 30	USA	678	Hospital	68 (50-81)	38.9	-	-	28.6	-	-	71.39	poor
204	Kimmig	2020-07- 06	USA	111	Hospital	63^ (48-78)	44.1	7.2	36.0	-	56.8	-	0.00	fair
205	Bello-Chavolla, Antonio-Villa	2020-07- 04	Mexico 6	0,121	Community and Hospital	45.5^ (29-61)	47.0	-	-	10.5	-	-	89.52	poor
						-								
206	Zacharioudakis	2020-07-	USA	314	Hospital	64 (54-72)	34.7	-	-	22.8	-	-	77.22	poor
205	Zacharioudakis Antonio-Villa	04 2020-07- 04		314 34,263	Hospital Community and Hospital	(54-72) 40^ (29-50)	34.7 62.9	9.7	-	22.8	-	-		poor
		04 2020-07- 04 2020-07- 03			Community and Hospital Hospital	(54-72) 40^ (29-50) 60.8^ (47-74)		9.7 37.2	-		-			
207	Antonio-Villa	04 2020-07- 04 2020-07- 03 2020-07- 03	Mexico S	34,263	Community and Hospital Hospital Community and Hospital	(54-72) 40^ (29-50) 60.8^ (47-74) 46.2^ (NA)	62.9			-	- - -	-	90.32 6.98	poor
207	Antonio-Villa Patel	04 2020-07- 04 2020-07- 03 2020-07- 03 2020-07- 02	Mexico S	34,263 129	Community and Hospital Hospital Community and Hospital Community and Hospital	(54-72) 40^ (29-50) 60.8^ (47-74) 46.2^	62.9 45.0	37.2				- 55.8 -	90.32 6.98	poor
207 208 209	Antonio-Villa Patel Merzon	04 2020-07- 04 2020-07- 03 2020-07- 02 2020-07- 11	Mexico S USA Israel	129 7,807	Community and Hospital Hospital Community and Hospital Community	(54-72) 40^ (29-50) 60.8^ (47-74) 46.2^ (NA) 39 (29-53)	62.9 45.0 58.6	37.2	40.1	- 16.2	- - - - 46.9	- 55.8 -	90.32 6.98 83.82 91.18	poor
207 208 209 34	Antonio-Villa Patel Merzon Trubiano	04 2020-07- 04 2020-07- 03 2020-07- 02 2020-07- 11 2020-07- 11	Mexico S USA Israel Australia	34,263 129 7,807 2,935	Community and Hospital Hospital Community and Hospital Community and Hospital Community	(54-72) 40^ (29-50) 60.8^ (47-74) 46.2^ (NA) 39 (29-53) NA 61.5^ (57-66.8)	62.9 45.0 58.6 63.5	37.2 - -	-	- - 16.2 8.8	46.9	- 55.8 -	90.32 6.98 83.82 91.18 0.84	poor poor poor
207 208 209 34 210	Antonio-Villa Patel Merzon Trubiano Fan	04 2020-07- 04 2020-07- 03 2020-07- 02 2020-07- 11 2020-07-	Mexico S USA Israel Australia	129 7,807 2,935 1,425	Community and Hospital Hospital Community and Hospital Community and Hospital Community and Hospital Community	(54-72) 40^ (29-50) 60.8^ (47-74) 46.2^ (NA) 39 (29-53) NA 61.5^	62.9 45.0 58.6 63.5 46.7	37.2	40.1	- 16.2 8.8		- 55.8 - -	90.32 6.98 83.82 91.18 0.84 45.10	poor poor poor poor
207 208 209 34 210	Antonio-Villa Patel Merzon Trubiano Fan Shi, Resurreccion	04 2020-07- 04 2020-07- 03 2020-07- 02 2020-07- 11 2020-07- 10 2020-07- 09	Mexico 3 USA Israel Australia UK UK	129 7,807 2,935 1,425 1,521	Community and Hospital Hospital Community and Hospital Community and Hospital Community and Hospital Community and Hospital	(54-72) 40^ (29-50) 60.8^ (47-74) 46.2^ (NA) 39 (29-53) NA 61.5^ (57-66.8) 57 (18-78) 60^ (43-76)	62.9 45.0 58.6 63.5 46.7 45.9	37.2	40.1	- 16.2 8.8 - 54.9	-	- 55.8 - - -	90.32 6.98 83.82 91.18 0.84 45.10	poor poor poor poor poor
207 208 209 34 210 211	Antonio-Villa Patel Merzon Trubiano Fan Shi, Resurreccion Maucourant	04 2020-07- 04 2020-07- 03 2020-07- 02 2020-07- 11 2020-07- 10 2020-07- 10	Mexico S USA Israel Australia UK UK Sweden	129 7,807 2,935 1,425 1,521 27	Community and Hospital Hospital Community and Hospital Community and Hospital Community and Hospital Community and Hospital Hospital	(54-72) 40^ (29-50) 60.8^ (47-74) 46.2^ (NA) 39 (29-53) NA 61.5^ (57-66.8) 57 (18-78) 60^	62.9 45.0 58.6 63.5 46.7 45.9	37.2 - - 12.2 - 11.1	- 40.1 - 25.9	- 16.2 8.8 - 54.9	40.7	- 55.8 - - - -	90.32 6.98 83.82 91.18 0.84 45.10	poor poor poor poor poor poor
207 208 209 34 210 211 212 213	Antonio-Villa Patel Merzon Trubiano Fan Shi, Resurreccion Maucourant Elmunzer	04 2020-07- 04 2020-07- 03 2020-07- 02 2020-07- 11 2020-07- 11 2020-07- 09 2020-07- 09	Mexico S USA Israel Australia UK UK Sweden Multiple	34,263 129 7,807 2,935 1,425 1,521 27 1,992	Community and Hospital Hospital Community and Hospital Community and Hospital Community and Hospital Hospital Hospital	(54-72) 40^ (29-50) 60.8^ (47-74) 46.2^ (NA) 39 (29-53) NA 61.5^ (57-66.8) 57 (18-78) 60^ (43-76) 45.48^	62.9 45.0 58.6 63.5 46.7 45.9 22.2	37.2 - - 12.2 - 11.1 6.3	- 40.1 - 25.9 28.6	- 16.2 8.8 - 54.9	- 40.7 59.0	- 55.8 - - - -	90.32 6.98 83.82 91.18 0.84 45.10 22.22 6.12	poor poor poor poor fair poor fair
207 208 209 34 210 211 212 213	Antonio-Villa Patel Merzon Trubiano Fan Shi, Resurreccion Maucourant Elmunzer Alizadehsani	04 2020-07- 04 2020-07- 03 2020-07- 02 2020-07- 11 2020-07- 10 2020-07- 09 2020-07- 09	Mexico USA Israel Australia UK UK Sweden Multiple Iran China	129 7,807 2,935 1,425 1,521 27 1,992 319	Community and Hospital Hospital Community and Hospital Community and Hospital Community and Hospital Community and Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital	(54-72) 40^ (29-50) 60.8^ (47-74) 46.2^ (NA) 39 (29-53) NA 61.5^ (57-66.8) 57 (18-78) 60^ (43-76) 45.48^ (26-63)	62.9 45.0 58.6 63.5 46.7 45.9 22.2 43.0	37.2 - - 12.2 - 11.1 6.3	- 40.1 - 25.9 28.6	- 16.2 8.8 - 54.9 - -	- 40.7 59.0	- 55.8 - - - -	90.32 6.98 83.82 91.18 0.84 45.10 22.22 6.12 99.69	poor poor poor fair poor fair poor
207 208 209 34 210 211 212 213 214	Antonio-Villa Patel Merzon Trubiano Fan Shi, Resurreccion Maucourant Elmunzer Alizadehsani Xie	04 2020-07- 08 2020-07- 09 2020-07- 11 2020-07- 10 2020-07- 09 2020-07- 09 2020-07- 17 2020-07- 17	Mexico S USA Israel Australia UK UK Sweden Multiple Iran China	129 7,807 2,935 1,425 1,521 27 1,992 319 619	Community and Hospital Hospital Community and Hospital Community and Hospital Community and Hospital Community and Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital	(54-72) 40^ (29-50) 60.8^ (47-74) 46.2^ (NA) 39 (29-53) NA 61.5^ (57-66.8) 57 (18-78) 60^ (43-76) 45.48^ (26-63) NA 48.7^ (30-66) 63 (23-88)	62.9 45.0 58.6 63.5 46.7 45.9 22.2 43.0 55.5	37.2 - - 12.2 - 11.1 6.3	- 40.1 - 25.9 28.6	- 16.2 8.8 - 54.9 - - 0.3	- 40.7 59.0 -	- 55.8 - - - - -	90.32 6.98 83.82 91.18 0.84 45.10 22.22 6.12 99.69 91.76	poor poor poor poor fair poor poor fair poor
207 208 209 34 210 211 212 213 214 215 36	Antonio-Villa Patel Merzon Trubiano Fan Shi, Resurreccion Maucourant Elmunzer Alizadehsani Xie Merkely	04 2020-07- 04 2020-07- 03 2020-07- 02 2020-07- 11 2020-07- 10 2020-07- 09 2020-07- 07 2020-07- 17 2020-07- 17 2020-07- 17	Mexico S USA Israel Australia UK UK Sweden Multiple Iran China Hungary	129 7,807 2,935 1,425 1,521 27 1,992 319 619	Community and Hospital Hospital Community and Hospital Community and Hospital Community and Hospital Community and Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital Community Community	(54-72) 40^ (29-50) 60.8^ (47-74) 46.2^ (NA) 39 (29-53) NA 61.5^ (57-66.8) 57 (18-78) 60^ (43-76) 45.48^ (26-63) NA 48.7^ (30-66) 63 (23-88) 57 (22-88)	62.9 45.0 58.6 63.5 46.7 45.9 22.2 43.0 55.5 52.0	37.2 - - 12.2 - 11.1 6.3 - -	- 40.1 - 25.9 28.6 - - - 20.5	- 16.2 8.8 - 54.9 - - 0.3 8.2	40.7 59.0	55.8	90.32 6.98 83.82 91.18 0.84 45.10 22.22 6.12 99.69 91.76 0.16	poor poor poor poor fair poor poor fair poor good
207 208 209 34 210 211 212 213 214 215 36 216	Antonio-Villa Patel Merzon Trubiano Fan Shi, Resurreccion Maucourant Elmunzer Alizadehsani Xie Merkely Fox	04 2020-07- 04 2020-07- 03 2020-07- 02 2020-07- 11 2020-07- 10 2020-07- 09 2020-07- 07 2020-07- 17 2020-07- 17 2020-07- 17	Mexico S USA Israel Australia UK UK Sweden Multiple Iran China Hungary UK	129 7,807 2,935 1,425 1,521 27 1,992 319 619 10,474 55 289	Community and Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital Community And Hospital Community and Hospital	(54-72) 40^ (29-50) 60.8^ (47-74) 46.2^ (NA) 39 (29-53) NA 61.5^ (57-66.8) 57 (18-78) 60^ (43-76) 45.48^ (26-63) NA 48.7^ (30-66) 63 (23-88) 57	62.9 45.0 58.6 63.5 46.7 45.9 22.2 43.0 55.5 52.0 53.6	37.2 - - 12.2 - 11.1 6.3 - - 28.0	- 40.1 - 25.9 28.6 - - 20.5	- 16.2 8.8 - 54.9 - - 0.3 8.2	40.7 59.0 - - 51.4	55.8	90.32 6.98 83.82 91.18 0.84 45.10 22.22 6.12 99.69 91.76 0.16 30.91	poor poor poor fair poor fair poor good poor
207 208 209 34 210 211 212 213 214 215 36 216 56	Antonio-Villa Patel Merzon Trubiano Fan Shi, Resurreccion Maucourant Elmunzer Alizadehsani Xie Merkely Fox Zhang, Cao Martinez	04 2020-07- 08 2020-07- 09 2020-07- 11 2020-07- 10 2020-07- 09 2020-07- 07 2020-07- 17 2020-07- 17 2020-07- 17 2020-07- 17 2020-07- 2020-0	Mexico S USA Israel Australia UK UK Sweden Multiple Iran China Hungary UK China Mexico	24,263 129 7,807 2,935 1,425 1,521 27 1,992 319 619 10,474 55 289 8	Community and Hospital Hospital Community and Hospital Community and Hospital Community and Hospital Community and Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital Community Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital	(54-72) 40^ (29-50) 60.8^ (47-74) 46.2^ (NA) 39 (29-53) NA 61.5^ (57-66.8) 57 (18-78) 60^ (43-76) 45.48^ (26-63) NA 48.7^ (30-66) 63 (23-88) 57 (22-88) 57 (48-69) 58.7^ (39-77)	62.9 45.0 58.6 63.5 46.7 45.9 22.2 43.0 55.5 52.0 53.6 31.0	37.2 - - 12.2 - 11.1 6.3 - - 28.0	- 40.1 - 25.9 28.6 - - 20.5 10.9 6.2	- 16.2 8.8 - 54.9 - 0.3 8.2	40.7 59.0 - - 51.4	55.8	90.32 6.98 83.82 91.18 0.84 45.10 22.22 6.12 99.69 91.76 0.16 30.91	poor poor poor poor fair poor poor fair poor poor poor
207 208 209 34 210 211 212 213 214 215 36 216 56 217	Antonio-Villa Patel Merzon Trubiano Fan Shi, Resurreccion Maucourant Elmunzer Alizadehsani Xie Merkely Fox Zhang, Cao Martinez Resendez	04 2020-07- 08 2020-07- 09 2020-07- 11 2020-07- 10 2020-07- 09 2020-07- 07 2020-07- 17 2020-07- 17 2020-07- 17 2020-07- 17 2020-07- 17 2020-07- 2020-07- 2020-07- 2020-07- 2020-07- 2020-07- 2020-07- 2020-07- 2020-07- 2020-07- 2020-07- 2020-07- 2020-07- 2020-07- 2020-07- 2020-07-	Mexico S USA Israel Australia UK UK Sweden Multiple Iran China Hungary UK China Mexico	24,263 129 7,807 2,935 1,425 1,521 27 1,992 319 619 10,474 55 289 8	Community and Hospital Hospital	(54-72) 40^ (29-50) 60.8^ (47-74) 46.2^ (NA) 39 (29-53) NA 61.5^ (57-66.8) 57 (18-78) 60^ (43-76) 45.48^ (26-63) NA 48.7^ (30-66) 63 (23-88) 57 (22-88) 57 (48-69) 58.7^	62.9 45.0 58.6 63.5 46.7 45.9 22.2 43.0 55.5 52.0 53.6 31.0 46.6 25.0	37.2 - - 12.2 - 11.1 6.3 - - 28.0	- 40.1 - 25.9 28.6 - - 20.5 10.9 6.2	- 16.2 8.8 - 54.9 	59.0 - - 51.4 56.4	55.8	90.32 6.98 83.82 91.18 0.84 45.10 22.22 6.12 99.69 91.76 0.16 30.91 90.31 87.50	poor poor poor poor fair poor poor good poor poor



28	Girardeau	2020-07- 17	France	10	Community	30 (29-33)	50.0	40.0	10.0	-	-	-	40.00	poor
221	Kurashima	2020-07- 17	Japan	53	Hospital	62.9^ (49-76)	35.8	-	-	50.9	-	-	49.06	poor
222	Zhan	2020-07- 16	China	75	Hospital	57 (25-75)	48.0	-	-	12.0	-	-	88.00	poor
223	Omrani	2020-07- 16	Qatar	1,409	Community and Hospital	39 (30-50)	17.2	-	-	9.2	-	-	90.77	poor
224	Gupta	2020-07- 16	USA	496	Hospital	70 (60-78)	46.0	-	-	7.3	-	31.7	61.09	poor
225	Shi, Zuo	2020-07- 15	USA	172	Hospital	61.48^ (25-96)	44.0	-	-	26.2	-	-	73.84	poor
226	Hussein	2020-07- 15	USA	502	Hospital	60.9^ (45-76)	52.0	9.0	22.1	-	-	68.9	0.00	poor
227	Bian	2020-07- 15	China	28	Hospital	56^ (42-67)	42.9	7.1	-	-	-	-	92.86	poor
228	Eiros	2020-07- 14	Spain	139	Community and Hospital	52 (41-57)	72.0	4.3	50.4	-	-	-	45.32	poor
229	Marcos	2020-07- 14	Spain	918	Hospital	72.8^ (58-87)	42.2	6.1	-	15.3	-	-	78.65	poor
230	Hoertel, Sanchez- Rico	2020-07- 14	France	7,345	Hospital	NA	49.3	8.5	-	-	-	-	91.52	poor
231	Soares	2020-07- 16	Brazil	10,713	Community and Hospital	NA	55.0	2.0	-	-	-	98.0	0.00	poor
232	Zobairy	2020-07- 28	Iran	203	Community and Hospital	49.2^ (32-65)	44.8	5.9	-	-	-	94.1	0.00	poor
233	Altamimi	2020-07- 27	Qatar	68	Hospital	49^ (40-58)	2.0	16.4	-	-	-	83.6	0.00	poor
234	Thompson	2020-07- 27	UK	470	Hospital	71 (57-82)	46.0	14.0	27.2	-	58.7	-	0.00	fair
235	Reiter	2020-07- 26	Austria	235	Community	44.2^ (32-55)	70.0	22.6	22.6	-	54.7	-	0.00	fair
236	Motta	2020-07- 26	USA	374	Hospital	64.7^ (46-82)	41.4	-	-	33.2	66.8	-	0.00	poor
237	Santos	2020-07- 25	USA	43	Community and Hospital	50 (34-73)	63.0	-	-	4.7	-	-	95.35	poor
238	Schneeweiss	2020-07-	USA	24,313	Community and Hospital	67^ (53-80)	53.0	-	-	2.9	-	-	97.12	poor
238	Schneeweiss Concha-Mejia	22 2020-07- 24	USA Colombia	24,313 72	and Hospital Community and Hospital	(53-80) 46 (28-64)	53.0 47.0	- 8.3	- 11.1	2.9		-	97.12 80.56	poor
		22 2020-07- 24 2020-07- 24			and Hospital Community	(53-80) 46		- 8.3 10.0	- 11.1	2.9 - -	-			
239	Concha-Mejia	22 2020-07- 24 2020-07- 24 2020-07- 21	Colombia	72	and Hospital Community and Hospital Community and Hospital Hospital	(53-80) 46 (28-64) 42^ (18-66) NA	47.0			2.9 - -	- - - 86.6	-	80.56	poor
239 240	Concha-Mejia Izquierdo	22 2020-07- 24 2020-07- 24 2020-07- 21 2020-08- 18	Colombia Spain	72 71,192	and Hospital Community and Hospital Community and Hospital	(53-80) 46 (28-64) 42^ (18-66) NA 37 (28-49)	47.0 59.0	10.0	-	2.9	- - - 86.6	90.0	80.56 0.00	poor
239 240 241	Concha-Mejia Izquierdo Bernaola	22 2020-07- 24 2020-07- 24 2020-07- 21 2020-08- 18 2020-03- 03	Colombia Spain Spain	72 71,192 1,645	and Hospital Community and Hospital Community and Hospital Hospital	(53-80) 46 (28-64) 42^ (18-66) NA 37 (28-49) 48 (35-65)	47.0 59.0 38.5	10.0 2.5	-	2.9 - - - -	- - - 86.6 -	90.0	80.56 0.00 0.00	poor poor fair
239 240 241 30	Concha-Mejia Izquierdo Bernaola Islam	22 2020-07- 24 2020-07- 24 2020-07- 21 2020-08- 18 2020-03- 03 2020-08- 15	Colombia Spain Spain Bangladesh	72 71,192 1,645 1,016	and Hospital Community and Hospital Community and Hospital Hospital Community and Hospital	(53-80) 46 (28-64) 42^ (18-66) NA 37 (28-49) 48 (35-65) 66.8^ (52-81)	47.0 59.0 38.5 35.9	10.0 2.5 18.2	-	2.9 - - - - -	- - - 86.6 - -	90.0	80.56 0.00 0.00 77.85	poor poor fair poor
240 241 30 242	Concha-Mejia Izquierdo Bernaola Islam	22 2020-07- 24 2020-07- 21 2020-08- 18 2020-03- 03 2020-08- 15 2020-08- 14	Colombia Spain Spain Bangladesh China	72 71,192 1,645 1,016 267	and Hospital Community and Hospital Community and Hospital Hospital Community and Hospital Hospital	(53-80) 46 (28-64) 42^ (18-66) NA 37 (28-49) 48 (35-65) 66.8^	47.0 59.0 38.5 35.9 45.2	10.0 2.5 18.2 19.9	-	2.9	- - 86.6 - -	90.0	80.56 0.00 0.00 77.85 0.00	poor poor fair poor
249 240 241 30 242 243	Concha-Mejia Izquierdo Bernaola Islam Qi Peters	22 2020-07- 24 2020-07- 21 2020-08- 18 2020-03- 03 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 21	Colombia Spain Spain Bangladesh China Netherlands	72 71,192 1,645 1,016 267 1,893	and Hospital Community and Hospital Community and Hospital Hospital Community and Hospital Hospital Hospital	(53-80) 46 (28-64) 42^ (18-66) NA 37 (28-49) 48 (35-65) 66.8^ (52-81) 46.5^ (30-62)	47.0 59.0 38.5 35.9 45.2 39.4	10.0 2.5 18.2 19.9 4.9	-	2.9		90.0	80.56 0.00 0.00 77.85 0.00 95.14	poor poor fair poor poor
239 240 241 30 242 243	Concha-Mejia Izquierdo Bernaola Islam Qi Peters Ouyang	22 2020-07- 24 2020-07- 21 2020-08- 18 2020-03- 03 2020-08- 15 2020-08- 14 2020-08-	Colombia Spain Spain Bangladesh China Netherlands China	72 71,192 1,645 1,016 267 1,893 217	and Hospital Community and Hospital Community and Hospital Hospital Community and Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital	(53-80) 46 (28-64) 42^ (18-66) NA 37 (28-49) 48 (35-65) 66.8^ (52-81) 46.5^ (30-62)	47.0 59.0 38.5 35.9 45.2 39.4 53.5	10.0 2.5 18.2 19.9 4.9 16.6	-	2.9	86.6 - - -	90.0 - - 80.1 -	80.56 0.00 0.00 77.85 0.00 95.14 83.41	poor poor fair poor poor poor
249 240 241 30 242 243 244 47	Concha-Mejia Izquierdo Bernaola Islam Qi Peters Ouyang Ward	22 2020-07- 24 2020-07- 21 2020-08- 18 2020-03- 03 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 21 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14	Colombia Spain Spain Bangladesh China Netherlands China UK	72 71,192 1,645 1,016 267 1,893 217 99,908	and Hospital Community and Hospital Community and Hospital Hospital Community and Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital Community	(53-80) 46 (28-64) 42^ (18-66) NA 37 (28-49) 48 (35-65) 66.8^ (52-81) 46.5^ (30-62) NA 56.9^	47.0 59.0 38.5 35.9 45.2 39.4 53.5 56.1	10.0 2.5 18.2 19.9 4.9 16.6	-	2.9		90.0 - - - 80.1 - - - 88.4	80.56 0.00 0.00 77.85 0.00 95.14 83.41 0.98	poor poor fair poor poor poor poor
239 240 241 30 242 243 244 47 245	Concha-Mejia Izquierdo Bernaola Islam Qi Peters Ouyang Ward Valenzuela	22 2020-07- 24 2020-07- 21 2020-08- 18 2020-03- 03 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 21 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14	Colombia Spain Spain Bangladesh China Netherlands China UK Chile	72 71,192 1,645 1,016 267 1,893 217 99,908	and Hospital Community and Hospital Community and Hospital Hospital Community and Hospital	(53-80) 46 (28-64) 42^ (18-66) NA 37 (28-49) 48 (35-65) 66.8^ (52-81) 46.5^ (30-62) NA 56.9^ (43-70) 61 (45-74) 67 (6-97)	47.0 59.0 38.5 35.9 45.2 39.4 53.5 56.1 6.9	10.0 2.5 18.2 19.9 4.9 16.6 10.6	10.9	- - - - - - -	-	90.0 - - 80.1 - - 88.4 82.8	80.56 0.00 0.00 77.85 0.00 95.14 83.41 0.98	poor poor poor poor poor poor poor poor
239 240 241 30 242 243 244 47 245	Concha-Mejia Izquierdo Bernaola Islam Qi Peters Ouyang Ward Valenzuela Monteiro	22 2020-07- 24 2020-07- 21 2020-08- 18 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 21 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14	Colombia Spain Spain Bangladesh China Netherlands China UK Chile USA	72 71,192 1,645 1,016 267 1,893 217 99,908 29 112	and Hospital Community and Hospital Community and Hospital Hospital Community and Hospital	(53-80) 46 (28-64) 42^ (18-66) NA 37 (28-49) 48 (35-65) 66.8^ (52-81) 46.5^ (30-62) NA 56.9^ (43-70) 61 (45-74) 67 (6-97) 63 (55-70)	47.0 59.0 38.5 35.9 45.2 39.4 53.5 56.1 6.9	10.0 2.5 18.2 19.9 4.9 16.6 10.6 17.2	10.9	- - - - - - -		90.0 - - - 80.1 - - - 88.4 82.8	80.56 0.00 0.00 77.85 0.00 95.14 83.41 0.98 0.00 7.14	poor poor fair poor poor poor poor poor poor fair
239 240 241 30 242 243 244 47 245 246	Concha-Mejia Izquierdo Bernaola Islam Qj Peters Ouyang Ward Valenzuela Monteiro Philipose	22 2020-07- 24 2020-07- 21 2020-08- 18 2020-08- 15 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14	Colombia Spain Spain Bangladesh China Netherlands China UK Chile USA UK	72 71,192 1,645 1,016 267 1,893 217 99,908 29 112 466	and Hospital Community and Hospital Community and Hospital Hospital Community and Hospital	(53-80) 46 (28-64) 42^ (18-66) NA 37 (28-49) 48 (35-65) 66.8^ (52-81) 46.5^ (30-62) NA 56.9^ (43-70) 61 (45-74) 67 (6-97) 63 (55-70) 41.5^ (29-53)	47.0 59.0 38.5 35.9 45.2 39.4 53.5 56.1 6.9 34.0 41.8	10.0 2.5 18.2 19.9 4.9 16.6 10.6 17.2 6.2	10.9 - - - - - 17.9 73.2	- - - - - - - -	68.8	90.0 - - 80.1 - - 88.4 82.8	80.56 0.00 0.00 77.85 0.00 95.14 83.41 0.98 0.00 7.14 4.29	poor poor fair poor poor poor poor poor poor fair fair
239 240 241 30 242 243 244 47 245 246 247	Concha-Mejia Izquierdo Bernaola Islam Qi Peters Ouyang Ward Valenzuela Monteiro Philipose Weerahandi	22 2020-07- 24 2020-07- 21 2020-08- 18 2020-03- 03 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14	Colombia Spain Spain Bangladesh China Netherlands China UK Chile USA UK USA	72 71,192 1,645 1,016 267 1,893 217 99,908 29 112 466 394	and Hospital Community and Hospital Community and Hospital Hospital Community and Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital Community Hospital Community Hospital Community Hospital Community	(53-80) 46 (28-64) 42^ (18-66) NA 37 (28-49) 48 (35-65) 66.8^ (52-81) 46.5^ (30-62) NA 56.9^ (43-70) 61 (45-74) 67 (6-97) 63 (55-70) 41.5^ (29-53) 66.7^ (51-81)	47.0 59.0 38.5 35.9 45.2 39.4 53.5 56.1 6.9 34.0 41.8 37.0	10.0 2.5 18.2 19.9 4.9 16.6 10.6 17.2 6.2 6.0	10.9 - - - - 17.9 73.2 25.9		68.8	90.0 - - 80.1 - - 88.4 82.8	80.56 0.00 0.00 77.85 0.00 95.14 83.41 0.98 0.00 7.14 4.29 12.94 96.88	poor poor poor poor poor poor poor poor
239 240 241 30 242 243 244 47 245 246 247 248	Concha-Mejia Izquierdo Bernaola Islam Qi Peters Ouyang Ward Valenzuela Monteiro Philipose Weerahandi Ebinger	22 2020-07- 24 2020-07- 21 2020-08- 18 2020-03- 03 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14	Colombia Spain Spain Spain Bangladesh China Netherlands China UK Chile USA UK USA	72 71,192 1,645 1,016 267 1,893 217 99,908 29 112 466 394 6,062	and Hospital Community and Hospital Community and Hospital Hospital Community and Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital Community Hospital Community Community Community Community	(53-80) 46 (28-64) 42^ (18-66) NA 37 (28-49) 48 (35-65) 66.8^ (52-81) 46.5^ (30-62) NA 56.9^ (43-70) 61 (45-74) 67 (6-97) 63 (55-70) 41.5^ (29-53) 66.7^	47.0 59.0 38.5 35.9 45.2 39.4 53.5 56.1 6.9 34.0 41.8 37.0 67.8	10.0 2.5 18.2 19.9 4.9 16.6 10.6 17.2 6.2 6.0 5.3	10.9 - - - - 17.9 73.2 25.9		68.8	90.0 - - 80.1 - - 88.4 82.8	80.56 0.00 0.00 77.85 0.00 95.14 83.41 0.98 0.00 7.14 4.29 12.94 96.88 0.00	poor poor fair poor poor poor poor poor fair fair fair poor
239 240 241 30 242 243 244 47 245 246 247 248 29	Concha-Mejia Izquierdo Bernaola Islam Qi Peters Ouyang Ward Valenzuela Monteiro Philipose Weerahandi Ebinger Altibi	22 2020-07- 24 2020-07- 21 2020-08- 18 2020-08- 15 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14 2020-08- 14	Colombia Spain Spain Bangladesh China Netherlands China UK Chile USA UK USA USA	72 71,192 1,645 1,016 267 1,893 217 99,908 29 112 466 394 6,062 706	and Hospital Community and Hospital Community and Hospital Hospital Community and Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital Hospital Community Hospital Community Community Hospital Hospital	(53-80) 46 (28-64) 42^ (18-66) NA 37 (28-49) 48 (35-65) 66.8^ (52-81) 46.5^ (30-62) NA 56.9^ (43-70) 61 (45-74) 67 (6-97) 63 (55-70) 41.5^ (29-53) 66.7^ (51-81) 65.8^	47.0 59.0 38.5 35.9 45.2 39.4 53.5 56.1 6.9 34.0 41.8 37.0 67.8 43.0	10.0 2.5 18.2 19.9 4.9 16.6 10.6 17.2 6.2 6.0 5.3 1.7	10.9 17.9 73.2 25.9 - 37.3		68.8 16.5 55.8	90.0 - - - 80.1 - - 88.4 82.8	80.56 0.00 0.00 77.85 0.00 95.14 83.41 0.98 0.00 7.14 4.29 12.94 96.88 0.00	poor poor poor poor poor poor poor poor



253	Morshed	2020-08- 02	Bangladesh	103	Community	37 (31-53)	28.2	31.1	-	-	-	68.9	0.00	poor
254	Jun	2020-08- 01	USA	3,086	Hospital	66 (56-77)	40.9	3.7	21.3	-	52.8	-	22.23	poor
255	Higuchi	2020-07- 30	Japan	57	Hospital	52 (35-70)	43.9	12.3	29.8	-	57.9	-	0.00	fair
256	Zhou, Sun	2020-07- 29	China	144	Hospital	47 (38-56)	46.5	9.0	-	-	-	91.0	0.00	poor
257	Salerno	2020-08- 22	USA	15,920	Hospital	49 (30-65)	57.0	-	-	36.8	55.9	-	7.29	poor
258	Kumar	2020-07- 29	India	91	Hospital	47^ (41-52)	21.0	44.0	-	-	-	-	56.04	poor
259	Нао	2020-06- 01	China	788	Hospital	46 (35-56)	48.4	6.9	-	-	-	-	93.15	poor
260	lversen	2020-08- 03	Denmark	28,792	Community and Hospital	44.4^ (31-57)	78.9	16.0	6.5	-	76.8	-	0.67	fair
261	Hippisley-Cox	2020-07- 13	UK	8,275,949	Community and Hospital	48.5^ (30-66)	50.3	17.2	21.4	-	57.3	-	4.04	fair
262	Fillmore	2020-08- 24	USA	22,914	Community and Hospital	NA.	-	37.5	40.7	-	15.5	-	6.38	fair
263	Rashid	2020-08- 22	UK	517	Hospital	72.8^ (59-86)	31.9	9.9	29.0	-	29.4	-	31.72	poor
264	Pan	2020-08- 22	USA	12,084	Community and Hospital	45.5^ (27-63)	54.3	-	-	17.5	-	-	82.49	poor
265	Alkurt	2020-08- 20	Turkey	932	Community and Hospital	34.8^ (25-44)	64.4	24.5	-	-	-	-	75.54	poor
266	Zhao, Chen	2020-07- 30	USA	641	Hospital	60 (NA)	40.1	21.7	-	-	-	-	78.32	poor
267	Holman	2020-08- 13	UK	10,989	Community and Hospital	NA.	38.8	5.5	42.6	-	49.0	-	2.82	fair
268	Qu	2020-07- 29	China	246	Hospital	53.6^ (38-68)	53.3	42.3	-	-	-	-	57.72	poor
269	Chand	2020-08- 19	USA	300	Hospital	58.2^ (45-70)	39.3	22.3	-	-	-	-	77.67	poor

Note. – Age not provided for total sample; ^ Denotes mean (SD). * This study was rated as 'poor' quality as the manuscript only presents data for current [but not former) smokers despite having obtained complete smoking status, thus resulting in >20% missing data on smoking status.

Smoking prevalence by country

Unadjusted smoking prevalence compared with overall estimates for national adult smoking prevalence split by country and study setting is presented in Figure 2a and 2b. Lower than expected current smoking prevalence was generally observed. Former smoking prevalence was more similar to expected prevalence when reported. National smoking prevalence estimates used for comparison are presented in Supplementary table 3.



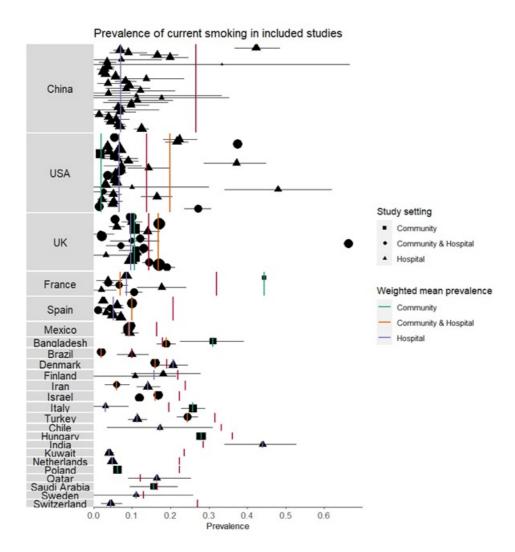


Figure 2a. Weighted mean prevalence of current smoking in included studies with 95% bootstrap confidence intervals compared with national current smoking prevalence (solid red lines), split by country. Shape corresponds to study setting (community, community and hospital, hospital) and shape size corresponds to relative study sample size.



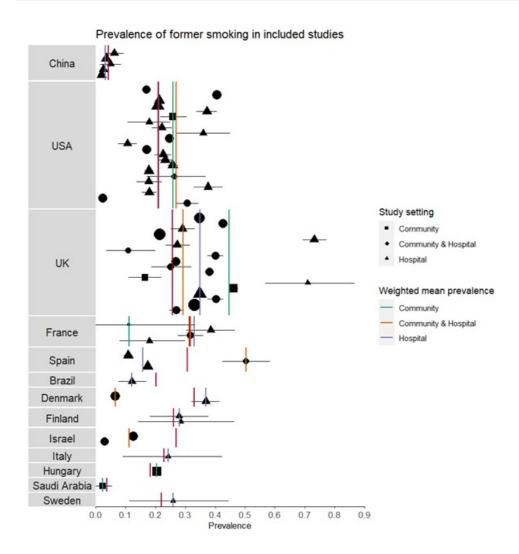


Figure 2b. Weighted mean prevalence of former smoking in included studies (where this was reported) with 95% bootstrap confidence intervals compared with national former smoking prevalence (solid red lines), split by country. Shape corresponds to study setting (community, community and hospital, hospital) and shape size corresponds to relative study sample size.

SARS-CoV-2 testing by smoking status

Three studies provided data on access to SARS-CoV-2 diagnostic testing for those meeting local testing criteria by smoking status. In a cohort study of US military veterans aged $54-75^{31}$, current smokers were more likely to receive a test: 42.3% (1,603/3,789) of the sample were current smokers compared with 23.8% of all veterans aged 50+ years using any tobacco product between $2010-2015^{32}$. In the UK Biobank cohort³³, former (RR = 1.29, 95% CI = 1.14-1.45, p < .001) and current (RR = 1.44, 95% CI = 1.20-1.71, p < .001) compared with never smokers were more likely to receive a test in a multivariable analysis. In an Australian rapid assessment screening clinic for COVID- 19^{34} , 9.4% (397/4,226) of the self-referred sample (subsequently assessed by a healthcare professional to decide on testing) were current smokers. Current compared with former or never smokers were less likely to require a test (RR = 0.93, 95% CI = 0.86-1.0, p = 0.045).

SARS-CoV-2 infection by smoking status



Forty-five studies provided data on SARS-CoV-2 infection for people meeting local testing criteria by smoking status (see Table 2). Meta-analyses were performed for one 'good' and 16 'fair' quality studies (see Figure 4 and 5). Current smokers were at reduced risk of testing positive for SARS-CoV-2 compared with never smokers (RR = 0.74, 95% Crl = 0.58-0.93, τ = 0.41, 95% Cl = 0.24-0.64). The probability of current smokers being at reduced risk of infection compared with never smokers (RR \leq 0.9) was 95%. Former compared with never smokers were at increased risk of testing positive, but data were inconclusive (RR = 1.05, 95% Crl = 0.95-1.17, τ = 0.17, 95% Cl = 0.10-0.26) and favoured there being no important association. The probability of former smokers being at increased risk of infection (RR \geq 1.1) compared with never smokers was 21%. Results were materially unchanged in the two sensitivity analyses (see Supplementary figure S2).

Table 2: SARS-CoV-2 infection by smoking status

		SARS-CoV-2	negative					SARS-CoV-2	positive				
Author	Total population tested	N (%)	Current smoker (%)	Former smoker (96)	Current/former smoker (%)	Never smoker (%)	Not stated (%)	N (%)	Current smoker (%)	Former smoker (%)	Current/former smoker (%)	Never smoker (%)	Not stated (%)
Rentsch	3528	2974 (84.30%)	1444 (48.55%)	704 (23.67%)	-	826 (27.77%)	-	554 (15.70%)	159 (28.70%)	179 (32.31%)	-	216 (38.99%)	-
Fontanet	661	490 (74.13%)	64 (13.06%)	-	-	426 (86.94%)	-	171 (25.87%)	5 (2.92%)	-	-	166 (97.08%)	-
Cho	1331	793 (59.58%)	142 (17.91%)	214 (26.99%)	-	437 (55.11%)	-	538 (40.42%)	111 (20.63%)	145 (26.95%)	-	282 (52.42%)	
Shah	243	212 (87.24%)	52 (24.53%)	47 (22.17%)	-	113 (53.30%)	-	29 (11.93%)	0 (0.00%)	9 (31.03%)	-	20 (68.97%)	-
Kolin	1474	805 (54.61%)	141 (17.52%)	307 (38.14%)	-	354 (43.98%)	3 (0.37%)	669 (45.39%)	72 (10.76%)	285 (42.60%)	-	303 (45.29%)	9 (1.35%)
de Lusignan	3291	2740 (83.26%)	366 (13.36%)	1450 (52.92%)	-	924 (33.72%)	-	551 (16.74%)	47 (8.53%)	303 (54.99%)	-	201 (36.48%)	-
'alenti	789	689 (87.33%)	197 (28.59%)	-	-	-	492 (71.41%)	40 (5.07%)	7 (17.50%)	-	-	-	33 (82.50%)
arrotta a	76	39 (51.32%)	1 (2.56%)	10 (25.64%)	-	27 (69.23%)	1 (2.56%)	37 (48.68%)	1 (2.70%)	10 (27.03%)	-	25 (67.57%)	1 (2.70%)
erumen	102875	71353 (69.36%)	-	-	7173 (10.05%)	64180 (89.95%)	-	31522 (30.64%)	-	-	2748 (8.72%)	28774 (91.28%)	-
rael	24906	20755 (83.33%)	3783 (18.23%)	2671 (12.87%)	-	14301 (68.90%)	-	41151 (165.23%)	406 (0.99%)	483 (1.17%)	-	3262 (7.93%)	-
el Valle	1108	143 (12.91%)	27 (18.88%)	53 (37.06%)	-	-	63 (44.06%)	965 (87.09%)	55 (5.70%)	293 (30.36%)	-	-	617 (63.94%)
omao	34	20 (58.82%)	-	-	5 (25.00%)	-	15 (75.00%)	14 (41.18%)	-	-	4 (28.57%)	-	10 (71.43%)
amiali	11116	4723 (42.49%)	-	-	-	-	-	6393 (57.51%)	-	-	1643.001 (25.70%)	4749.999 (74.30%)	-
harma	501	267 (53.29%)	-	-	1 (0.37%)	-	266 (99.63%)	234 (46.71%)	-	-	20 (8.55%)	-	214 (91.45%)
ugen-Olsen	407	290 (71.25%)	76 (26.21%)	104 (35.86%)	-	102 (35.17%)	-	117 (28.75%)	8 (6.84%)	46 (39.32%)	-	59 (50.43%)	
Raisi- Stabragh	4510	3184 (70.60%)	-	-	1653 (51.92%)	-	1531 (48.08%)	1326 (29.40%)	-	-	683 (51.51%)	-	643 (48.49%)



Houlihan	177	97 (54.80%)	14 (14.43%)	14 (14.43%)	-	69 (71.13%)	-	80 (45.20%)	7 (8.75%)	19 (23.75%)	-	54 (67.50%)	
McQueenie	428199	424355 (99.10%)	-	-	189299 (44.61%)	235056 (55.39%)	-	1311 (0.31%)	-	-	669 (51.03%)	642 (48.97%)	-
Woolford	4474	3161 (70.65%)	441 (13.95%)	1194 (37.77%)	-	1526 (48.28%)	-	1313 (29.35%)	145 (11.04%)	525 (39.98%)	-	643 (48.97%)	
Lan	104	83 (79.81%)	-	-	24 (28.92%)	-	59 (71.08%)	21 (20.19%)		-	1 (4.76%)	-	20 (95.24%)
Hernandez- Garduno	32583	20279 (62.24%)		-	2399 (11.83%)	17861 (88.08%)		12304 (37.76%)	-	-	1191 (9.68%)	11083 (90.08%)	
Govind	6215	6207 (99.87%)	4104 (66.12%)	1669 (26.89%)	-	342 (5.51%)	-	102 (1.64%)	78 (76.47%)	20 (19.61%)	-	2 (1.96%)	-
Gu	4699	3815 (81.19%)	360 (9.44%)	1142 (29.93%)	-	2313 (60.63%)		884 (18.81%)	40 (4.52%)	264 (29.86%)	-	580 (65.61%)	
Kibler	702	680 (96.87%)	25 (3.68%)	-	-	-	655 (96.32%)	22 (3.13%)	1 (4.55%)	-	-	-	21 (95.45%)
Petrilli	10620	5341 (50.29%)	3454 (64.67%)	816 (15.28%)		541 (10.13%)	530 (9.92%)	5279 (49.71%)	3268 (61.91%)	902 (17.09%)	-	288 (5.46%)	821 (15.55%)
Bello-Chavolla	150200	98567 (65.62%)	-	-	9624 (9.76%)	-	88943 (90.24%)	51633 (34.38%)	-	-	4366 (8.46%)	-	47267 (91.54%)
Auvinen	61	33 (54.10%)	10 (30.30%)	8 (24.24%)	-	15 (45.45%)		28 (45.90%)	1 (3.57%)	9 (32.14%)	-	18 (64.29%)	
Favara	70	55 (78.57%)	5 (9.09%)	-	-	-	50 (90.91%)	15 (21.43%)	2 (13.33%)	-	-	-	13 (86.67%)
Antonio-Villa	34263	23338 (68.11%)	2293 (9.83%)	-	-	-	21045 (90.17%)	10925 (31.89%)	1023 (9.36%)	-	-	-	9902 (90.64%)
Merzon	7807	7025 (89.98%)	-	-	1136 (16.17%)	-	5889 (83.83%)	782 (10.02%)	-	-	127 (16.24%)	-	655 (83.76%)
Trubiano	2676	2827 (105.64%)	-	-	256 (9.06%)	-	2586 (91.48%)	108 (4.04%)	-	-	3 (2.78%)	-	105 (97.22%)
Shi, Resurreccion	1521	1265 (83.17%)	-	-	681 (53.83%)	-	584 (46.17%)	256 (16.83%)	-	-	154 (60.16%)	-	102 (39.84%)
Riley	120620	120461 (99.87%)	2594 (2.15%)	-	-	19914 (16.53%)	97953 (81.32%)	159 (0.13%)	3 (1.89%)	-	-	17 (10.69%)	139 (87.42%)
Alizadehsani	319	196 (61.44%)	-	-	-	-	196 (100.00%)	123 (38.56%)	-	-	1 (0.81%)	-	122 (99.19%)
Merkely	10474	10336 (98.68%)	2904 (28.10%)	2107 (20.39%)	-	5310 (51.37%)	15 (0.15%)	70 (0.67%)	16 (22.86%)	15 (21.43%)	-	38 (54.29%)	1 (1.43%)
Mcgrail	209	118 (56.46%)	-	-	31 (26.27%)	-	87 (73.73%)	91 (43.54%)	-	-	8 (8.79%)	-	83 (91.21%)
Izquierdo	71192	NA (NA%)	-	-	-	-	-	1005 (1.41%)	111 (11.03%)	-	-	-	895 (88.97%)
Ward	99908	94416 (94.50%)	10202 (10.81%)	-	-	-	84214 (89.19%)	5492 (5.50%)	433 (7.88%)	-	-	-	5059 (92.12%)
Ebinger	6062	5850 (96.50%)	99 (1.69%)	-	-	-	5668 (96.89%)	212 (3.50%)	3 (1.42%)	-	-	-	205 (96.70%)
Salerno	15920	14753 (92.67%)	-	-	5517 (37.40%)	8278 (56.11%)	958 (6.49%)	1167 (7.33%)	-	-	339 (29.05%)	626 (53.64%)	202 (17.31%)
lversen	28792	27629 (95.96%)	4430 (16.03%)	1799 (6.51%)	-	21217 (76.79%)	246 (0.89%)	1163 (4.04%)	177 (15.22%)	78 (6.71%)	-	898 (77.21%)	10 (0.86%)
Hippisley-Cox	8275949	NA (NA%)	-	-	-	-	-	19486 (0.24%)	1354 (6.95%)	5715 (29.33%)	-	12036 (61.77%)	381 (1.96%)
Fillmore	22914	21120 (92.17%)	8137 (38.53%)	8416 (39.85%)	-	3227 (15.28%)	1340 (6.34%)	1794 (7.83%)	452 (25.20%)	899 (50.11%)	-	322 (17.95%)	121 (6.74%)
Alkurt	119	NA (NA%)	-	-	-	-	-	119 (100.00%)	14 (11.76%)	-	-	-	105 (88.24%)

Note. Niedzwiedz et al. reported on SARS-CoV-2 infection by smoking status in multivariable analyses but did not present raw data.



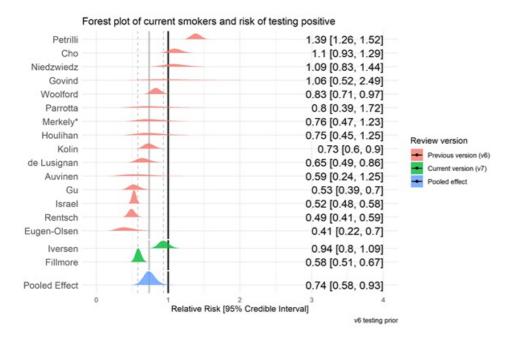


Figure 3. Forest plot for risk of testing positive for SARS-CoV-2 in current vs. never smokers. * This was a 'good' quality study.

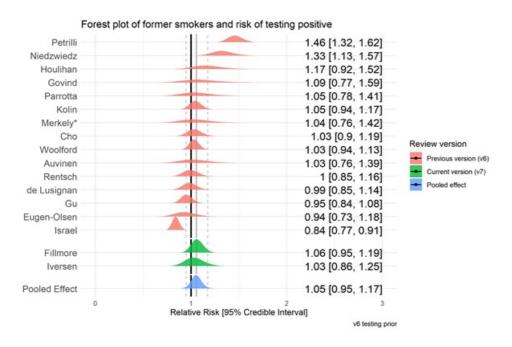


Figure 4. Forest plot for risk of testing positive for SARS-CoV-2 in former vs. never smokers.

Hospitalisation for COVID-19 by smoking status

Twenty-nine studies examined hospitalisation for COVID-19 disease stratified by smoking status (see Table 3). Meta-analyses were performed for eight 'fair' quality studies (see Figure 6 and 7). Current (RR = 1.06, CrI = 0.82-1.35, τ = 0.27, 95% CI = 0.08-0.55) and former (RR = 1.20, CrI = 1.03-1.44, τ = 0.17, 95% CI = 0.06-0.37) compared with never smokers were at increased risk of hospitalisation with COVID-19, but data for current smokers were inconclusive and favoured there

^{*} This was a 'good' quality study.



being no important association. The probability of current and former smokers being at increased risk of hospitalisation compared with never smokers was 35% and 89%, respectively. Results were materially unchanged in two sensitivity analyses (see Supplementary figure S3).

Table 3: Hospitalisation for COVID-19 by smoking status

		Commu	nity						Hospita	alised					
Author	Populatio n with outcome	N (%)	Current smoker (%)	Former smoker (%)	Current/forme r smoker (%)	Never smoker (%)	Never/unknow n smoker (%)	Not stated (96)	N (%)	Current smoker (96)	Former smoker (%)	Current/forme r smoker (%)	Never smoker (%)	Never/unknow n smoker (%)	Not stated (%)
Rentsch	554	269 (48%)	69 (25.65%)	90 (33.46%)	-	110 (40.89%)	-	-	285 (51%)	90 (31.58%)	89 (31.23%)	-	106 (37.19%)	-	-
Chow (US CDC)	6637	5143 (77%)	61 (1.19%)	80 (1.56%)		-	-	5002 (97.26%)	1494 (22%)	27 (1.81%)	78 (5.22%)		-	-	1389 (92.97%)
Argenziano	1000	151 (15%)	14 (9.27%)	18 (11.92%)	-	119 (78.81%)	-	-	849 (84%)	35 (4.12%)	161 (18.96%)	-	653 (76.91%)	-	-
Lubetzky	54	15 (27%)	-	-	4 (26.67%)	-	-	11 (73.33%)	39 (72%)	-	-	8 (20.51%)	-	-	31 (79.49%)
Carillo-Vega	9946	3922 (39%)	408 (10.40%)	-	-	-	-	3514 (89.60%)	6024 (60%)	486 (8.07%)	-	-	-	-	5538 (91.93%)
Yanover	4353	4180 (96%)	484 (11.58%)	118 (2.82%)		3578 (85.60%)		-	173 (3%)	30 (17.34%)	11 (6.36%)		132 (76.30%)		
Hamer	387109	38634 9 (99%)	37333 (9.66%)	134542 (34.82%)	-	214474 (55.51%)	-	-	760 (0%)	93 (12.24%)	313 (41.18%)		354 (46.58%)	-	-
Heili-Frades	4712	1973 (41%)	121 (6.13%)	222 (11.25%)		-	1630 (82.62%)	1630 (82.62%)	2739 (58%)	112 (4.09%)	598 (21.83%)		-	2029 (74.08%)	-
Freites	123	69 (56%)	1 (1.45%)	-		-	-	68 (98.55%)	54 (43%)	3 (5.56%)	-		-	-	51 (94.44%)
Berumen	102875	18832 (18%)	-	-	1546 (8.21%)	-	17286 (91.79%)	-	1269 0 (12%)	-	-	1202 (9.47%)	-	11488 (90.53%)	-
Gianfrancesc o	600	323 (53%)	-	-	61 (18.89%)	-	-	262 (81.11%)	277 (46%)	-	-	68 (24.55%)	-	-	209 (75.45%)



Chaudhry	40	19 (47%)	-	-	0 (0.00%)		-	19 (100.00%)	21 (52%)		-	6 (28.57%)		-	15 (71.43%)
Giannouchos	89756	58485 (65%)	4679 (8.00%)	-	-	-	53806 (92.00%)	-	3127 1 (34%)	2721 (8.70%)	-	-	-	28550 (91.30%)	-
Wang, Oekelen	57	22 (38%)	-	-	6 (27.27%)	-	-	16 (72.73%)	36 (63%)	-	-	15 (41.67%)	-	-	20 (55.56%)
Miyara	470	132 (28%)	14 (10.61%)	41 (31.06%)	-	77 (58.33%)	-	-	338 (71%)	18 (5.33%)	111 (32.84%)	-	209 (61.83%)	-	-
Suleyman	463	108 (23%)	-	-	23 (21.30%)	-	-	85 (78.70%)	355 (76%)	-	-	137 (38.59%)	-	-	218 (61.41%)
Garassino	196	48 (24%)	10 (20.83%)	27 (56.25%)	-	11 (22.92%)	-	-	152 (77%)	38 (25.00%)	84 (55.26%)	-	26 (17.11%)	-	-
Siso-Almirall	260	119 (45%)	-	-	31 (26.05%)	-	-	88 (73.95%)	141 (54%)	-	-	50 (35.46%)	-	-	91 (64.54%)
Gu	884	511 (57%)	30 (5.87%)	126 (24.66%)	-	355 (69.47%)	-	-	373 (42%)	10 (2.68%)	138 (37.00%)	-	225 (60.32%)	-	-
Killerby	531	311 (58%)	-	-	37 (11.90%)	222 (71.38%)	-	52 (16.72%)	220 (41%)	-	-	54 (24.55%)	157 (71.36%)	-	9 (4.09%)
Petrilli	5279	2538 (48%)	147 (5.79%)	337 (13.28%)	-	1678 (66.12%)	-	376 (14.81%)	2741 (51%)	141 (5.14%)	565 (20.61%)	-	1590 (58.01%)	-	445 (16.23%)
Nguyen	689	333 (48%)	-	-	57 (17.12%)	-	-	276 (82.88%)	356 (51%)	-	-	114 (32.02%)	-	-	242 (67.98%)
Mendy	689	473 (68%)	-	-	84 (17.76%)	-	-	389 (82.24%)	216 (31%)	-	-	86 (39.81%)	-	-	130 (60.19%)
Soares	10713	9561 (89%)	132 (1.38%)		-	-	9429 (98.62%)		1152 (10%)	77 (6.68%)		-	-	1075 (93.32%)	
Zobairy	203	65 (32%)	(1.54%)	-	-	-	64 (98.46%)	-	138 (67%)	11 (7.97%)	-	-	-	127 (92.03%)	-
Izquierdo	1006	743 (73%)	52 (7.00%)	-	-	-	691 (93.00%)	-	263 (26%)	16 (6.08%)	-	-	-	247 (93.92%)	-
Rizzo	76819	50000	3931 (6.55%)	11379 (18.95%)	-	30042 (50.04%)	-	14687 (24.46%)	1678 0 (21%)	1254 (7.47%)	4585 (27.32%)	-	8693 (51.81%)	-	2248 (13.40%)
Dashti	4140	2759 (66%)	-	-	600 (21.75%)	1541 (55.85%)	-	618 (22.40%)	1381 (33%)	-	-	577 (41.78%)	-	596 (43.16%)	208 (15.06%)
Pan	12084	8548 (70%)	-	-	1263 (14.78%)	-	-	7285 (85.22%)	3536 (29%)	-	-	874 (24.72%)	-	-	2662 (75.28%)



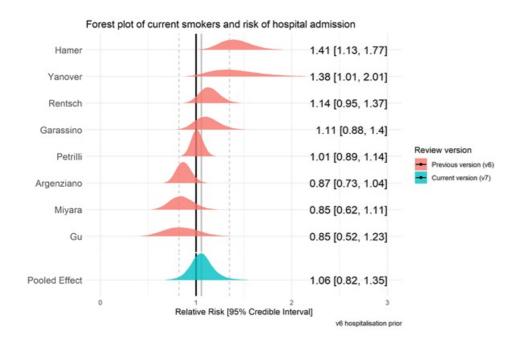


Figure 5. Forest plot for risk of hospitalisation in current vs. never smokers.

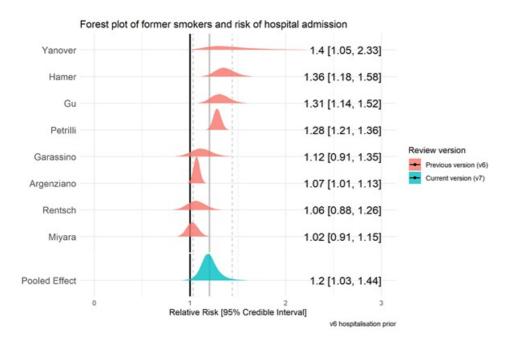


Figure 6. Forest plot for risk of hospitalisation in former vs. never smokers.

Disease severity by smoking status

Sixty studies reported disease severity in hospitalised patients stratified by smoking status (see Table 4). Severe (as opposed to non-severe) disease was broadly defined as requiring intensive treatment unit (ITU) admission, requiring oxygen as a hospital inpatient or in-hospital death. Meta-analyses were performed for eight 'fair' quality studies (see Figure 8 and 9). Current (RR = 1.25, CrI = 0.85-1.93, τ = 0.34, 95% CI = 0.01-0.86) and former (RR = 1.52, CrI = 1.13-2.07, τ = 0.29, 95% CI = 0.47-0.66) compared with never smokers were at increased risk of greater disease severity; data for current



smokers were inconclusive but favoured there being a small but important association. The probability of current and former smokers having increased risk of greater disease severity compared with never smokers was 79% and 98%, respectively. Results were materially unchanged in two sensitivity analyses (see Supplementary figure S4).

Table 4: Disease severity by smoking status

		Non seve	ere disease					Severe disease							
Author	Population with severity	N (96)	Current smoker (%)	Former smoker (%)	Current/former smoker (%)	Never smoker (%)	Never/unknown smoker (%)	Not stated (%)	N (%)	Current smoker (%)	Former smoker (%)	Current/former smoker (%)	Never smoker (%)	Never/unknown smoker (%)	Not stated (%)
Guan, Ni	1085	913 (84%)	108 (11.83%)	12 (1.31%)	-	793 (86.86%)	-	-	172 (15%)	29 (16.86%)	9 (5.23%)	-	134 (77.91%)	-	-
Zhang, Dong	9	3 (33%)	0 (0.00%)	3 (100.00%)	-	O (0.00%)	-	-	6 (66%)	2 (33.33%)	4 (66.67%)	-	0 (0.00%)	-	-
Wan	9	8 (88%)	8 (100.00%)	0 (0.00%)	-	O (0.00%)	-	-	1 (11%)	1 (100.00%)	0 (0.00%)	-	O (0.00%)	-	-
Huang, Wang	3	3 (100%)	3 (100.00%)	0 (0.00%)	-	0 (0.00%)	-	-	0 (0%)	O (-96)	0 (-96)	-	0 (-96)	-	-
Rentsch	285	168 (58%)	47 (27.98%)	53 (31.55%)	-	68 (40.48%)	-	-	117 (41%)	43 (36.75%)	36 (30.77%)	-	38 (32.48%)	-	-
Hu	323	151 (46%)	-	-	12 (7.95%)	-	139 (92.05%)	-	172 (53%)	-	-	26 (15.12%)	-	146 (84.88%)	-
Wang, Pan	125	100 (80%)	-	-	9 (9.00%)	-	91 (91.00%)	-	25 (20%)	-	-	7 (28.00%)	-	18 (72.00%)	-
Kim	27	21 (77%)	3 (14.29%)	-	-	-	18 (85.71%)	-	6 (22%)	2 (33.33%)	0 (0.00%)	-	-	4 (66.67%)	-
Shi, Yu	474	425 (89%)	-	-	34 (8.00%)	-	391 (92.00%)	-	49 (10%)	-	-	6 (12.24%)	-	43 (87.76%)	-
Liao, Feng	148	92 (62%)	-	-	5 (5.43%)	-	-	87 (94.57%)	56 (37%)	3 (5.36%)	-	-	-	-	53 (94.64%)
Shi, Ren	134	88 (65%)	-	-	8 (9.09%)	-	-	80 (90.91%)	46 (34%)	-	-	6 (13.04%)	-	-	40 (86.96%)
Hadjadj	50	15 (30%)	1 (6.67%)	2 (13.33%)	-	12 (80.00%)	-	-	35 (70%)	0 (0.00%)	7 (20.00%)	-	28 (80.00%)	-	-
Zheng, Xiong	73	43 (58%)	-	-	6 (13.95%)	37 (86.05%)	-	-	30 (41%)	-	-	2 (6.67%)	28 (93.33%)	-	-
de la Rica	48	26 (54%)	-	-	6 (23.08%)	-	-	20 (76.92%)	20 (41%)	-	-	4 (20.00%)	-	-	16 (80.00%)
Yin, Yang	106	47 (44%)	-	-	6 (12.77%)	-	-	41 (87.23%)	59 (55%)	-	-	12 (20.34%)	-	-	47 (79.66%)
Allenbach	147	100 (68%)	-	-	9 (9.00%)	-	-	91 (91.00%)	47 (31%)	-	-	0 (0.00%)	-	-	47 (100.00%)



Goyal	393	263 (66%)	14 (5.32%)		-		-	249 (94.68%)	130 (33%)	6 (4.62%)	-	-	-	-	124 (95.38%)
Feng	454	333 (73%)	27 (8.11%)	-	-	-		306 (91.89%)	121 (26%)	17 (14.05%)	-	-	-	-	104 (85.95%)
Yao	108	83 (76%)	1 (1.20%)	-	-	-	-	82 (98.80%)	25 (23%)	3 (12.00%)	-	-	-	-	22 (88.00%)
Sami	490	400 (81%)	53 (13.25%)		-	-	-	347 (86.75%)	90 (18%)	16 (17.78%)	-	-		-	74 (82.22%)
Regina	200	163 (81%)	9 (5.52%)			_	-	154 (94.48%)	37 (18%)	0 (0.00%)	_	-			37 (100.00%)
Feuth	28	21	1 (4.76%)	7	-	13	_	(34.4670)	7	2	1	-	4	-	(100.00%)
Mejia-Vilet	329	(75%) 214	_	(33.33%)	13 (6.07%)	(61.90%)		201	(25%) 115	(28.57%)	(14.29%)	10 (8.70%)	(57.14%)	_	105
Chen, Jiang	135	(65%) 54		_	4 (7.41%)			(93.93%) 50	(34%) 81			9 (11.11%)			(91.30%) 72
Vaquero-		(40%) 75	-			-	-	(92.59%) 71	(60%) 71	-	-		-	-	(88.89%) 65
Roncero	146	(51%) 1692	112	395	4 (5.33%)	-	-	(94.67%)	(48%) 798	38	247	6 (8.45%)	-	-	(91.55%)
Kim, Garg	2490	(67%) 92	(6.62%)	(23.35%)	-	-	1185 (70.04%)	-	(32%) 82	(4.76%) 11	(30.95%)	-	-	512 (64.16%)	-
Wu	174	(52%)	-	-	47 (51.09%)	-	45 (48.91%)	-	(47%)	(13.41%)	-	-	-	71 (86.59%)	
Chaudhry	40	34 (85%)	-	-	5 (14.71%)	-	-	29 (85.29%)	6 (15%)	-	-	1 (16.67%)	-	-	5 (83.33%)
Garibaldi	832	532 (63%)	25 (4.70%)	107 (20.11%)	-	-	-	400 (75.19%)	300 (36%)	21 (7.00%)	81 (27.00%)	-	-	-	198 (66.00%)
Kuderer	928	686 (73%)	35 (5.10%)	210 (30.61%)	-	370 (53.94%)		29 (4.23%)	242 (26%)	8 (3.31%)	116 (47.93%)	-	99 (40.91%)	15 (6.20%)	4 (1.65%)
Romao	14	14 (100%)	-	-	4 (28.57%)	-	-	10 (71.43%)	0 (0%)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Giannouchos	89756	78050 (86%)	6322 (8.10%)	-	-	-	71728 (91.90%)	-	11706 (13%)	1089 (9.30%)	-	-	-	10617 (90.70%)	-
Cen	1007	720 (71%)	-	-	70 (9.72%)	-	-	650 (90.28%)	287 (28%)	-	-	18 (6.27%)	-	-	269 (93.73%)
Maraschini	132	89 (67%)	-	11 (12.36%)	-	78 (87.64%)		-	43 (32%)	-	3 (6.98%)	-	40 (93.02%)	-	-
Siso-Almirall	260	212			60 (28 30%)	_	_	152	48			21 (43 75%)		_	27
Siso-Almirall	260	(81%) 511	- 30	-	60 (28.30%)	-	-	152 (71.70%)	(18%) 134	- 3 (2 24%)	- 61	21 (43.75%)	- 70	-	27 (56.25%)
Gu	884	(81%) 511 (57%) 1739	- 30 (5.87%)		60 (28.30%)	- 355 (69.47%) 1067	-		(18%)	- 3 (2.24%) 44	61 (45.52%) 236	21 (43.75%)	(52.24%) 517	-	
Gu Petrilli	884 2729	(81%) 511 (57%)	(5.87%)	126 (24.66%) 325 (18.69%)		(69.47%)	-	(71.70%)	(18%) 134 (15%)		61 (45.52%) 236 (23.84%)	-	(52.24%)	-	(56.25%)
Gu Petrilli Mendy	884 2729 689	(81%) 511 (57%) 1739 (63%) 598 (86%)	(5.87%) 97	126 (24.66%) 325	- 133 (22.24%)	(69.47%) 1067 (61.36%)	-	(71.70%) - 250 (14.38%)	(18%) 134 (15%) 990 (36%)	44	61 (45.52%) 236	37 (40.66%)	(52.24%) 517	- - -	(56.25%) - 193 (19.49%)
Gu Petrilli Mendy Pongpirul	884 2729 689 193	(81%) 511 (57%) 1739 (63%) 598 (86%) 161 (83%)	(5.87%) 97	126 (24.66%) 325 (18.69%)	- 133 (22.24%) 25 (15.53%)	(69.47%) 1067	-	(71.70%) - 250 (14.38%) 465 (77.76%) 30 (18.63%)	(18%) 134 (15%) 990 (36%) 91 (13%) 32 (16%)	44	61 (45.52%) 236 (23.84%)	- 37 (40.66%) 4 (12.50%)	(52.24%) 517 (52.22%)	-	(56.25%) - 193 (19.49%) 54 (59.34%) 7 (21.88%)
Gu Petrilli Mendy Pongpirul Jin, Gu	884 2729 689 193 6	(81%) 511 (57%) 1739 (63%) 598 (86%) 161 (83%) 2 (33%)	(5.87%) 97 (5.58%) -	126 (24.66%) 325 (18.69%)	- 133 (22.24%)	(69.47%) 1067 (61.36%) - 106	-	(71.70%) - 250 (14.38%) 465 (77.76%) 30 (18.63%) 4 (200.00%)	(18%) 134 (15%) 990 (36%) 91 (13%) 32 (16%) 4 (66%)	44 (4.44%)	61 (45.52%) 236 (23.84%)	37 (40.66%)	(52.24%) 517 (52.22%) -	-	(56.25%) - 193 (19.49%) 54 (59.34%) 7 (21.88%) 2 (50.00%)
Gu Petrilli Mendy Pongpirul	884 2729 689 193	(81%) 511 (57%) 1739 (63%) 598 (86%) 161 (83%) 2 (33%) 446 (73%)	(5.87%) 97 (5.58%) - - - 48 (10.76%)	126 (24.66%) 325 (18.69%)	- 133 (22.24%) 25 (15.53%)	(69.47%) 1067 (61.36%) - 106	-	(71.70%) - 250 (14.38%) 465 (77.76%) 30 (18.63%) 4	(18%) 134 (15%) 990 (36%) 91 (13%) 32 (16%) 4 (66%) 165 (27%)	44 (4.44%) - - 21 (12.73%)	61 (45.52%) 236 (23.84%)	- 37 (40.66%) 4 (12.50%)	(52.24%) 517 (52.22%) -	-	(56.25%) - 193 (19.49%) 54 (59.34%) 7 (21.88%) 2 (50.00%) 144 (87.27%)
Gu Petrilli Mendy Pongpirul Jin, Gu	884 2729 689 193 6	(81%) 511 (57%) 1739 (63%) 598 (86%) 161 (83%) 2 (33%) 446 (73%) 89 (68%)	(5.87%) 97 (5.58%) - - - 48 (10.76%) 26 (29.21%)	126 (24.66%) 325 (18.69%) - -	- 133 (22.24%) 25 (15.53%)	(69.47%) 1067 (61.36%) - 106 (65.84%) -	- - - - - 58 (65.17%)	(71.70%) - 250 (14.38%) 465 (77.76%) 30 (18.63%) 4 (200.00%) 398 (89.24%) 5 (5.62%)	(18%) 134 (15%) 990 (36%) 91 (13%) 32 (16%) 4 (66%) 165 (27%) 40 (31%)	44 (4.44%) - - 21 (12.73%) 22 (55.00%)	61 (45.52%) 236 (23.84%) - -	- 37 (40.66%) 4 (12.50%)	(52.24%) 517 (52.22%) - 21 (65.62%) -	- - - - - 14 (35.00%)	(56.25%) - 193 (19.49%) 54 (59.34%) 7 (21.88%) 2 (50.00%) 144
Gu Petrilli Mendy Pongpirul Jin, Gu Senkal	884 2729 689 193 6	(81%) 511 (57%) 1739 (63%) 598 (86%) 161 (83%) 2 (33%) 446 (73%) 89 (68%) 10 (37%)	(5.87%) 97 (5.58%) - - - 48 (10.76%) 26	126 (24.66%) 325 (18.69%)	- 133 (22.24%) 25 (15.53%)	(69.47%) 1067 (61.36%) - 106	- - - - - - 58 (65.17%)	(71.70%) - 250 (14.38%) 465 (77.76%) 30 (18.63%) 4 (200.00%) 398 (89.24%) 5 (5.62%) 5 (50.00%)	(18%) 134 (15%) 990 (36%) 91 (13%) 32 (16%) 4 (66%) 165 (27%) 40 (31%) 17 (62%)	44 (4.44%) - - 21 (12.73%) 22	61 (45.52%) 236 (23.84%)	- 37 (40.66%) 4 (12.50%)	(52.24%) 517 (52.22%) -	- - - - - 14 (35.00%)	(56.25%) - 193 (19.49%) 54 (59.34%) 7 (21.88%) 2 (50.00%) 144 (87.27%) 4 (10.00%) 1 (5.88%)
Gu Petrilli Mendy Pongpirul Jin, Gu Senkal	884 2729 689 193 6 611	(81%) 511 (57%) 1739 (63%) 598 (86%) 161 (83%) 2 (33%) 446 (73%) 89 (68%) 10 (37%) 469 (75%)	(5.87%) 97 (5.58%) - - - 48 (10.76%) 26 (29.21%) 1	126 (24,66%) 325 (18,69%) 2 (20,00%)	- 133 (22.24%) 25 (15.53%)	(69.47%) 1067 (61.36%) - 106 (65.84%) - - - 2 (20.00%)	- - - - - 58 (65.17%)	(71.70%) - 250 (14.38%) 465 (77.75%) 30 (18.63%) 4 (200.00%) 398 (89.24%) 5 (5.62%) 5 (50.00%) 437 (93.18%)	(18%) 134 (15%) 990 (36%) 91 (13%) 32 (16%) 4 (66%) 165 (27%) 40 (31%) 17 (62%) 150 (24%)	44 (4.44%) - - 21 (12.73%) 22 (55.00%) 2	61 (45.52%) 236 (23.84%) - - - - - - - - - - - -	- 37 (40.66%) 4 (12.50%)	(52.24%) 517 (52.22%) - 21 (65.62%) - - - - - - - - - - - - -		(56,25%) - 193 (19,49%) 54 (59,34%) 7 (21,88%) 2 (50,00%) 144 (87,27%) 4 (10,00%) 1 (5,88%) 131 (87,33%)
Gu Petrilli Mendy Pongpirul Jin, Gu Senkal Patel Maucourant	884 2729 689 193 6 611 129	(81%) 511 (57%) 1739 (63%) 598 (86%) 161 (83%) 2 (33%) 446 (73%) 89 (68%) 10 (37%) 469	(5.87%) 97 (5.58%) - - - 48 (10.76%) 26 (29.21%) 1	126 (24.66%) 325 (18.69%) 2	- 133 (22.24%) 25 (15.53%) 0 (0.00%)	(69.47%) 1067 (61.36%) - 106 (65.84%) - -	- - - - - 58 (65.17%)	(71.70%) - 250 (14.38%) 465 (77.76%) 30 (18.63%) 4 (200.00%) 398 (89.24%) 5 (5.62%) 5 (50.00%) 437 (99.18%) 8 (26.67%)	(18%) 134 (15%) 990 (36%) 91 (13%) 32 (16%) 4 (66%) 165 (27%) 40 (31%) 17 (62%) 150	44 (4.44%) - - 21 (12.73%) 22 (55.00%) 2	61 (45.52%) 236 (23.84%) - - - 5 (29.41%)	- 37 (40.66%) 4 (12.50%) 2 (50.00%)	(52.24%) 517 (52.22%) - 21 (65.62%) - - - 9 (52.94%)		(56,25%) - 193 (19,49%) 54 (59,34%) 7 (21,88%) 2 (50,00%) 144 (87,27%) 4 (10,00%) 1 (5,88%)
Gu Petrilli Mendy Pongpirul Jin, Gu Senkal Patel Maucourant Xie	884 2729 689 193 6 611 129 27	(81%) 511 (57%) 1739 (63%) 598 (86%) 161 (83%) 2 (33%) 446 (73%) 89 (68%) 10 (37%) 469 (75%) 30	(5.87%) 97 (5.58%) - - - 48 (10.76%) 26 (29.21%) 1 (10.00%)	126 (24.66%) 325 (18.69%) 2 (20.00%)	- 133 (22.24%) 25 (15.53%) 0 (0.00%)	(69.47%) 1067 (61.36%) - 106 (65.84%) - - 2 (20.00%) -	- - - - - 58 (65.17%)	(71.70%) - 250 (14.38%) 465 (77.76%) 30 (18.63%) 4 (200.00%) 398 (89.24%) 5 (5.62%) 5 (50.00%) 437 (93.18%) 8	(18%) 134 (15%) 990 (36%) 91 (13%) 32 (16%) 4 (66%) 165 (27%) 40 (31%) 17 (62%) 150 (24%) 25	44 (4.44%) - - 21 (12.73%) 22 (55.00%) 2 (11.76%)	61 (45.52%) 236 (23.84%) - - - 5 (29.41%)	- 37 (40.66%) 4 (12.50%) 2 (50.00%)	(52.24%) 517 (52.22%) - 21 (65.62%) - - - 9 (52.94%) -		(56.25%) - 193 (19.49%) 54 (59.34%) 7 (21.88%) 2 (50.00%) 144 (87.27%) 4 (10.00%) 1 (5.88%) 131 (87.33%) 9
Gu Petrilli Mendy Pongpirul Jin, Gu Senkal Patel Maucourant Xie Fox	884 2729 689 193 6 611 129 27 619	(81%) 511 (57%) 1739 (63%) 598 (86%) 161 (83%) 2 (33%) 446 (73%) 89 (68%) 10 (37%) 469 (75%) 30 (54%) 162	(5.87%) 97 (5.58%) - - 48 (10.76%) 26 (29.21%) 1 (10.00%) - 1 (3.33%)	126 (24,66%) 325 (18,69%) 2 (20,00%) - 4 (13,33%)	- 133 (22.24%) 25 (15.53%) 0 (0.00%)	(69.47%) 1067 (61.36%) - 106 (65.84%) - - 2 (20.00%) -		(71.70%) - 250 (14.38%) 465 (77.76%) 30 (18.63%) 4 (200.00%) 398 (89.24%) 5 (5.62%) 5 (50.00%) 437 (93.18%) 8 (26.67%) 154	(18%) 134 (15%) 990 (36%) 91 (13%) 32 (16%) 4 (66%) 165 (27%) 40 (31%) 17 (62%) 150 (24%) 25 (45%) 78	44 (4.44%) - - 21 (12.73%) 22 (55.00%) 2 (11.76%) -	61 (45.52%) 236 (23.84%) - - - - 5 (29.41%) - 2 (8.00%) 4	- 37 (40.66%) 4 (12.50%) 2 (50.00%)	(52.24%) 517 (52.22%) - 21 (65.62%) - - - 9 (52.94%) -		(56.25%) - 193 (19.49%) 54 (59.34%) 7 (21.88%) 24 (50.00%) 144 (87.27%) 4 (10.00%) 1 (5.88%) 131 (87.33%) 9 (36.00%) 70
Gu Petrilli Mendy Pongpirul Jin, Gu Senkal Patel Maucourant Xie Fox Zhang, Cao	884 2729 689 193 6 611 129 27 619 55	(81%) 511 (57%) 1739 (63%) 598 (86%) 161 (83%) 2 (33%) 446 (73%) 89 (58%) 10 (37%) 469 (57%) 30 (54%) 162 (67%)	(5.87%) 97 (5.58%) - - 48 (10.76%) 26 (29.21%) 1 (10.00%) - 1 (3.33%)	126 (24,66%) 325 (18,69%) 2 (20,00%) - 4 (13,33%)	- 133 (22.24%) 25 (15.53%) 0 (0.00%) 32 (6.82%)	(69.47%) 1067 (61.36%) - 106 (65.84%) - - 2 (20.00%) -		(71.70%) - 250 (14.38%) 465 (77.76%) 30 (18.63%) 4 (200.00%) 398 (89.24%) 5 (5.62%) 5 (50.00%) 437 (93.18%) 8 (26.67%) 154 (95.06%) 7	(18%) 134 (15%) 990 (36%) 91 (13%) 32 (16%) 4 (66%) 165 (27%) 40 (31%) 17 (62%) 150 (24%) 25 (45%) 78 (32%) 43	44 (4.44%) - - 21 (12.73%) 22 (55.00%) 2 (11.76%) -	61 (45.52%) 236 (23.84%) - - - - 5 (29.41%) - 2 (8.00%) 4	37 (40.66%) 4 (12.50%) 2 (50.00%) - - 19 (12.67%)	(52.24%) 517 (52.22%) - 21 (65.62%) - - - 9 (52.94%) -		(55.25%) - 193 (19.49%) 54 (59.34%) 7 (21.88%) 2 (50.00%) 144 (87.27%) 4 (10.00%) 1 (5.88%) 131 (87.33%) 9 (36.00%) 70 (89.74%) 19
Gu Petrilli Mendy Pongpirul Jin, Gu Senkal Patel Maucourant Xie Fox Zhang, Cao Kurashima	884 2729 689 193 6 611 129 27 619 55 240	(81%) 511 (57%) 1739 (63%) 598 (86%) 161 (83%) 2 (33%) 446 (73%) 89 (68%) 10 (37%) 469 (75%) 30 (54%) 162 (67%) 10 (54%	(5.87%) 97 (5.58%) - - 48 (10.76%) 26 (29.21%) 1 (10.00%) - 1 (3.33%)	126 (24,66%) 325 (18,69%) 2 (20,00%) - 4 (13,33%)	- 133 (22.24%) 25 (15.53%) 0 (0.00%) 32 (6.82%)	(69.47%) 1067 (61.36%) - 106 (65.84%) - - 2 (20.00%) -		(71.70%) - 250 (14.38%) 465 (77.76%) 30 (18.63%) 4 (200.00%) 398 (89.24%) 5 (5.62%) 5 (5.62%) 8 (50.00%) 437 (93.18%) 8 (95.06%) 7 (70.00%)	(18%) 134 (15%) 990 (36%) 91 (13%) 32 (16%) 4 (66%) 165 (27%) 40 (31%) 17 (62%) 150 (24%) 25 (45%) 78 (32%) 43 (81%) 75	44 (4.44%) - - 21 (12.73%) 22 (55.00%) 2 (11.76%) -	61 (45.52%) 236 (23.84%) - - - - 5 (29.41%) - 2 (8.00%) 4	- 37 (40.66%) 4 (12.50%) 2 (50.00%) 19 (12.67%) 24 (55.81%)	(52.24%) 517 (52.22%) - 21 (65.62%) - - - 9 (52.94%) -		(56,25%) - 193 (19,49%) 54 (59,34%) 7 (21,88%) 2 (50,00%) 144 (87,27%) 4 (10,00%) 1 (5,88%) 131 (87,33%) 9 (36,00%) 70 (89,74%) 19 (44,19%) 66
Gu Petrilli Mendy Pongpirul Jin, Gu Senkal Patel Maucourant Xie Fox Zhang, Cao Kurashima	884 2729 689 193 6 611 129 27 619 55 240 53	(81%) 511 (57%) 1739 (63%) 598 (86%) 161 (83%) 2 (33%) 446 (73%) 89 (58%) 10 (37%) 30 (54%) 162 (57%) 10 (18%) NA (NA%) NA (NA%)	(5.87%) 97 (5.58%) - - 48 (10.76%) 26 (29.21%) 1 (10.00%) - 1 (3.33%)	126 (24,66%) 325 (18,69%) 2 (20,00%) - 4 (13,33%)	- 133 (22.24%) 25 (15.53%) 0 (0.00%) 32 (6.82%) 3 (30.00%)	(69.47%) 1067 (61.36%) - 106 (65.84%) - - 2 (20.00%) -		(71.70%) - 250 (14.38%) 465 (77.76%) 30 (18.63%) 4 (200.00%) 398 (89.24%) 5 (5.62%) 5 (50.00%) 437 (93.18%) 8 (26.67%) 154 (95.06%) 7 (70.00%) - 685	(18%) 134 (15%) 990 (36%) 91 (13%) 32 (16%) 4 (66%) 165 (27%) 40 (31%) 17 (62%) 150 (24%) 25 (45%) 78 (32%) 43 (81%) 75 (100%) 52	44 (4.44%) - - 21 (12.73%) 22 (55.00%) 2 (11.76%) -	61 (45.52%) 236 (23.84%) - - - - 5 (29.41%) - 2 (8.00%) 4	- 37 (40.66%) 4 (12.50%) 2 (50.00%) 19 (12.67%) - 24 (55.81%) 9 (12.00%)	(52.24%) 517 (52.22%) - 21 (65.62%) - - - 9 (52.94%) -		(55.25%) - 193 (19.49%) 54 (59.34%) 7 (21.88%) 2 (50.00%) 144 (10.00%) 1 (5.88%) 131 (87.37%) 9 (36.00%) 70 (89.74%) 19 (44.19%) 66 (88.00%) 43
Gu Petrilli Mendy Pongpirul Jin, Gu Senkal Patel Maucourant Xie Fox Zhang, Cao Kurashima Zhan Omrani	884 2729 689 193 6 611 129 27 619 55 240 53 75	(81%) 511 (57%) 1739 (63%) 598 (86%) 161 (83%) 2 (33%) 446 (73%) 469 (68%) 10 (37%) 469 (54%) 10 (54%) 10 (54%) 10 (18%) NA (NA%) 806 (93%) 555 (60%) 6014	(5.87%) 97 (5.58%) 48 (10.76%) 26 (29.21%) 1 (10.00%) - 1 (3.33%) 2 (1.23%) 38 (6.85%) 433	126 (24,66%) 325 (18,69%) 2 (20,00%) - 4 (13,33%)	- 133 (22.24%) 25 (15.53%) 0 (0.00%) 32 (6.82%) 3 (30.00%) - 121 (15.01%)	(69.47%) 1067 (61.36%) - 106 (65.84%) - - 2 (20.00%) -		(71.70%) - 250 (14.38%) 465 (77.76%) 30 (18.63%) 4 (200.00%) 398 (89.24%) 5 (5.62%) 5 (50.00%) 437 (99.18%) 8 (26.67%) 154 (95.06%) 7 (70.00%) - 685 (88.99%) 448 (80.72%)	(18%) 134 (15%) 990 (36%) 91 (13%) 32 (16%) 4 (66%) 1655 (27%) 40 (31%) 17 (62%) 150 (24%) 25 (45%) 78 (32%) 43 (81%) 75 (100%) 55 (6%) 363 (39%)	44 (4.44%) - - 21 (12.73%) 22 (55.00%) 2 (11.76%) - 0 (0.00%) 4 (5.13%) - - - 18 (4.96%)	61 (45.52%) 236 (23.84%) - - - - 5 (29.41%) - 2 (8.00%) 4	- 37 (40.66%) 4 (12.50%) 2 (50.00%) 19 (12.67%) 24 (55.81%) 9 (12.00%) 9 (17.31%)	(52.24%) 517 (52.22%) - 21 (65.62%) - - - 9 (52.94%) - 14		(56.25%) - 193 (19.49%) 54 (59.34%) 7 (21.88%) 2 (50.00%) 144 (87.27%) 4 (10.00%) 1 (5.88%) 131 (87.33%) 9 (36.00%) 70 (89.74%) 19 (44.19%) 66 (88.00%) 43 (82.69%) 292 (80.44%) 1141
Gu Petrilli Mendy Pongpirul Jin, Gu Senkal Patel Maucourant Xie Fox Zhang, Cao Kurashima Zhan Omrani Marcos Hoertel,	884 2729 689 193 6 611 129 27 619 55 240 53 75 858 918	(81%) 511 (57%) 1739 (63%) 598 (86%) 161 (83%) 2 (33%) 446 (73%) 89 (58%) 10 (37%) 469 (57%) 30 (54%) 162 (67%) 10 (18%) NA (NA%) 806 (93%) 555 (60%)	(5.87%) 97 (5.58%) 48 (10.76%) 26 (29.21%) 1 (10.00%) - 1 (3.33%) 38 (6.85%)	126 (24,66%) 325 (18,69%) 2 (20,00%) - 4 (13,33%)	- 133 (22.24%) 25 (15.53%) 0 (0.00%) 32 (6.82%) 3 (30.00%) - 121 (15.01%)	(69.47%) 1067 (61.36%) - 106 (65.84%) - - 2 (20.00%) -		(71.70%) - 250 (14.38%) 465 (77.76%) 30 (18.63%) 4 (200.00%) 398 (89.24%) 5 (5.62%) 5 (50.00%) 437 (93.18%) 8 (26.67%) 154 (95.06%) 7 (70.00%) - 685 (84.99%) 448 (80.72%)	(18%) 134 (15%) 990 (36%) 91 (13%) 32 (16%) 4 (66%) 165 (27%) 40 (31%) 17 (62%) 150 (24%) 25 (45%) 78 (32%) 43 (81%) 75 (100%) 52 (6%) 363 (39%)	44 (4.44%) - - 21 (12.73%) 22 (55.00%) 2 (11.76%) - 0 (0.00%) 4 (5.13%) - - - 18 (4.96%)	61 (45.52%) 236 (23.84%) - - - - 5 (29.41%) - 2 (8.00%) 4	- 37 (40.66%) 4 (12.50%) 2 (50.00%) 19 (12.67%) 24 (55.81%) 9 (12.00%) 9 (17.31%)	(52.24%) 517 (52.22%) - 21 (65.62%) - - - 9 (52.94%) - 14		(56.25%) - 193 (19.49%) 54 (59.34%) 7 (21.88%) 2 (50.00%) 144 (87.27%) 4 (10.00%) 1 (5.88%) 131 (87.33%) 9 (36.00%) 70 (89.74%) 19 (44.19%) 66 (88.00%) 43 (82.69%) 292 (80.44%)



Monteiro	112	84 (75%)	3 (3.57%)	14 (16.67%)	-	63 (75.00%)	-	4 (4.76%)	28 (25%)	4 (14.29%)	6 (21.43%)	-	14 (50.00%)	-	4 (14.29%)
Dashti	1381	619 (44%)	-	-	239 (38.61%)	292 (47.17%)	-	88 (14.22%)	762 (55%)	-	-	338 (44.36%)	304 (39.90%)	-	120 (15.75%)
Morshed	103	87 (84%)	28 (32.18%)	-	-	-	59 (67.82%)	-	16 (15%)	4 (25.00%)	-	-	-	12 (75.00%)	-
Zhou, Sun	144	108 (75%)	11 (10.19%)	-	-	-	-	97 (89.81%)	36 (25%)	2 (5.56%)	-	-	-	-	34 (94.44%)
Hippisley- Cox	-	NA.	-	-	-	-	-	-	1286	56 (4.35%)	427 (33.20%)	-	791 (61.51%)	-	12 (0.93%)
Zhao, Chen	641	398 (62%)	87 (21.86%)	-	-	-	-	311 (78.14%)	195 (30%)	52 (26.67%)	-	-	-	-	143 (73.33%)
Qu	246	226 (91%)	90 (39.82%)	-	-	-	-	136 (60.18%)	20 (8%)	14 (70.00%)	-	-	-	-	6 (30.00%)

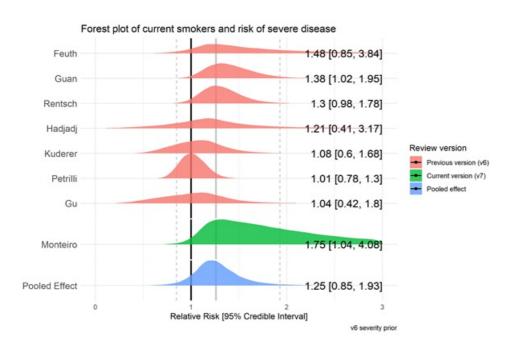


Figure 7. Forest plot for the risk of severe disease in current vs. never smokers.



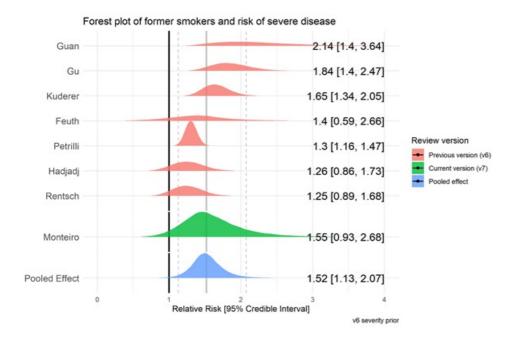


Figure 8. Forest plot for the risk of severe disease in former vs. never smokers.

Mortality by smoking status

Fifty studies reported mortality from COVID-19 by smoking status (see Table 5), with nine 'fair' quality studies included in meta-analyses (see Figure 10 and 11). Current (RR = 1.22, 95% CrI = 0.78-1.94, τ = 0.49, 95% CI = 0.16-0.99) and former (RR = 1.39, 95% CrI = 1.09-1.87, τ = 0.27, 95% CI = 0.05-0.58) compared with never smokers were at increased risk of inhospital mortality from COVID-19. Data for current smokers were inconclusive but favoured there being no important association. The probability of current and former smokers being at greater risk of in-hospital mortality compared with never smokers was 70% and 97%, respectively. Results were materially unchanged in two sensitivity analyses (see Supplementary figure S5).

Table 5: Mortality by smoking status



		Recover							Died						
Author	Population with mortality	N (%)	Current smoker (%)	Former smoker (%)	Current/former smoker (%)	Never smoker (%)	Never/unknown smoker (%)	Not stated (%)	N (%)	Current smoker (%)	Former smoker (%)	Current/former smoker (%)	Never smoker (%)	Never/unknown smoker (%)	Not stated (%)
Chen	274	161 (58%)	5 (3.11%)	5 (3.11%)	-	-	-	151 (93.79%)	113 (41%)	7 (6.19%)	2 (1.77%)	-	-	-	104 (92.04%)
Zhou, Yu	191	137 (71%)	6 (4.38%)	-	-	-	-	131 (95.62%)	54 (28%)	5 (9.26%)		-	-	-	49 (90.74%)
Yang, Yu	52	20 (38%)	2 (10.00%)	-	-	-	18 (90.00%)	-	32 (61%)	-	-	-	-	32 (100.00%)	-
Borobia	2226	1766 (79%)	113 (6.40%)	-	-	-	-	1653 (93.60%)	460 (20%)	44 (9.57%)	-	-	-	-	416 (90.43%)
Giacomelli	233	185 (79%)	-	-	53 (28.65%)	132 (71.35%)	-	-	48 (20%)	-	-	17 (35.42%)	31 (64.58%)	-	0 (0.00%)
Yao	108	96 (88%)	1 (1.04%)	-	-	-	-	95 (98.96%)	12 (11%)	3 (25.00%)	-	-	-	-	9 (75.00%)
Carillo-Vega	9946	8983 (90%)	795 (8.85%)	-	-	-	-	8188 (91.15%)	963 (9%)	99 (10.28%)	-	-	-	-	864 (89.72%)
Heng	51	39 (76%)	6 (15.38%)	-	-	-	-	33 (84.62%)	12 (23%)	1 (8.33%)	-	-	-	-	11 (91.67%)
Chen, Jiang	135	NA (NA%)	-	-	-	-	-	-	31 (22%)	-	-	4 (12.90%)	-	-	27 (87.10%)
Heili-Frades	4712	4086 (86%)	210 (5.14%)	659 (16.13%)	-	-	3217 (78.73%)	-	626 (13%)	23 (3.67%)	161 (25.72%)	-	-	442 (70.61%)	-
Kim, Garg	2490	2070 (83%)	128 (6.18%)	481 (23.24%)	-	-	1461 (70.58%)	-	420 (16%)	22 (5.24%)	161 (38.33%)	-	-	236 (56.19%)	-
Al-Hindawi	31	15 (48%)	0 (0.00%)	10 (66.67%)	-	5 (33.33%)	-	-	16 (51%)	1 (6.25%)	12 (75.00%)	-	3 (18.75%)	-	-
Louis	22	16 (72%)	-	-	7 (43.75%)	-	-	9 (56.25%)	6 (27%)	-	-	3 (50.00%)	-	-	(50.00%)
Soto-Mota	400	200 (50%)	-	-	23 (11.50%)	-	-	177 (88.50%)	200 (50%)	-	-	25 (12.50%)	-	-	175 (87.50%)
Garibaldi	747	634 (84%)	36 (5.68%)	129 (20.35%)	-	-	-	469 (73.97%)	113 (15%)	6 (5.31%)	36 (31.86%)	-	-	-	71 (62.83%)
Docherty	13364	8199 (61%)	370 (4.51%)	1832 (22.34%)	-	4179 (50.97%)	-	1818 (22.17%)	5165 (38%)	214 (4.14%)	1350 (26.14%)	-	2105 (40.76%)	-	1496 (28.96%)
Kuderer	928	807 (86%)	38 (4.71%)	262 (32.47%)	-	425 (52.66%)	-	31 (3.84%)	121 (13%)	5 (4.13%)	64 (52.89%)	-	44 (36.36%)	-	2 (1.65%)
Ramiali	11116	10498 (94%)	-	-	2771 (26.40%)	7727 (73.60%)	-	-	618 (5%)	-	-	208 (33.66%)	410 (66.34%)	-	-
Wang, Oekelen	57	43 (75%)	-	-	14 (32.56%)	-	-	29 (67.44%)	14 (24%)	-	-	7 (50.00%)	-	-	7 (50.00%)
Martinez- Portilla	224	217 (96%)	-	-	7 (3.23%)	-	-	210 (96.77%)	7 (3%)	-	-	0 (0.00%)	-	-	7 (100.00%)
Cen	1007	964 (95%)	-	-	87 (9.02%)	-	-	877 (90.98%)	43 (4%)	-	-	1 (2.33%)	-	-	42 (97.67%)
Klang	3406	2270 (66%)	-	-	492 (21.67%)	-	-	1778 (78.33%)	1136 (33%)	-	-	301 (26.50%)	-	-	835 (73.50%)
Wang, Zhong	5510	4874 (88%)	247 (5.07%)	1083 (22.22%)	-	3544 (72.71%)	-	-	636 (11%)	28 (4.40%)	214 (33.65%)	-	394 (61.95%)	-	-
Miyara	338	(62%)	13 (6.16%)	58 (27.49%)	-	141 (66.82%)	-	-	46 (13%)	1 (2.17%)	23 (50.00%)	-	21 (45.65%)	-	-
Rajter	255	209 (81%)	-	-	28 (13.40%)	181 (86.60%)	-	-	(20%)	-	-	18 (33.96%)	28 (52.83%)	-	-
Zeng	1031	866 (84%)	-	-	69 (7.97%)	-	-	797 (92.03%)	165 (16%)	-	-	36 (21.82%)	-	-	129 (78.18%)
Chen, Yu	1859	1651 (88%)	32 (1.94%)	54 (3.27%)	-	1565 (94.79%)	-	-	208 (11%)	13 (6.25%)	12 (5.77%)	-	183 (87.98%) 5	-	-
Garassino	190	124 (65%)	-	-	92 (74.19%)	32 (25.81%)	-	-	66 (34%)		61 (92.42%)	-	(7.58%)	-	-
Gu	884	864 (97%)	40 (4.63%)	250 (28.94%)	-	219 (25.35%)	-	- 22	20 (2%)	O (O.OO%)	14 (70.00%)	-	6 (30.00%)	-	7
Sigel	88	70 (79%) 208	-	-	37 (52.86%)	-	-	33 (47.14%) 217	18 (20%) 45	-	-	11 (61.11%)	-	-	(38.89%)
Nguyen	356	308 (86%)	-	-	91 (29.55%)	-	-	(70.45%)	(12%)	-	-	23 (51.11%)	-	-	22 (48.89%)
de Souza	8443	7826 (92%) 663	-	-	95 (1.21%)	-	7571 (96.74%)	160 (2.04%) 502	617 (7%) 26	-	-	47 (7.62%)	-	560 (90.76%)	10 (1.62%) 16
Mendy Shi,	532	(124%) 210	-	-	160 (24.13%)	-	-	(75.72%) 82	(496) 46	-	-	10 (38.46%)	-	-	(61.54%) 20
Resurreccion	256	(82%)	-	-	128 (60.95%)	-	-	(39.05%)	(17%)	-	-	26 (56.52%)	-	-	(43.48%)



Xie	619	591 (95%)	-	-	43 (7.28%)	-	-	548 (92.72%)	28 (4%)	-	-	8 (28.57%)	-	-	20 (71.43%)
Fox	54	35 (64%)	1 (2.86%)	4 (11.43%)	-	18 (51.43%)		12 (34.29%)	19 (35%)	0 (0.00%)	2 (10.53%)	-	12 (63.16%)	-	5 (26.32%)
Zhang, Cao	289	240 (83%)	10 (4.17%)	6 (2.50%)	-	-	-	224 (93.33%)	49 (16%)	4 (8.16%)	8 (16.33%)	-	-	-	37 (75.51%)
Gupta	496	255 (51%)	-	-	15 (5.88%)	-	80 (31.37%)	160 (62.75%)	241 (48%)	-	-	21 (8.71%)	77 (31.95%)	-	143 (59.34%)
Soares	1075	696 (64%)	38 (5.46%)	-	-	-	658 (94.54%)	-	456 (42%)	39 (8.55%)	-	-	-	417 (91.45%)	-
Thompson	470	301 (64%)	39 (12.96%)	79 (26.25%)	-	183 (60.80%)		-	169 (35%)	27 (15.98%)	49 (28.99%)	-	93 (55.03%)	-	-
Bernaola	1645	1382 (84%)	35 (2.53%)	146 (10.56%)	-	1201 (86.90%)		-	263 (15%)	6 (2.28%)	33 (12.55%)	-	218 (82.89%)	-	-
Islam	654	631 (96%)	103 (16.32%)	-	-	-		507 (80.35%)	23 (3%)	3 (13.04%)	-	-	-	-	-
Philipose	466	267 (57%)	19 (7.12%)	204 (76.40%)	-	44 (16.48%)		-	199 (42%)	9 (4.52%)	137 (68.84%)	-	33 (16.58%)	-	20 (10.05%)
Dashti	4140	3953 (95%)	-	-	1068 (27.02%)	2078 (52.57%)		804 (20.34%)	187 (496)	-	-	109 (58.29%)	56 (29.95%)	-	22 (11.76%)
Fillmore	1794	1566 (87%)	408 (26.05%)	758 (48.40%)	-	279 (17.82%)	-	98 (6.26%)	228 (12%)	44 (19.30%)	141 (61.84%)	-	43 (18.86%)	-	23 (10.09%)
Pan	3536	3302 (93%)	-	-	862 (26.11%)	-	-	2440 (73.89%)	234 (6%)	-	-	82 (35.04%)	-	-	152 (64.96%)
Zhao, Chen	474	398 (83%)	87 (21.86%)	-	-	-	-	311 (78.14%)	82 (17%)	36 (43.90%)	-	-	-	-	46 (56.10%)
Holman	10989	NA (NA%)	-	-	-	-	-	-	10989 (100%)	609 (5.54%)	4684 (42.62%)	-	5386 (49.01%)	-	310 (2.82%)
Chand	300	143 (47%)	23 (16.08%)	-	-			120 (83.92%)	157 (52%)	44 (28.03%)	-	-	-	-	113 (71.97%)

Note. Solis et al. and the OpenSAFELY Collaborative reported on mortality by smoking status in a multivariable analysis but did not present raw data for both the exposure and outcome variables.

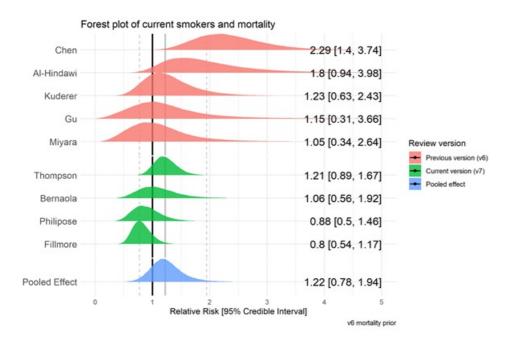


Figure 9. Forest plot for the risk of mortality in current vs. never smokers.



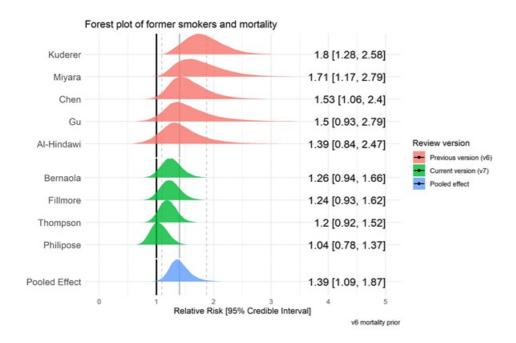


Figure 10. Forest plot for the risk of mortality in former vs. never smokers.

Discussion

This living rapid review found uncertainty in the majority of 233 studies arising from the recording of smoking status. Notwithstanding these uncertainties, compared with overall adult national prevalence estimates, recorded current smoking rates in most countries were lower than expected. In a subset of better of quality studies (n = 17), current smokers had a reduced risk of testing positive for SARS-CoV-2 but appeared more likely to present for testing and/or receive a test. Data for current smokers on the risk of hospitalisation, disease severity and mortality were inconclusive, but favoured there being no important associations with hospitalisation and mortality and a small but important increase in the risk of severe disease. Former smokers were at increased risk of hospitalisation, disease severity and mortality compared with never smokers.

Issues complicating interpretation

Interpretation of results from studies conducted during the first phase of the SARS-CoV-2 pandemic is complicated by several factors (see Figure 11):

- 1) Exposure to SARS-CoV-2 is heterogeneous with different subgroups at heightened risk of infection at different stages of the pandemic. This will likely introduce bias in studies assessing the rate of infection by smoking status conducted early on.
- 2) Current and former smokers may be more likely to meet local criteria for community testing due to increased prevalence of symptoms consistent with SARS-CoV-2 infection, such as cough, increased sputum production or altered sense of smell or taste³⁵. Evidence from a small number of studies indicates that current smokers may be more likely to present for testing, hence increasing the denominator in comparisons with never smokers and potentially inflating the rate of negative tests in



current smokers. Infection positivity rates estimated among random samples will be more informative than currently available data. We identified one population study conducted in Hungary reporting on seroprevalence and smoking status³⁶; however, the response rate was fairly low at 58.8% and the current smoking rate was 10 percentage points below national prevalence estimates, thus questioning the representativeness of the final sample. Smoking status is being collected in at least two large representative infection and antibody surveys in the UK^{37,38}.

- 3) Testing for acute infection requires swabbing of the mucosal epithelium, which may be disrupted in current smokers, potentially altering the sensitivity of assays³⁹.
- 4) Diagnostic criteria for SARS-CoV-2 infection and COVID-19 have changed during the course of the pandemic⁴⁰. It was not possible to extract details on the specific RT-PCR technique or platforms used across the included studies due to reporting gaps. Different platforms have varying sensitivity and specificity to detect SARS-CoV-2 infection.
- 5) Most included studies relied on EHRs as the source of information on smoking status. Research shows large discrepancies between EHRs and actual behaviour⁴¹. Known failings of EHRs include implausible longitudinal changes, such as former smokers being recorded as never smokers at subsequent hospital visits⁴¹. Misreporting on the part of the patient (perhaps due to perceived stigmatisation) has also been observed, with biochemical measures showing higher rates of smoking compared with self-report in hospitalised patients in the US⁴². It is hence possible that under-reporting of current and former smoking status in hospitals occurred across the included studies.
- 6) Individuals with severe COVID-19 symptoms may have stopped smoking immediately before admission to hospital and may therefore not have been recorded as current smokers (i.e. reverse causality).
- 7) Smokers with COVID-19 may be less likely to receive a SARS-CoV-2 test or present to hospital due to lack of access to healthcare and may be more likely to die in the community from sudden complications (i.e. self-selection bias) and thus not be recorded.
- 8) If there is a protective effect of nicotine on COVID-19 disease outcomes, abrupt nicotine withdrawal upon hospitalisation may lead to worse outcomes¹².
- 9) During periods of heightened demand of limited healthcare resources, current and former smokers with extensive comorbidities may have reduced priority for intensive care admission, thus leading to higher in-hospital mortality.
- 10) Given lack of knowledge of the disease progression and long-term outcomes of COVID-19, it is unclear whether studies conducted thus far in the pandemic have monitored patients for a sufficient time period to report complete survival outcomes or whether they are subject to early censoring.
- 11) Reasons for hospitalisation vary by country and time in the pandemic. For example, early cases may have been hospitalised for isolation and quarantine reasons and not due to medical necessity. It is plausible this may have skewed early data towards less severe cases. In addition, the observed association between former smoking and greater disease severity may be explained by collider bias⁴³, where conditioning on a collider (e.g. testing or hospitalisation) by design or analysis may introduce a spurious association between current or former smoking (a potential cause of testing or hospitalisation) and SARS-CoV-2 infection/adverse outcomes from COVID-19 (potentially exacerbated by smoking)⁴⁴.





Figure 11. A schematic of some of the interpretation issues for the association of smoking and SARS-CoV-2/COVID-19. * Indicates potential confounding with smoking status.

Limitations

This living rapid evidence review was limited by having a single reviewer extracting data with a second independently verifying the data extracted to minimise errors, restricting the search to one electronic database and one pre-print server and by not including at least three large population surveys due to their reliance on self-reported suspected or confirmed SARS-CoV-2 infection (which means they do not meet our eligibility criteria)^{35,45,46}. We also did not include a large, UK-based, representative seroprevalence study⁴⁷ in our meta-analyses as the odds of testing positive in former smokers was not reported. However, the odds of infection for current smokers (OR = 0.64, 95% CI = 0.58-0.71) was in concordance with the pooled estimate in our meta-analysis. Population surveys – particularly with linked data on confirmed infection or antibodies – will be included in future review versions to help mitigate some of the limitations of healthcare based observational studies. The comparisons of current and former smoking prevalence in the included studies with national prevalence estimates did not adjust observed prevalence for the demographic profile of those tested/admitted to hospital. Other reviews focused on this comparison have applied adjustments for sex and age, and continue to find lower than expected prevalence – notwithstanding the issues complicating interpretation described above¹⁷.

Implications for research, policy and practice

Further scientific research is needed to resolve the mixed findings summarised in our review. First, clinical trials of the posited therapeutic effect of nicotine could have important implications both for smokers and for improved understanding of how the SARS-CoV-2 virus causes disease in humans. Such trials should focus on medicinal nicotine (as smoked tobacco is a dirty delivery mechanism that could mask beneficial effects) and potentially differentiate between different modes of delivery (i.e. inhaled vs. ingested) since this can affect pharmacokinetics⁴⁸ and potential therapeutic effects. A second research priority would be a large, representative (randomly sampled) population survey with a validated assessment of smoking status which distinguishes between recent and long-term ex-smokers – ideally biochemically verified – and assesses seroprevalence and links to health records.

In the meantime, public-facing messages about the possible protective effect of smoking or nicotine are premature. In our view, until there is further research, the quality of the evidence does not justify the huge risk associated with a message



likely to reach millions of people that a lethal activity, such as smoking, may protect against COVID-19. It continues to be appropriate to recommend smoking cessation and emphasise the role of alternative nicotine products to support smokers to stop as part of public health efforts during COVID-19. At the very least, smoking cessation reduces acute risks from cardiovascular disease and could reduce demands on the healthcare system49. GPs and other healthcare providers can play a crucial role – brief, high-quality and free online training is available at National Centre for Smoking Cessation and Training.

Conclusion

Across 233 studies, recorded smoking prevalence was generally lower than national prevalence estimates. Current smokers were at reduced risk of testing positive for SARS-CoV-2 and former smokers were at increased risk of hospitalisation, disease severity and mortality compared with never smokers.

Declaration of conflicts of interest

DS and OP have no conflicts of interest to declare. LS has received a research grant and honoraria for a talk and travel expenses from manufacturers of smoking cessation medications (Pfizer and Johnson & Johnson). JB has received unrestricted research funding to study smoking cessation from companies who manufacture smoking cessation medications. All authors declare no financial links with tobacco companies or e-cigarette manufacturers or their representatives.

Funding statement

DS is supported by a PhD studentship from the UK Biotechnology and Biological Sciences Research Council [BB/M009513/1]. OP receives salary support from Cancer Research UK (C1417/A22962). JB, LS, & OP are members of SPECTRUM, a UK Prevention Research Partnership Consortium (MR/S037519/1). UKPRP is an initiative funded by the UK Research and Innovation Councils, the Department of Health and Social Care (England) and the UK devolved administrations, and leading health research charities.

Acknowledgements

An original short review for the Royal College of Physicians was converted to an extended living review after a request by Martin Dockrell, Tobacco Control Lead, Public Health England. All scientific decisions were made by the authors independently of funders and external organisations. The authors would like to thank Rosemary Koper for her assistance in running the electronic searches and data extraction.

Future review versions



https://www.geios.com/read/latest-UJR2AW

Previous review versions

Version 1: https://doi.org/10.32388/UJR2AW

Version 2: https://doi.org/10.32388/UJR2AW.3

Version 3: https://doi.org/10.32388/UJR2AW.4

Version 4: https://doi.org/10.32388/UJR2AW.5

Version 5: https://doi.org/10.32388/UJR2AW.6

Version 6: https://doi.org/10.32388/UJR2AW.7

Data availability

All data contributing to the current and future review versions are available here:

https://doi.org/10.6084/m9.figshare.12756020

All code required to reproduce the current and future analyses are available here: https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.4002046

References

- 1 Guan W, Ni Z, Hu YY, et al. Clinical Characteristics of Coronavirus Disease 2019 in China. N Engl J Med 2020; : NEJMoa2002032.
- 2 Hoffmann M, Kleine-Weber H, Schroeder S, et al. SARS-CoV-2 Cell Entry Depends on ACE2 and TMPRSS2 and Is Blocked by a Clinically Proven Protease Inhibitor. Cell 2020; published online March 5. DOI:10.1016/j.cell.2020.02.052.
- 3 Brake SJ, Barnsley K, Lu W, McAlinden KD, Eapen MS, Sohal SS. Smoking Upregulates Angiotensin-Converting Enzyme-2 Receptor: A Potential Adhesion Site for Novel Coronavirus SARS-CoV-2 (Covid-19). J Clin Med 2020 Vol 9 Page 841 2020; 9: 841.
- 4 Cai G. Bulk and Single-Cell Transcriptomics Identify Tobacco-Use Disparity in Lung Gene Expression of ACE2, the Receptor of 2019-nCov. 2020; published online March 2. DOI:10.20944/PREPRINTS202002.0051.V3.
- Oakes JM, Fuchs RM, Gardner JD, Lazartigues E, Yue X. Nicotine and the renin-angiotensin system. Am. J. Physiol. Regul. Integr. Comp. Physiol. 2018; 315: R895–906.
- Denholm JT, Gordon CL, Johnson PD, et al. Hospitalised adult patients with pandemic (H1N1) 2009 influenza in Melbourne, Australia. Med J Aust 2010; 192: 84–6.
- Abadom TR, Smith AD, Tempia S, Madhi SA, Cohen C, Cohen AL. Risk factors associated with hospitalisation for influenza-associated severe acute respiratory illness in South Africa: A case-population study. Vaccine 2016; 34: 5649–55.
- 8 Almirall J, González CA, Balanzó X, Bolíbar I. Proportion of community-acquired pneumonia cases attributable to tobacco smoking. Chest 1999; 116: 375–9.
- 9 Feldman C, Anderson R. Cigarette smoking and mechanisms of susceptibility to infections of the respiratory tract and other organ systems. J. Infect. 2013; 67: 169–84.
- 10 Dye JA, Adler KB. Occasional review Effects of cigarette smoke on epithelial cells of the respiratory tract. Thorax



1994; 49: 825-34.

- 11 Vardavas CI, Nikitara K. COVID-19 and smoking: A systematic review of the evidence. Tob Induc Dis 2020; 18: 20.
- Farsalinos K, Niaura R, Le Houezec J, et al. Editorial: Nicotine and SARS-CoV-2: COVID-19 may be a disease of the nicotinic cholinergic system. Toxicol Rep 2020; published online April. DOI:10.1016/j.toxrep.2020.04.012.
- Emami A, Javanmardi F, Pirbonyeh N, Akbari A. Prevalence of Underlying Diseases in Hospitalized Patients with COVID-19: a Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. Arch Acad Emerg Med 2020; 8: e35.
- Alqahtani JS, Oyelade T, Aldhahir AM, et al. Prevalence, Severity and Mortality associated with COPD and Smoking in patients with COVID-19: A Rapid Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.03.25.20043745.
- Patanavanich R, Glantz SA. Smoking is Associated with COVID-19 Progression: A Meta-Analysis. medRxiv 2020. DOI:10.14171/j.2095-5944.sg.2014.02.004.
- Berlin I, Thomas D, Le Faou A-L, Cornuz J. COVID-19 and Smoking. Nicotine Tob Res DOI:10.1093/NTR/NTAA059.
- Farsalinos K, Barbouni A, Niaura R. Systematic review of the prevalence of current smoking among hospitalized COVID-19 patients in China: could nicotine be a therapeutic option? Intern Emerg Med 2020; published online May 9. DOI:10.1007/s11739-020-02355-7.
- Grundy* EJ, Suddek* T, Filippidis FT, Majeed A, Coronini-Cronberg S. Smoking, SARS-CoV-2 and COVID-19: A review of reviews considering implications for public health policy and practice. Tob Induc Dis 2020; 18. DOI:10.18332/tid/124788.
- 19 Elliott JH, Turner T, Clavisi O, et al. Living Systematic Reviews: An Emerging Opportunity to Narrow the Evidence-Practice Gap. PLoS Med 2014; 11. DOI:10.1371/journal.pmed.1001603.
- Tricco AC, Antony J, Zarin W, et al. A scoping review of rapid review methods. BMC Med 2015; 13: 224.
- 21 Simons D, Brown J, Shahab L, Perski O. Smoking and COVID-19: Rapid evidence review for the Royal College of Physicians, London (UK). Qeios 2020; published online April 1. DOI:10.32388/VGJCUN.
- 22 R Core Team. The R Project for Statistical Computing. 2013; : 1–12.
- Bürkner P-C. Advanced Bayesian Multilevel Modeling with the R Package brms. ArXiv170511123 Stat 2017; published online Oct 15. http://arxiv.org/abs/1705.11123 (accessed July 26, 2020).
- Simons D, Shahab L, Brown J, Perski O. The association of smoking status with SARS-CoV-2 infection, hospitalisation and mortality from COVID-19: A living rapid evidence review (version 5). Qeios 2020; published online July 1. DOI:10.32388/UJR2AW.6.
- 25 Efron B. Better bootstrap confidence intervals. J Am Stat Assoc 1987; 82: 171–85.
- Miyara M, Tubach F, Martinez V, et al. Low rate of daily smokers in patients with symptomatic COVID-19. medrxiv 2020; : 2020.06.10.20127514.
- 27 Rimland CA, Morgan CE, Bell GJ, et al. Clinical characteristics and early outcomes in patients with COVID-19 treated with tocilizumab at a United States academic center. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.05.13.20100404.
- Yannick Girardeau, Yoan Gallous, Guillaume de Bonnecaze, et al. Confirmed central olfactory system lesions on brain MRI in COVID-19 patients with anosmia: a case-series | medRxiv. https://doi.org/10.1101/2020.07.08.20148692



(accessed Aug 25, 2020).

- Ebinger J, Botwin GJ, Albert CM, et al. SARS-CoV-2 Seroprevalence Across a Diverse Cohort of Healthcare Workers. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.07.31.20163055.
- 30 Islam MZ, Riaz BK, Islam AS, et al. Risk factors associated with morbidity and mortality outcomes of COVID-19 patients on the 14th and 28th day of the disease course: a retrospective cohort study in Bangladesh. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.08.17.20176586.
- Rentsch CT, Kidwai-Khan F, Tate JP, et al. Covid-19 Testing, Hospital Admission, and Intensive Care Among 2,026,227 United States Veterans Aged 54-75 Years. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.04.09.20059964.
- Odani S. Tobacco Product Use Among Military Veterans United States, 2010–2015. MMWR Morb Mortal Wkly Rep 2018; 67. DOI:10.15585/mmwr.mm6701a2.
- Niedzwiedz CL, O'Donnell CA, Jani BD, et al. Ethnic and socioeconomic differences in SARS-CoV-2 infection: prospective cohort study using UK Biobank. BMC Med 2020; 18: 160.
- Trubiano JA, Vogrin S, Smibert OC, et al. COVID-MATCH65 A prospectively derived clinical decision rule for severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.06.30.20143818.
- Hopkinson NS, Rossi NN, Moustafa JE-SSE, et al. Current tobacco smoking and risk from COVID-19 results from a population symptom app in over 2.4 million people. medrxiv 2020; 44: 2020.05.18.20105288.
- Merkely B, Szabó AJ, Kosztin A, et al. Novel coronavirus epidemic in the Hungarian population, a cross-sectional nationwide survey to support the exit policy in Hungary. GeroScience 2020; published online July 17. DOI:10.1007/s11357-020-00226-9.
- Major home testing programme for coronavirus will track levels of infection in the community GOV.UK. https://www.gov.uk/government/news/major-home-testing-programme-for-coronavirus-will-track-levels-of-infection-in-the-community (accessed May 22, 2020).
- 38 COVID-19 Infection Survey (CIS) Office for National Statistics.

 https://www.ons.gov.uk/surveys/informationforhouseholdsandindividuals/householdandindividualsurveys/covid19infection surveycis (accessed June 30, 2020).
- de Lusignan S, Dorward J, Correa A, et al. Risk factors for SARS-CoV-2 among patients in the Oxford Royal College of General Practitioners Research and Surveillance Centre primary care network: a cross-sectional study. Lancet Infect Dis 2020; 0. DOI:10.1016/S1473-3099(20)30371-6.
- World Health Organisation. Laboratory testing for 2019 novel coronavirus (2019-nCoV) in suspected human cases. https://www.who.int/publications-detail-redirect/10665-331501 (accessed July 29, 2020).
- Polubriaginof F, Salmasian H, Albert DA, Vawdrey DK. Challenges with Collecting Smoking Status in Electronic Health Records. AMIA Annu Symp Proc AMIA Symp 2017; 2017: 1392–400.
- Benowitz NL, Schultz KE, Haller CA, Wu AHB, Dains KM, Jacob P. Prevalence of smoking assessed biochemically in an urban public hospital: a rationale for routine cotinine screening. Am J Epidemiol 2009; 170: 885–91.
- 43 Griffith G, Morris TT, Tudball M, et al. Collider bias undermines our understanding of COVID-19 disease risk and severity. medRxiv 2020;: 2020.05.04.20090506.
- 44 Murray E. Causation in smoking and COVID-19. Twitter. 2020.



https://twitter.com/EpiEllie/status/1258607277357006849?s=20.

- Bowyer RCE, Varsavsky T, Carole H. Geo-social gradients in predicted COVID-19 prevalence and severity in Great Britain: results from Affiliations: Corresponding authors: Understanding the geographical distribution of COVID-19 through the general population is key to the provision of ade. 2020.
- Jackson SE, Brown J, Shahab L, Steptoe A, Fancourt D. COVID-19, smoking, and inequalities: a cross-sectional survey of adults in the UK. Submitted 2020.
- Ward H, Atchison CJ, Whitaker M, et al. Antibody prevalence for SARS-CoV-2 in England following first peak of the pandemic: REACT2 study in 100,000 adults. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.08.12.20173690.
- Shahab L, Brose LS, West R. Novel delivery systems for nicotine replacement therapy as an aid to smoking cessation and for harm reduction: Rationale, and evidence for advantages over existing systems. CNS Drugs 2013; 27: 1007–19.
- Stead LF, Buitrago D, Preciado N, Sanchez G, Hartmann-Boyce J, Lancaster T. Physician advice for smoking cessation. Cochrane Database Syst. Rev. 2013; 2017. DOI:10.1002/14651858.CD000165.pub4.
- Guan W, Liang W, Zhao Y, et al. Comorbidity and its impact on 1590 patients with COVID-19 in China: a nationwide analysis. Eur Respir J 2020; 55. DOI:10.1183/13993003.00547-2020.
- Lian J, Jin X, Hao S, et al. Analysis of Epidemiological and Clinical Features in Older Patients With Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) Outside Wuhan. Clin Infect Dis DOI:10.1093/cid/ciaa242.
- Jin X, Lian J-S, Hu J-H, et al. Epidemiological, clinical and virological characteristics of 74 cases of coronavirus-infected disease 2019 (COVID-19) with gastrointestinal symptoms. Gut 2020; 69: 1002–9.
- Chen T, Wu D, Chen H, et al. Clinical characteristics of 113 deceased patients with coronavirus disease 2019: retrospective study. BMJ 2020; 368. DOI:10.1136/bmj.m1091.
- Zhou F, Yu T, Du R, et al. Clinical course and risk factors for mortality of adult inpatients with COVID-19 in Wuhan, China: a retrospective cohort study. The Lancet 2020; 395: 1054–62.
- Mo P, Xing Y, Xiao Y, et al. Clinical characteristics of refractory COVID-19 pneumonia in Wuhan, China. Clin Infect Dis DOI:10.1093/cid/ciaa270.
- Zhang J, Dong X, Cao Y, et al. Clinical characteristics of 140 patients infected with SARS-CoV-2 in Wuhan, China. Allergy 2020; 75: 1730–41.
- Wan S, Xiang Y, Fang W, et al. Clinical features and treatment of COVID-19 patients in northeast Chongqing. J Med Virol 2020; 92: 797–806.
- Liu W, Tao Z-W, Wang L, et al. Analysis of factors associated with disease outcomes in hospitalized patients with 2019 novel coronavirus disease. Chin Med J (Engl) 2020; 133: 1032–1038.
- Huang C, Wang Y, Li X, et al. Clinical features of patients infected with 2019 novel coronavirus in Wuhan, China. The Lancet 2020; 395: 497–506.
- Zhang X, Cai H, Hu J, et al. Epidemiological, clinical characteristics of cases of SARS-CoV-2 infection with abnormal imaging findings. Int J Infect Dis 2020; 94: 81–7.
- Guo T, Fan Y, Chen M, et al. Cardiovascular Implications of Fatal Outcomes of Patients With Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19). JAMA Cardiol 2020; 5: 811–8.



- 62 Liu R, Ming X, Xu O, et al. Association of Cardiovascular Manifestations with In-hospital Outcomes in Patients with COVID-19: A Hospital Staff Data. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.02.29.20029348.
- Huang Y, Yang R, Xu Y, Gong P. Clinical characteristics of 36 non-survivors with COVID-19 in Wuhan, China. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.02.27.20029009.
- Xu H, Hou K, Xu H, et al. Acute Myocardial Injury of Patients with Coronavirus Disease 2019. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.03.05.20031591.
- Li J, Li S, Cai Y, et al. Epidemiological and Clinical Characteristics of 17 Hospitalized Patients with 2019 Novel Coronavirus Infections Outside Wuhan, China. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.02.11.20022053.
- Hu L, Chen S, Fu Y, et al. Risk Factors Associated with Clinical Outcomes in 323 COVID-19 Patients in Wuhan, China. medRxiv 2020: : 2020.03.25.20037721.
- Wang R, Pan M, Zhang X, et al. Epidemiological and clinical features of 125 Hospitalized Patients with COVID-19 in Fuyang, Anhui, China. Int J Infect Dis 2020; 95: 421–8.
- 68 CDCMMWR. Preliminary Estimates of the Prevalence of Selected Underlying Health Conditions Among Patients with Coronavirus Disease 2019 United States, February 12–March 28, 2020. MMWR Morb Mortal Wkly Rep 2020; 69. DOI:10.15585/mmwr.mm6913e2.
- 69 Dong X, Cao Y, Lu X, et al. Eleven faces of coronavirus disease 2019. Allergy 2020; 75: 1699–709.
- Kim ES, Chin BS, Kang CK, et al. Clinical Course and Outcomes of Patients with Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus 2 Infection: a Preliminary Report of the First 28 Patients from the Korean Cohort Study on COVID-19. J Korean Med Sci 2020; 35. DOI:10.3346/jkms.2020.35.e142.
- Shi Y, Yu X, Zhao H, Wang H, Zhao R, Sheng J. Host susceptibility to severe COVID-19 and establishment of a host risk score: findings of 487 cases outside Wuhan. Crit Care 2020; 24: 108.
- Yang X, Yu Y, Xu J, et al. Clinical course and outcomes of critically ill patients with SARS-CoV-2 pneumonia in Wuhan, China: a single-centered, retrospective, observational study. Lancet Respir Med 2020; 8: 475–81.
- Argenziano MG, Bruce SL, Slater CL, et al. Characterization and clinical course of 1000 patients with coronavirus disease 2019 in New York: retrospective case series. BMJ 2020; 369. DOI:10.1136/bmj.m1996.
- Solís P, Carreňo H. COVID-19 Fatality and Comorbidity Risk Factors among Confirmed Patients in Mexico. Epidemiology, 2020 DOI:10.1101/2020.04.21.20074591.
- Richardson S, Hirsch JS, Narasimhan M, et al. Presenting Characteristics, Comorbidities, and Outcomes Among 5700 Patients Hospitalized With COVID-19 in the New York City Area. JAMA 2020; 323: 2052–9.
- Fontanet A, Tondeur L, Madec Y, et al. Cluster of COVID-19 in northern France: A retrospective closed cohort study. medRxiv 2020;: 2020.04.18.20071134.
- Zheng KI, Gao F, Wang X-B, et al. Letter to the Editor: Obesity as a risk factor for greater severity of COVID-19 in patients with metabolic associated fatty liver disease. Metabolism 2020; 108: 154244.
- Liao Y, Feng Y, Wang B, et al. Clinical Characteristics and Risk factors for developed COVID-19 patients transferring to designated hospital from Jianghan Fangcang shelter Hospital: a retrospective, observational study. medRxiv 2020: 2020.04.21.20074724.
- 79 Gil-Agudo A, Rodriguez-Cola M, Jimenez-Velasco I, et al. Clinical features of coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-



- 19) in a cohort of patients with disability due to spinal cord injury. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.04.20.20072918.
- 80 Shi P, Ren G, Yang J, et al. Clinical characteristics of imported and second-generation COVID-19 cases outside Wuhan, China: A multicenter retrospective study. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.04.19.20071472.
- Hadjadj J, Yatim N, Barnabei L, et al. Impaired type I interferon activity and exacerbated inflammatory responses in severe Covid-19 patients. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.04.19.20068015.
- Gold JAW, Wong KK, Szablewski CM, et al. Characteristics and Clinical Outcomes of Adult Patients Hospitalized with COVID-19 Georgia, March 2020. MMWR Morb Mortal Wkly Rep 2020; 69: 545–50.
- Yu T, Cai S, Zheng Z, et al. Association Between Clinical Manifestations and Prognosis in Patients with COVID-19. Clin Ther 2020; 42: 964–72.
- Zheng Y, Xiong C, Liu Y, et al. Epidemiological and clinical characteristics analysis of COVID-19 in the surrounding areas of Wuhan, Hubei Province in 2020. Pharmacol Res 2020; 157: 104821.
- Rica R de Ia, Borges M, Aranda M, et al. Low albumin levels are associated with poorer outcomes in a case series of COVID-19 patients in Spain: a retrospective cohort study. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.05.07.20094987.
- Yin R, Yang Z, Wei Y, et al. Clinical characteristics of 106 patients with neurological diseases and co-morbid coronavirus disease 2019: a retrospective study. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.04.29.20085415.
- 87 Shi H, Zuo Y, Yalavarthi S, et al. Neutrophil calprotectin identifies severe pulmonary disease in COVID-19. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.05.06.20093070.
- 88 Cho ER, Slutsky AS, Jha P. Smoking and the risk of COVID-19 infection in the UK Biobank Prospective Study. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.05.05.20092445.
- Allenbach Y, Saadoun D, Maalouf G, et al. Multivariable prediction model of intensive care unit transfer and death: a French prospective cohort study of COVID-19 patients. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.05.04.20090118.
- 90 Robilotti EV, Babady NE, Mead PA, et al. Determinants of Severity in Cancer Patients with COVID-19 Illness. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.05.04.20086322.
- 91 Williamson EJ, Walker AJ, Bhaskaran K, et al. OpenSAFELY: factors associated with COVID-19 death in 17 million patients. Nature 2020; : 1–11.
- 92 Borobia AM, Carcas AJ, Arnalich F, et al. A Cohort of Patients with COVID-19 in a Major Teaching Hospital in Europe. J Clin Med 2020; 9: 1733.
- Giacomelli A, Ridolfo AL, Milazzo L, et al. 30-day mortality in patients hospitalized with COVID-19 during the first wave of the Italian epidemic: A prospective cohort study. Pharmacol Res 2020; 158: 104931.
- Shah SJ, Barish PN, Prasad PA, et al. Clinical features, diagnostics, and outcomes of patients presenting with acute respiratory illness: a comparison of patients with and without COVID-19. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.05.02.20082461.
- 95 Kolin DA, Kulm S, Elemento O. Clinical and Genetic Characteristics of Covid-19 Patients from UK Biobank. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.05.05.20075507.
- Lubetzky M, Aull M, Craig-Shapiro R, et al. Kidney Allograft Recipients Diagnosed with Coronavirus Disease-2019: A Single Center Report. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.04.30.20086462.
- 97 Goyal P, Choi JJ, Pinheiro LC, et al. Clinical Characteristics of Covid-19 in New York City. N Engl J Med 2020; 382: 2372–4.



- Feng Y, Ling Y, Bai T, et al. COVID-19 with Different Severities: A Multicenter Study of Clinical Features. Am J Respir Crit Care Med 2020; 201: 1380–8.
- Yao Q, Wang P, Wang X, Qie G, Chu Y. A retrospective study of risk factors for severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 infections in hospitalized adult patients. DOI:10.20452/pamw.15312.
- Sami R, Soltaninejad F, Amra B, et al. A one-year hospital-based prospective COVID-19 open-cohort in the Eastern Mediterranean region: The Khorshid COVID Cohort (KCC) study. medRxiv 2020;: 2020.05.11.20096727.
- Almazeedi S, Youha SA, Jamal MH, et al. Clinical Characteristics, Risk Factors and Outcomes Among the First Consecutive 1,096 Patients Diagnosed with COVID-19: The Kuwait Experience. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.05.09.20096495.
- 102 Carrillo-Vega MF, Salinas-Escudero G, Garcia-Peña C, Gutierrez-Robledo LM, Parra-Rodriguez L. Early estimation of the risk factors for hospitalisation and mortality by COVID-19 in Mexico. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.05.11.20098145.
- Yanover C, Mizrahi B, Kalkstein N, et al. What factors increase the risk of complications in SARS-CoV-2 positive patients? A cohort study in a nationwide Israeli health organization. medRxiv 2020;: 2020.05.07.20091652.
- Hamer M, Kivimäki M, Gale CR, Batty GD. Lifestyle risk factors, inflammatory mechanisms, and COVID-19 hospitalization: A community-based cohort study of 387,109 adults in UK. Brain Behav Immun 2020; 87: 184–7.
- Regina J, Papadimitriou-Olivgeris M, Burger R, et al. Epidemiology, risk factors and clinical course of SARS-CoV-2 infected patients in a Swiss university hospital: an observational retrospective study. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.05.11.20097741.
- de Lusignan S, Dorward J, Correa A, et al. Risk factors for SARS-CoV-2 among patients in the Oxford Royal College of General Practitioners Research and Surveillance Centre primary care network: a cross-sectional study. Lancet Infect Dis 2020;: S1473309920303716.
- Targher G, Mantovani A, Wang X-B, et al. Patients with diabetes are at higher risk for severe illness from COVID-19. Diabetes Metab 2020; published online May 13. DOI:10.1016/j.diabet.2020.05.001.
- Valenti L, Bergna A, Pelusi S, et al. SARS-CoV-2 seroprevalence trends in healthy blood donors during the COVID-19 Milan outbreak. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.05.11.20098442.
- Feuth T, Saaresranta T, Karlsson A, et al. Is sleep apnoea a risk factor for Covid-19? Findings from a retrospective cohort study. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.05.14.20098319.
- 110 Ge H, Zhu M, Du J, et al. Cardiac Structural and Functional Characteristics in Patients with Coronavirus Disease 2019: A Serial Echocardiographic Study. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.05.12.20095885.
- Parrotta E, Kister I, Charvet L, et al. COVID-19 outcomes in MS: Observational study of early experience from NYU Multiple Sclerosis Comprehensive Care Center. Neurol Neuroimmunol Neuroinflammation 2020; 7: e835.
- Shekhar R, Sheikh AB, Upadhyay S, Atencio J, Kapuria D. Early experience with COVID-19 patients at academic hospital in Southwestern United States. Infect Dis 2020; 52: 596–9.
- 113 Mejia-Vilet JM, Cordova-Sanchez BM, Fernandez-Camargo D, Mendez-Perez RA, Morales-Buenrostro LE, Hernandez-Gilsoul T. A Risk Score to Predict Admission to Intensive Care Unit in Patients With COVID-19: The ABC-GOALS Score. medRxiv 2020;: 2020.05.12.20099416.
- 114 Chen C, Jiang J, Xu X, Hu Y, Hu Y, Zhao Y. Dynamic liver function indexes monitoring and clinical characteristics in three types of COVID-19 patients. medRxiv 2020;: 2020.05.13.20099614.



- Li J, Chen Y, Chen S, et al. Derivation and validation of a prognostic model for predicting in-hospital mortality in patients admitted with COVID-19 in Wuhan, China: the PLANS (Platelet Lymphocyte Age Neutrophil Sex) model. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.05.13.20100370.
- Palaiodimos L, Kokkinidis DG, Li W, et al. Severe obesity, increasing age and male sex are independently associated with worse in-hospital outcomes, and higher in-hospital mortality, in a cohort of patients with COVID-19 in the Bronx, New York. Metabolism 2020; 108: 154262.
- 117 Ip A, Berry DA, Hansen E, et al. Hydroxychloroquine and Tocilizumab Therapy in COVID-19 Patients An Observational Study. medRxiv 2020;: 2020.05.21.20109207.
- Heili-Frades S. COVID-19 Outcomes in 4712 consecutively confirmed SARS-CoV2 cases in the city of Madrid. medRxiv https://doi.org/10.1101/2020.05.22.20109850 (accessed July 27, 2020).
- 119 Vaquero LM, Barrado MES, Escobar D, et al. C-Reactive protein and SOFA score as early predictors of critical care requirement in patients with COVID-19 pneumonia in Spain. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.05.22.20110429.
- 120 Kim L, Garg S, O'Halloran A, et al. Interim Analysis of Risk Factors for Severe Outcomes among a Cohort of Hospitalized Adults Identified through the U.S. Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19)-Associated Hospitalization Surveillance Network (COVID-NET). medRxiv 2020;: 2020.05.18.20103390.
- Wu MA, Fossali T, Pandolfi L, et al. COVID-19: the key role of pulmonary capillary leakage. An observational cohort study. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.05.17.20104877.
- Shi Q, Zhao K, Yu J, et al. Clinical characteristics of 101 COVID-19 nonsurvivors in Wuhan, China: a retrospective study. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.03.04.20031039.
- Al-Hindawi A, Sokhi J, Cuddihy J, et al. COVID-19 in London, a Case Series Demonstrating Late Improvement in Survivors. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.05.16.20103853.
- Basse C, Diakite S, Servois V, et al. Characteristics and outcome of SARS-CoV-2 infection in cancer patients. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.05.14.20101576.
- Freites D, Leon L, Mucientes A, et al. Risk factors for hospital admission related to COVID-19 in inflammatory rheumatic diseases. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.05.14.20101584.
- Alshami AA, Alattas RA, Anan HF, et al. Silent Disease and Loss of Taste and Smell are Common Manifestations of SARS-COV-2 Infection in a Quarantine Facility: First report from Saudi Arabia. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.05.13.20100222.
- Berumen J, Schmulson M, Alegre J, et al. Risk of infection and hospitalization by Covid-19 in Mexico: a case-control study. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.05.24.20104414.
- Gianfrancesco M, Hyrich KL, Al-Adely S, et al. Characteristics associated with hospitalisation for COVID-19 in people with rheumatic disease: data from the COVID-19 Global Rheumatology Alliance physician-reported registry. Ann Rheum Dis 2020; 79: 859–66.
- Li J, Long X, Zhu C, et al. Olfactory Dysfunction in Recovered Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) Patients. Mov Disord; n/a. DOI:10.1002/mds.28172.
- Batty GD, Deary I, Luciano M, Altschul D, Kivimaki M, Gale C. Psychosocial factors and hospitalisations for COVID-19: Prospective cohort study of the general population. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.05.29.20100735.
- 131 Israel A, Feldhamer I, Lahad A, Levin-Zamir D, Lavie G. Smoking and the risk of COVID-19 in a large observational



population study. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.06.01.20118877.

- Valle DMD, Kim-schulze S, Hsin-hui H, et al. An inflammatory cytokine signature helps predict COVID-19 severity and death. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.05.28.20115758.
- 133 Chaudhry F, Bulka H, Rathnam AS, et al. COVID-19 in Multiple Sclerosis Patients and Risk Factors for Severe Infection. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.05.27.20114827.
- Louis S, Dhawan A, Newey C, et al. Continuous Electroencephalography (cEEG) Characteristics and Acute Symptomatic Seizures in COVID-19 Patients. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.05.26.20114033.
- Soto-Mota A, Garza BAM, Rodriguez EM, et al. THE LOW-HARM SCORE FOR PREDICTING MORTALITY IN PATIENTS DIAGNOSED WITH COVID-19: A MULTICENTRIC VALIDATION STUDY. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.05.26.20111120.
- Garibaldi BT, Fiksel J, Muschelli J, et al. Patient trajectories and risk factors for severe outcomes among persons hospitalized for COVID-19 in the Maryland/DC region. medRxiv 2020;: 2020.05.24.20111864.
- Docherty AB, Harrison EM, Green CA, et al. Features of 20 133 UK patients in hospital with covid-19 using the ISARIC WHO Clinical Characterisation Protocol: prospective observational cohort study. BMJ 2020; 369. DOI:10.1136/bmj.m1985.
- Boulware DR, Pullen MF, Bangdiwala AS, et al. A Randomized Trial of Hydroxychloroquine as Postexposure Prophylaxis for Covid-19. N Engl J Med 2020; published online June 3. DOI:10.1056/NEJMoa2016638.
- Kuderer NM, Choueiri TK, Shah DP, et al. Clinical impact of COVID-19 on patients with cancer (CCC19): a cohort study. The Lancet 2020; 395: 1907–18.
- Romão VC, Oliveira-Ramos F, Cruz-Machado AR, et al. A COVID-19 outbreak in a rheumatology department upon the early days of the pandemic. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.06.05.20107011.
- Giannouchos T, Sussman R, Mier JM, Poulas K, Farsalinos K. Characteristics and risk factors for COVID-19 diagnosis and adverse outcomes in Mexico: an analysis of 89,756 laboratory-confirmed COVID-19 cases. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.06.04.20122481.
- Ramlall V, Thangaraj P, Meydan C, et al. Identification of Immune complement function as a determinant of adverse SARS-CoV-2 infection outcome. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.05.05.20092452.
- Wang B, Oekelen OV, Mouhieddine T, et al. A tertiary center experience of multiple myeloma patients with COVID-19: lessons learned and the path forward. medRxiv 2020;: 2020.06.04.20122846.
- Perrone F, Piccirillo MC, Ascierto PA, et al. Tocilizumab for patients with COVID-19 pneumonia. The TOCIVID-19 prospective phase 2 trial. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.06.01.20119149.
- Sharma AK, Ahmed A, Baig VN, et al. Characteristics and Outcomes of Hospitalized Young Adults with Mild to Moderate Covid-19 at a University Hospital in India. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.06.02.20106310.
- Eugen-Olsen J, Altintas I, Tingleff J, et al. Low levels of the prognostic biomarker suPAR are predictive of mild outcome in patients with symptoms of COVID-19 a prospective cohort study. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.05.27.20114678.
- Martinez-Portilla RJ, Sotiriadis A, Torres-Torres J, et al. Risk factors for mortality in pregnant women with SARS-CoV-2 infection. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.05.31.20107276.
- 148 Raisi-Estabragh Z, McCracken C, Bethell MS, et al. Greater risk of severe COVID-19 in Black, Asian and Minority



Ethnic populations is not explained by cardiometabolic, socioeconomic or behavioural factors, or by 25(OH)-vitamin D status: study of 1326 cases from the UK Biobank. J Public Health DOI:10.1093/pubmed/fdaa095.

- Luo H, Liu S, Wang Y, et al. Age differences in clinical features and outcomes in patients with COVID-19, Jiangsu, China: a retrospective, multi-center cohort study. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.06.01.20086025.
- Houlihan CF, Vora N, Byrne T, et al. Pandemic peak SARS-CoV-2 infection and seroconversion rates in London frontline health-care workers. The Lancet 2020; : S0140673620314847.
- 151 Cen Y, Chen X, Shen Y, et al. Risk factors for disease progression in patients with mild to moderate coronavirus disease 2019—a multi-centre observational study. Clin Microbiol Infect 2020; : S1198743X20303414.
- Klang E, Kassim G, Soffer S, Freeman R, Levin MA, Reich DL. Morbid Obesity as an Independent Risk Factor for COVID-19 Mortality in Hospitalized Patients Younger than 50. Obesity; n/a. DOI:10.1002/oby.22913.
- Maraschini A, Corsi E, Salvatore MA, Donati S. Coronavirus and birth in Italy: results of a national population-based cohort study. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.06.11.20128652.
- Wang A-L, Zhong X, Hurd Y. Comorbidity and Sociodemographic determinants in COVID-19 Mortality in an US Urban Healthcare System. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.06.11.20128926.
- McQueenie R, Foster H, Jani BD, et al. Multimorbidity, Polypharmacy, and COVID-19 infection within the UK Biobank cohort. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.06.10.20127563.
- Apea VJ, Wan YI, Dhairyawan R, et al. Ethnicity and outcomes in patients hospitalised with COVID-19 infection in East London: an observational cohort study. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.06.10.20127621.
- Woolford SJ, D'angelo S, Curtis EM, et al. COVID-19 and associations with frailty and multimorbidity: a prospective analysis of UK Biobank participants. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.06.09.20126292.
- Hultcrantz M, Richter J, Rosenbaum C, et al. COVID-19 infections and outcomes in patients with multiple myeloma in New York City: a cohort study from five academic centers. medRxiv 2020;: 2020.06.09.20126516.
- Rajter JC, Sherman M, Fatteh N, Vogel F, Sacks J, Rajter J-J. ICON (Ivermectin in COvid Nineteen) study: Use of Ivermectin is Associated with Lower Mortality in Hospitalized Patients with COVID19. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.06.06.20124461.
- Lan F-Y, Suharlim C, Kales SN, Yang J. Association between SARS-CoV-2 infection, exposure risk and mental health among a cohort of essential retail workers in the United States. medRxiv 2020;: 2020.06.08.20125120.
- Zeng H, Zhang T, He X, et al. Impact of Chronic Comorbidities on Progression and Prognosis in Patients with COVID-19: A Retrospective Cohort Study in 1031 Hospitalized Cases in Wuhan, China. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.06.14.20125997.
- Suleyman G, Fadel RA, Malette KM, et al. Clinical Characteristics and Morbidity Associated With Coronavirus Disease 2019 in a Series of Patients in Metropolitan Detroit. JAMA Netw Open 2020; 3: e2012270–e2012270.
- 163 Chen L, Yu J, He W, et al. Risk factors for death in 1859 subjects with COVID-19. Leukemia 2020; : 1–11.
- Garassino MC, Whisenant JG, Huang L-C, et al. COVID-19 in patients with thoracic malignancies (TERAVOLT): first results of an international, registry-based, cohort study. Lancet Oncol 2020; 21: 914–22.
- Hernández-Garduño E. Obesity is the comorbidity more strongly associated for Covid-19 in Mexico. A case-control study. Obes Res Clin Pract 2020; published online June 12. DOI:10.1016/j.orcp.2020.06.001.



- Govind R, Freitas DF de, Pritchard MR, Hayes RD, MacCabe JH. Clozapine treatment and risk of COVID-19. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.06.17.20133595.
- Sisó-Almirall A, Kostov B, Mas-Heredia M, et al. PROGNOSTIC FACTORS IN SPANISH COVID-19 PATIENTS: A CASE SERIES FROM BARCELONA. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.06.18.20134510.
- 168 Gu T, Mack JA, Salvatore M, et al. COVID-19 outcomes, risk factors and associations by race: a comprehensive analysis using electronic health records data in Michigan Medicine. medRxiv 2020;: 2020.06.16.20133140.
- Kibler M, Carmona A, Marchandot B, et al. Risk and severity of COVID-19 and ABO blood group in transcatheter aortic valve patients. medRxiv 2020;: 2020.06.13.20130211.
- 170 Ikitimur H, Uysal BB, Cengiz M, et al. "Determining Host Factors Contributing to Disease Severity in a Family Cluster of 29 Hospitalized SARS-CoV-2 Patients: Could Genetic Factors Be Relevant in the Clinical Course of COVID-19?". J Med Virol; n/a. DOI:10.1002/jmv.26106.
- Sierpiński R, Pinkas J, Jankowski M, et al. Sex differences in the frequency of gastrointestinal symptoms and olfactory or taste disorders among 1,942 non-hospitalized patients with COVID-19. Pol Arch Intern Med 2020; published online June 3. DOI:10.20452/pamw.15414.
- Zhou Y, He X, Zhang J, et al. Prolonged SARS-CoV-2 Viral Shedding in Patients with COVID-19 was Associated with Delayed Initiation of Arbidol Treatment: a retrospective cohort study. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.06.09.20076646.
- 173 Crovetto F, Crispi F, Llurba E, Figueras F, Gomez-Roig MD, Gratacos E. SEROPREVALENCE AND CLINICAL SPECTRUM OF SARS-CoV-2 INFECTION IN THE FIRST VERSUS THIRD TRIMESTER OF PREGNANCY. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.06.17.20134098.
- 174 Veras FP, Pontelli M, Silva C, et al. SARS-CoV-2 triggered neutrophil extracellular traps (NETs) mediate COVID-19 pathology. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.06.08.20125823.
- Sterlin D, Mathian A, Miyara M, et al. IgA dominates the early neutralizing antibody response to SARS-CoV-2. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.06.10.20126532.
- Rossi B, Nguyen LS, Zimmermann P, et al. Effect of tocilizumab in hospitalized patients with severe pneumonia COVID-19: a cohort study. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.06.06.20122341.
- Duan L, Zhang S, Guo M, et al. Epidemiological and clinical characteristics in patients with SARS-CoV-2 antibody negative probable COVID-19 in Wuhan. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.06.18.20134619.
- Martin-Jimenez P, Munoz-Garcia MI, Seoane D, et al. Cognitive impairment is a common comorbidity in COVID-19 deceased patients. A hospital-based retrospective cohort study. medRxiv 2020;: 2020.06.08.20125872.
- 179 Elezkurtaj S, Greuel S, Ihlow J, et al. Causes of Death and Comorbidities in Patients with COVID-19. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.06.15.20131540.
- Lenka J, Chhabria MS, Sharma N, et al. Clinical characteristics and outcomes of critically ill patients with COVID-19 in a tertiary community hospital in upstate New York. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.06.18.20135046.
- Olivares F, Munoz D, Fica A, et al. Covid-19 in Chile. The experience of a Regional reference Center. Preliminary report. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.06.14.20130898.
- Salton F, Confalonieri P, Santus P, et al. Prolonged low-dose methylprednisolone in patients with severe COVID-19 pneumonia. medRxiv 2020;: 2020.06.17.20134031.



- Wei W, Ortwine JK, Mang NS, Joseph C, Hall BC, Prokesch BC. Limited Role for Antibiotics in COVID-19: Scarce Evidence of Bacterial Coinfection. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.06.16.20133181.
- Zuo Y, Estes SK, Gandhi AA, et al. Prothrombotic antiphospholipid antibodies in COVID-19. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.06.15.20131607.
- Killerby ME. Characteristics Associated with Hospitalization Among Patients with COVID-19 Metropolitan Atlanta, Georgia, March–April 2020. MMWR Morb Mortal Wkly Rep 2020; 69. DOI:10.15585/mmwr.mm6925e1.
- Petrilli CM, Jones SA, Yang J, et al. Factors associated with hospital admission and critical illness among 5279 people with coronavirus disease 2019 in New York City: prospective cohort study. BMJ 2020; 369. DOI:10.1136/bmj.m1966.
- Magagnoli J, Narendran S, Pereira F, et al. Outcomes of Hydroxychloroquine Usage in United States Veterans Hospitalized with COVID-19. Med 2020; : S2666634020300064.
- Bello-Chavolla OY, Bahena-López JP, Antonio-Villa NE, et al. Predicting Mortality Due to SARS-CoV-2: A Mechanistic Score Relating Obesity and Diabetes to COVID-19 Outcomes in Mexico. J Clin Endocrinol Metab 2020; 105. DOI:10.1210/clinem/dgaa346.
- Zuo Y, Zuo M, Yalavarthi S, et al. Neutrophil extracellular traps and thrombosis in COVID-19. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.04.30.20086736.
- 190 Sigel K, Swartz T, Golden E, et al. Covid-19 and People with HIV Infection: Outcomes for Hospitalized Patients in New York City. Clin Infect Dis DOI:10.1093/cid/ciaa880.
- Nguyen AB, Upadhyay GA, Chung B, et al. Outcomes and Cardiovascular Comorbidities in a Predominantly African-American Population with COVID-19. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.06.28.20141929.
- Melo AC de, Thuler LCS, Silva JL da, et al. Cancer inpatient with COVID-19: a report from the Brazilian National Cancer Institute. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.06.27.20141499.
- Auvinen R, Nohynek H, Syrjänen R, et al. Comparison of the clinical characteristics and outcomes of hospitalized adult COVID-19 and influenza patients: a prospective observational study. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.06.29.20140632.
- Souza FSH, Hojo-Souza NS, Santos EB, Silva CM, Guidoni DL. Predicting the disease outcome in COVID-19 positive patients through Machine Learning: a retrospective cohort study with Brazilian data. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.06.26.20140764.
- Mendy A, Apewokin S, Wells AA, Morrow AL. Factors Associated with Hospitalization and Disease Severity in a Racially and Ethnically Diverse Population of COVID-19 Patients. medRxiv 2020;: 2020.06.25.20137323.
- 196 Pongpirul WA, Wiboonchutikul S, Charoenpong L, et al. Clinical course and potential predicting factors of pneumonia of adult patients with coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19): A retrospective observational analysis of 193 confirmed cases in Thailand. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.06.24.20139642.
- 197 Jin C, Gu J, Yuan Y, et al. Treatment of Six COVID-19 Patients with Convalescent Plasma. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.05.21.20109512.
- Favara DM, Cooke A, Doffinger R, et al. First results from the UK COVID-19 Serology in Oncology Staff Study (CSOS). medRxiv 2020; : 2020.06.22.20136838.
- 199 Fisman D, Greer AL, Tuite A. Derivation and Validation of Clinical Prediction Rule for COVID-19 Mortality in



- Ontario, Canada. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.06.21.20136929.
- 200 Madariaga MLL, Guthmiller J, Schrantz S, et al. Clinical predictors of donor antibody titer and correlation with recipient antibody response in a COVID-19 convalescent plasma clinical trial. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.06.21.20132944.
- Senkal N. Chronic ACE Inhibitor use is Associated with Decreased Odds of Severe Disease in Patients with COVID-19. Anatol J Cardiol 2020. DOI:10.14744/Anatol 2020
- Mohamud AY, Griffith B, Rehman M, et al. Intraluminal Carotid Artery Thrombus in COVID-19: Another Danger of Cytokine Storm? Am J Neuroradiol 2020; published online July 2. DOI:10.3174/ajnr.A6674.
- 203 Magleby R, Westblade LF, Trzebucki A, et al. Impact of SARS-CoV-2 Viral Load on Risk of Intubation and Mortality Among Hospitalized Patients with Coronavirus Disease 2019. Clin Infect Dis DOI:10.1093/cid/ciaa851.
- 204 Kimmig LM, Wu D, Gold M, et al. IL6 inhibition in critically ill COVID-19 patients is associated with increased secondary infections. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.05.15.20103531.
- Bello-Chavolla OY, Antonio-Villa NE, Vargas-Vázquez A, Fermín-Martínez CA, Márquez-Salinas A, Bahena-López JP. Profiling pre-symptomatic and asymptomatic cases with confirmed SARS-CoV-2 infection in Mexico City. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.07.02.20145516.
- Zacharioudakis IM, Prasad PJ, Zervou FN, et al. Association of SARS-CoV-2 Genomic Load with COVID-19 Patient Outcomes. medRxiv 2020;: 2020.07.02.20145151.
- Antonio-Villa NE, Bello-Chavolla OY, Vargas-Vazquez A, Fermin-Martinez CA, Marquez-Salinas A, Bahena-Lopez JP. Health-care workers with COVID-19 living in Mexico City: clinical characterization and related outcomes. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.07.02.20145169.
- Patel M, Chowdhury J, Mills N, et al. ROX Index Predicts Intubation in Patients with COVID-19 Pneumonia and Moderate to Severe Hypoxemic Respiratory Failure Receiving High Flow Nasal Therapy. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.06.30.20143867.
- 209 Merzon E, Tworowski D, Gorohovski A, et al. Low plasma 25(OH) vitamin D3 level is associated with increased risk of COVID-19 infection: an Israeli population-based study. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.07.01.20144329.
- 210 Fan X, Yin C, Wang J, et al. Pre-diagnostic circulating concentrations of insulin-like growth factor-1 and risk of COVID-19 mortality: results from UK Biobank. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.07.09.20149369.
- 211 Shi Z, Resurreccion WK, Wang C-H, et al. Association of Cancer with Risk and Mortality of COVID-19: Results from the UK Biobank. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.07.10.20151076.
- 212 Maucourant C, Filipovic I, Ponzetta A, et al. Natural killer cell activation related to clinical outcome of COVID-19. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.07.07.20148478.
- Elmunzer BJ, Spitzer RL, Foster LD, et al. Digestive Manifestations in Patients Hospitalized with COVID-19. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.07.07.20143024.
- Alizadehsani R, Sani ZA, Behjati M, et al. Risk Factors Prediction, Clinical Outcomes, and Mortality of COVID-19 Patients. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.07.07.20148569.
- 215 Xie Y, Chen S, Wang X, et al. Early Diagnosis and Clinical Significance of Acute Cardiac Injury Under the Iceberg: A Retrospective Cohort Study of 619 Non-critically III Hospitalized COVID-19 Pneumonia Patients. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.07.06.20147256.



- Fox TA, Troy-Barnes E, Kirkwood AA, et al. Clinical outcomes and risk factors for severe COVID-19 infection in patients with haematological disorders receiving chemo- or immunotherapy. Br J Haematol; n/a. DOI:10.1111/bjh.17027.
- 217 Martinez-Resendez MF, Castilleja-Leal F, Torres-Quintanilla A, et al. Initial experience in Mexico with convalescent plasma in COVID-19 patients with severe respiratory failure, a retrospective case series. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.07.14.20144469.
- Hoertel N, Rico MS, Vernet R, et al. Observational Study of Haloperidol in Hospitalized Patients with Covid-19. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.07.15.20150490.
- 219 McGrail DE, Edwards D. COVID-19 Case Series at UnityPoint Health St. Lukes Hospital in Cedar Rapids, IA. medRxiv 2020: : 2020.07.17.20156521.
- Pandolfi L, Fossali T, Frangipane V, et al. Broncho-alveolar inflammation in COVID-19 patients: a correlation with clinical outcome. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.07.17.20155978.
- 221 Kazuyoshi Kurashima, Naho Kagiyama, Takashi Ishiguro, et al. IgG antibody seroconversion and the clinical progression of COVID-19 pneumonia: A retrospective, cohort study | medRxiv.

https://doi.org/10.1101/2020.07.16.20154088 (accessed Aug 25, 2020).

- Zhan Z, Yang X, Du H, et al. Early Improvement of Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome in Patients with COVID-19: Insights from the Data of ICU Patients in Chongqing, China. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.07.15.20154047.
- Omrani AS, Almaslamani MA, Daghfal J, et al. The First Consecutive 5000 Patients with Coronavirus Disease 2019 from Qatar; a Nation-wide Cohort Study. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.07.15.20154690.
- Gupta R, Agrawal R, Bukhari Z, et al. Higher Comorbidities and Early Death is Characteristic of Hospitalized African-American Patients with COVID-19. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.07.15.20154906.
- 225 Shi H, Zuo Y, Yalavarthi S, et al. Neutrophil calprotectin identifies severe pulmonary disease in COVID-19. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.05.06.20093070.
- Hussein MH, Toraih EA, Attia AS, et al. Asthma in COVID-19: An extra chain fitting around the neck? medRxiv 2020;: 2020.07.13.20153130.
- Bian H, Zheng Z-H, Wei D, et al. Meplazumab treats COVID-19 pneumonia: an open-labelled, concurrent controlled add-on clinical trial. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.03.21.20040691.
- Eiros R, Barreiro-Perez M, Martin-Garcia A, et al. Pericarditis and myocarditis long after SARS-CoV-2 infection: a cross-sectional descriptive study in health-care workers. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.07.12.20151316.
- Marcos M, Belhassen-Garcia M, Puente AS-, et al. Development of a severity of disease score and classification model by machine learning for hospitalized COVID-19 patients. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.07.13.20150177.
- Hoertel N, Rico MS, Vernet R, et al. Association between SSRI Antidepressant Use and Reduced Risk of Intubation or Death in Hospitalized Patients with Coronavirus Disease 2019: a Multicenter Retrospective Observational Study. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.07.09.20143339.
- Soares R de CM, Mattos LR, Raposo LM. Risk Factors for Hospitalization and Mortality due to COVID-19 in Espírito Santo State, Brazil. 2020; : tpmd200483.
- Zobairy H, Shamsoddin E, Rasouli MA, et al. Association of olfactory dysfunction with hospitalization for COVID-19: a multicenter study in Kurdistan. medRxiv 2020;: 2020.07.26.20158550.



- Altamimi H, Alahmad Y, Khazal F, et al. The Outcome of COVID-19 Patients with Acute Myocardial Infarction. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.07.21.20156349.
- Thompson JV, Meghani N, Powell BM, et al. Patient characteristics and predictors of mortality in 470 adults admitted to a district general hospital in England with Covid-19. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.07.21.20153650.
- Reiter T, Pajenda S, Wagner L, et al. Covid-19 serology in nephrology health care workers. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.07.21.20136218.
- 236 Motta JK, Ogunnaike RO, Shah R, et al. Clinical Outcomes With the Use of Prophylactic Versus Therapeutic Anticoagulation in COVID-19. medRxiv 2020;: 2020.07.20.20147769.
- Santos C, Rhee Y, Hollinger E, et al. Comparative Incidence and Outcomes of COVID-19 in Kidney or Kidney-Pancreas Transplant Recipients Versus Kidney or Kidney-Pancreas Waitlisted Patients: A Pilot Study. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.07.20.20157990.
- Schneeweiss MC, Leonard S, Weckstein A, Schneeweiss S, Rassen J. Renin-Angiotensin-Aldosterone-System inhibitor use in patients with COVID-19 infection and prevention of serious events: a cohort study in commercially insured patients in the US. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.07.22.20159855.
- Concha-Mejia A, Rincon-Sanchez RA. CCOFEE-GI Study: Colombian COVID19 First Experience in Gastroentrology. Characterization of digestive manifestations in patients diagnosed with COVID-19 at a highly complex institution in Bogota D.C., Colombia. medRxiv 2020;: 2020.07.24.20161604.
- lzquierdo JL, Almonacid C, Gonzalez Y, et al. The impact of COVID-19 on patients with asthma. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.07.24.20161596.
- Bernaola N, Mena R, Bernaola A, et al. Observational Study of the Efficiency of Treatments in Patients Hospitalized with Covid-19 in Madrid. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.07.17.20155960.
- Qi D, Yan X, Tang X, et al. Epidemiological and clinical features of 2019-nCoV acute respiratory disease cases in Chongqing municipality, China: a retrospective, descriptive, multiple-center study. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.03.01.20029397.
- Peters EJ, Collard D, Assen S van, et al. Outcomes of Persons With COVID-19 in Hospitals With and Without Standard Treatment With (Hydroxy)chloroquine. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.08.14.20173369.
- Ouyang J, Shan X, Wang X, et al. Clinical characteristics of COVID-19 and the model for predicting the occurrence of critically ill patients: a retrospective cohort study. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.08.13.20173799.
- Valenzuela O, Ibanez SE, Poli M, et al. First report of tocilizumab use in a cohort of Latin American patients hospitalized for severe COVID-19 pneumonia. medRxiv 2020;: 2020.08.12.20173104.
- Monteiro ACC, Suri R, Emeruwa IO, et al. Obesity and Smoking as Risk Factors for Invasive Mechanical Ventilation in COVID-19: a Retrospective, Observational Cohort Study. medRxiv 2020;: 2020.08.12.20173849.
- Philipose Z, Smati N, Wong CSJ, Aspey K, Mendall MA. Obesity, old age and frailty are the true risk factors for COVID-19 mortality and not chronic disease or ethnicity in Croydon. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.08.12.20156257.
- Weerahandi H, Hochman KA, Simon E, et al. Post-discharge health status and symptoms in patients with severe COVID-19. medRxiv 2020;: 2020.08.11.20172742.
- Altibi AM, Bhargava P, Liaqat H, et al. Comparative Clinical Outcomes and Mortality in Prisoner and Non-Prisoner Populations Hospitalized with COVID-19: A Cohort from Michigan. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.08.08.20170787.



- 250 Izzi-Engbeaya C, Distaso W, Amin A, et al. Severe COVID-19 and Diabetes: A Retrospective Cohort Study from Three London Teaching Hospitals. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.08.07.20160275.
- Rizzo S, Chawla D, Zalocusky K, et al. Descriptive epidemiology of 16,780 hospitalized COVID-19 patients in the United States. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.07.17.20156265.
- Dashti HT, Bates D, Fiskio JM, Roche EC, Mora S, Demler O. Clinical Characteristics and Severity of COVID-19 Disease in Patients from Boston Area Hospitals. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.07.27.20163071.
- 253 Morshed MS, Mosabbir AA, Chowdhury P, Ashadullah SM, Hossain MS. Clinical manifestations of patients with Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) attending at hospitals in Bangladesh. medRxiv 2020;: 2020.07.30.20165100.
- Jun T, Nirenberg S, Kovatch P, Huang K. Sex-specificity of mortality risk factors among hospitalized COVID-19 patients in New York City: prospective cohort study. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.07.29.20164640.
- Higuchi T, Nishida T, Iwahashi H, et al. Early Clinical Factors Predicting the Development of Critical Disease in Japanese Patients with COVID-19: A Single-Center Retrospective, Observational Study. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.07.29.20159442.
- Zhou K, Sun Y, Li L, et al. Eleven Routine Clinical Features Predict COVID-19 Severity. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.07.28.20163022.
- Salerno S, Zhao Z, Sankar SP, et al. Understanding the patterns of repeated testing for COVID-19: Association with patient characteristics and outcomes. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.07.26.20162453.
- Kumar A, Prasad G, Srivastav S, Gautam VK, Sharma N. A Retrospective Study on Efficacy and Safety of Guduchi Ghan Vati for Covid-19 Asymptomatic Patients. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.07.23.20160424.
- Hao S-R, Zhang S-Y, Lian J-S, et al. Liver Enzyme Elevation in Coronavirus Disease 2019: A Multicenter, Retrospective, Cross-Sectional Study. Am J Gastroenterol 2020; published online June 1. DOI:10.14309/ajg.000000000000717.
- lversen K, Bundgaard H, Hasselbalch RB, et al. Risk of COVID-19 in health-care workers in Denmark: an observational cohort study. Lancet Infect Dis 2020; 0. DOI:10.1016/S1473-3099(20)30589-2.
- 261 Hippisley-Cox J, Young D, Coupland C, et al. Risk of severe COVID-19 disease with ACE inhibitors and angiotensin receptor blockers: cohort study including 8.3 million people. Heart 2020; : heartjnl-2020-317393.
- Fillmore NR, La J, Szalat RE, et al. Prevalence and outcome of Covid-19 infection in cancer patients: a national VA study. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.08.21.20177923.
- Rashid M, Wu J, Timmis A, et al. Clinical Characteristics and Outcomes of COVID-19 Positive Acute Coronary Syndrome Patients; a multisource Electronic Healthcare Records Study from England. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.08.20.20175091.
- Pan A, Khan O, Meeks J, et al. Disparities in COVID-19 Hospitalizations and Mortality among Black and Hispanic Patients: Cross-Sectional Analysis from the Greater Houston Metropolitan Area. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.08.19.20177956.
- Alkurt G, Murt A, Aydin Z, et al. Seroprevalence of Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) Among Health Care Workers from Three Pandemic Hospitals of Turkey. medRxiv 2020; : 2020.08.19.20178095.
- Zhao Z, Chen A, Hou W, et al. Prediction model and risk scores of ICU admission and mortality in COVID-19. PLOS ONE 2020; 15: e0236618.



- Holman N, Knighton P, Kar P, et al. Risk factors for COVID-19-related mortality in people with type 1 and type 2 diabetes in England: a population-based cohort study. Lancet Diabetes Endocrinol 2020; 0. DOI:10.1016/S2213-8587(20)30271-0.
- Qu J, Chang LK, Tang X, et al. Clinical characteristics of COVID-19 and its comparison with influenza pneumonia. Acta Clin Belg 2020; 0: 1–9.
- Chand S, Kapoor S, Orsi D, et al. COVID-19-Associated Critical Illness—Report of the First 300 Patients Admitted to Intensive Care Units at a New York City Medical Center: J Intensive Care Med 2020; published online Aug 19. DOI:10.1177/0885066620946692.